



Government Gazette

OF THE STATE OF
NEW SOUTH WALES

Number 116
Thursday, 1 December 2011

Published under authority by Government Advertising

SPECIAL SUPPLEMENT

ANIMAL DISEASES (EMERGENCY OUTBREAKS) ACT 1991

Section 28

Importation Order – Abalone

I, THERESE MARGARET WRIGHT, Deputy Chief Veterinary Officer, with the powers the Minister has delegated to me pursuant to section 67 of the Animal Diseases (Emergency Outbreaks) Act 1991 ('the Act') and pursuant to section 28 of the Act on the basis that I reasonably suspect an area outside the State to be infected with the emergency animal disease Abalone viral ganglioneuritis, prohibit the entry or importation into the State of:

- (a) live abalone taken from Tasmanian State waters or originating in Tasmania; and
- (b) fittings used in connection with abalone taken from Tasmanian waters unless such fittings have been cleaned and disinfected to remove traces of any abalone or abalone product.

Definitions

In this Importation Order

“abalone” means fish of the genus *Haliotis*.

“abalone product” has the same meaning as “animal product” in the Act and includes abalone offal, mucus or shells.

“fittings” has the same meaning as in the Act.

“Tasmanian State waters” mean State waters as defined by the Living Marine Resources Management Act 1995 (Tasmania).

This Importation Order remains in force for a period of 30 days commencing on the date it is signed, unless revoked or extended by notice published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

Dated this the 30th day of November 2011.

THERESE MARGARET WRIGHT,
Deputy Chief Veterinary Officer

ANIMAL DISEASES (EMERGENCY OUTBREAKS) ACT 1991

ORDER – Section 6A

Declaration of Emergency Animal Diseases for the Purposes of the
Animal Diseases (Emergency Outbreaks) Act 1991

I, KATRINA ANN HODGKINSON, M.P., the Minister for Primary Industries, pursuant to section 6A of the Animal Diseases (Emergency Outbreaks) Act 1991 (“the Act”):

1. revoke the Order titled “Declaration of emergency animal diseases for the purposes of the Animal Diseases (Emergency Outbreaks) Act 1991” dated 20 April 2011 and published in Government Gazette No. 43 of 3 May 2011 at pages 2739 and 2740, and any order revived as a result of this revocation;
2. revoke the Order titled “Declaration of emergency animal diseases for the purposes of the Animal Diseases (Emergency Outbreaks) Act 1991” dated 10 September 2011 and published in Government Gazette No. 90 of 16 September 2011 at page 5523, and any order revived as a result of this revocation; and
3. declare each animal disease specified in the Schedule to this Order to be an emergency animal disease for the purposes of the Act.

SCHEDULE

Abalone viral ganglioneuritis
 Acariasis Tracheal mite (*Acaraspis woodi*)
 African horse sickness
 Africanised honeybees
 African swine fever
 Anthrax
 Asian honeybee (*Apis cerana*)
 Aujeszky’s disease
 Australian bat lyssavirus
 Avian influenza
 Avian Paramyxovirus
 Bluetongue
 Borna disease
 Bovine tuberculosis due to *Mycobacterium bovis*
 Bovine Virus Diarrhoea Type 2
 Braula fly (*Bee louse, Braula coeca*)
 Brucellosis (*B.abortus, B.melitensis, B.suis, B.canis*)
 Camelpox
 Chagas’ disease (*T.cruzi*)
 Chronic wasting disease of deer
 Classical swine fever
 Contagious agalactia
 Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia
 Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia
 Contagious equine metritis
 Crimean Congo Haemorrhagic Fever
 Devil Facial Tumour Disease
 Dourine
 Dwarf honeybee (*Apis florea*)
 East Coast fever and Mediterranean theileriosis
 Encephalitides (tick borne)
 Enzootic abortion of ewes
 Epizootic haemorrhagic disease (clinical disease)
 Epizootic lymphangitis
 Equine encephalomyelitis (Eastern, Western and Venezuelan)
 Equine encephalosis

Equine herpes – virus 1 (neurological strain)
Equine influenza
Equine piroplasmiasis (*Babesia equi*, *Babesia Caballi*, *Theileria equi*)
Feline spongiform encephalopathy
Fowl Typhoid (*Salmonella gallinarum*)
Getah virus infection
Giant honeybee (*Apis dorsata*)
Glanders
Goat pox
Haemorrhagic septicaemia
Heartwater
Hendra virus infection
Infectious bursal disease (hypervirulent and exotic antigenic variant forms)
Japanese encephalitis
Jembrana disease
Leishmaniasis of any species
Lumpy skin disease
Maedi-visna
Malignant catarrhal fever (wildebeest associated)
Menangle virus infection
Nairobi sheep disease
Newcastle disease
Nipah virus infection
Peste des petits ruminants
Porcine enterovirus encephalomyelitis (Teschen)
Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome
Post-weaning multi-systemic wasting syndrome
Potomac fever
Pulmonary adenomatosis (Jaagsiekte)
Rift Valley fever
Rinderpest
Salmonellosis (*S.abortus-equi*)
Salmonellosis (*S.abortus-ovis*)
Scrapie
Screw-worm fly- New World (*Cochliomyia hominivorax*)
Screw-worm fly- Old World (*Cochliomyia bezziana*)
Sheep pox
Sheep scab
Surra (*Trypanosoma evansi*)
Swine influenza
Swine vesicular disease
Transmissible gastroenteritis
Transmissible spongiform encephalopathies
Trichinellosis
Tropilaelaps mite (*Tropilaelaps clareae*)
Trypanosomiasis (tsetse fly associated)
Tularaemia
Turkey rhinotracheitis (avian metapneumovirus)
Varroasis (*Varroa destructor*)
Varroasis (*Varroa jacobsoni*)
Vesicular exanthema

Vesicular stomatitis
Virulent porcine circovirus
Warble-fly myiasis
Wesselsbron disease
West Nile virus infection

Note: Section 6A of the Act provides that “bovine spongiform encephalopathy”, “foot and mouth disease” and “rabies” are also emergency animal diseases for the purposes of the Act.

Dated this 30th day of November 2011.

KATRINA ANN HODGKINSON, M.P.,
Minister for Primary Industries