



Government Gazette

OF THE STATE OF
NEW SOUTH WALES

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LEGISLATION

Online notification of the making of statutory instruments

Week beginning 7 March 2011

THE following instruments were officially notified on the NSW legislation website (www.legislation.nsw.gov.au) on the dates indicated:

Regulations and other statutory instruments

Uniform Civil Procedure Rules (Amendment No 42) 2011 (2011-179) — published LW 11 March 2011

Environmental Planning Instruments

Dungog Local Environmental Plan 2006 (Amendment No 14) (2011-180) — published LW 11 March 2011

Manly Local Environmental Plan 1988 (Amendment No 81) (2011-181) — published LW 11 March 2011

OFFICIAL NOTICES

Department of Industry and Investment

FISHERIES MANAGEMENT ACT 1994

Section 8 Notification – Fishing Closure

Commercial Fishing Minimum Size Limit for Pipsis

I, BILL TALBOT, Acting Principal Director, Fisheries & Compliance, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries and the Director-General of the Department of Industry and Investment pursuant to sections 227 and 228 of the Fisheries Management Act 1994 (“the Act”), and pursuant to section 8 of the Act do by this notification, prohibit the taking of pipsis (*Donax deltoides*), by holders of a hand gathering endorsement in the Estuary General Fishery, by the method of hand picking, in all waters, except when the overall length of the pipi is 4cm or greater (measured along its longest axis).

In this fishing closure:

Hand gathering endorsement has the same meaning as in clause 6 of the Fisheries Management (Estuary General Share Management Plan) Regulation 2006.

Estuary General Fishery means the share management fishery of that name, as described in Schedule 1 to the Act.

The provisions of this fishing closure in respect of hand gathering endorsement holders in the Estuary General Fishery have effect despite any provisions in the Fisheries Management (Estuary General Share Management Plan) Regulation 2006.

This fishing closure is effective from the date of publication of this notification for a period of five (5) years unless sooner amended or revoked.

Dated this 14th day of March 2011.

BILL TALBOT,
Acting Principal Director, Fisheries & Compliance,
Department of Industry and Investment

FISHERIES MANAGEMENT ACT 1994

Section 8 Notification – Fishing Closure

Pipsis

I, BILL TALBOT, Acting Principal Director, Fisheries & Compliance, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries and the Director-General of the Department of Industry and Investment pursuant to sections 227 and 228 of the Fisheries Management Act 1994 (“the Act”), and pursuant to section 8 of the Act do by this notification, prohibit the taking of pipsis (*Donax deltoides*), by holders of a hand gathering endorsement in the Estuary General Fishery, by the method of hand picking, in all waters.

In this fishing closure:

Hand gathering endorsement has the same meaning as in clause 6 of the Fisheries Management (Estuary General Share Management Plan) Regulation 2006.

Estuary General Fishery means the share management fishery of that name, as described in Schedule 1 to the Act.

The provisions of this fishing closure in respect of hand gathering endorsement holders in the Estuary General Fishery have effect despite any provisions in the Fisheries Management (Estuary General Share Management Plan) Regulation 2006.

This fishing closure is effective from the date of publication of this notification and remains in effect until 1 June 2011 unless sooner amended or revoked.

Dated this 14th day of March 2011.

BILL TALBOT,
Acting Principal Director, Fisheries & Compliance,
Department of Industry and Investment

PLANT DISEASES ACT 1924

Revocation of Proclamations

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of sections 3 (2) and 4 of the Act hereby revoke the proclamations described below in the Schedule and any other proclamation revived as a result of this revocation.

SCHEDULE

<i>Order</i>	<i>Edition of NSW Government Gazette and publication date</i>	<i>Page numbers</i>
P209	No. 38 of 12 March 2010	1219-1223
P211	No. 74 of 11 June 2010	2363-2367

Dated this day of 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

PLANT DISEASES ACT 1924

Appointment of Inspectors

I, ANDREW COLIN SANGER, Director Agricultural Compliance of the Department of Industry and Investment, pursuant to section 11 (1) of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”) and with the delegated authority of the Director-General of the Department of Industry and Investment pursuant to section 28C of the Act hereby appoint Denis James ASHTON, Peter Leslie HEASLIP and Samuel James HILLS as inspectors for the purposes of the Act.

Dated this 14th day of March 2011.

A. C. SANGER,
Director, Agricultural Compliance,
Department of Industry and Investment

RURAL ASSISTANCE ACT 1989

Appointment of Acting Chief Executive
NSW Rural Assistance

I, STEVE WHAN, M.P., Minister for Primary Industries, pursuant to Clause 3 of Schedule 2 to the Rural Assistance Act 1989 appoint Mr Stephen GRIFFITH as Acting Chief Executive of the New South Wales Rural Assistance Authority from 4 March to 18 March 2011 inclusive.

Dated this 4th day of March 2011.

STEVE WHAN, M.P.,
Minister for Primary Industries

STOCK DISEASES ACT 1923

Authorisation of Inspector to Issue Penalty Notices

I, ANDREW COLIN SANGER, Director, Agricultural Compliance, with the delegated authority of the Director-General of the Department of Industry and Investment pursuant to section 22C of the Stock Diseases Act 1923 ("the Act") and pursuant to section 200 (3) of the Act authorise Matthew TAYLOR, an inspector under the Act to exercise the power conferred by section 200 (2) of the Act to serve a penalty notice on a person if it appears to the inspector that the person has committed an offence against the Act or the regulations made under the Act being an offence that is prescribed by the regulations made under the Act for the purposes of section 200 of the Act.

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

A. C. SANGER,
Director, Agricultural Compliance,
Department of Industry and Investment

MINERAL RESOURCES

NOTICE is given that the following applications have been received:

EXPLORATION LICENCE APPLICATIONS

(T11-0074)

No. 4195, PLANET MINERALS LTD (ACN 121 023 514), area of 24 units, for Group 1, dated 9 March 2011. (Inverell Mining Division).

(T11-0075)

No. 4196, QUATTRO PTY LTD (ACN 141461994), area of 24 units, for Group 1, dated 10 March 2011. (Inverell Mining Division).

(T11-0076)

No. 4197, PLATSEARCH NL (ACN 003 254 395), area of 20 units, for Group 1, dated 14 March 2011. (Broken Hill Mining Division).

(T11-0077)

No. 4198, DOUGLAS FLINN, area of 35 units, for Group 1, dated 14 March 2011. (Inverell Mining Division).

(T11-0078)

No. 4199, SILVER CITY MINERALS LIMITED (ACN 130 933 309), area of 46 units, for Group 1, dated 15 March 2011. (Broken Hill Mining Division).

(T11-0079)

No. 4200, ARK MINES LIMITED (ACN 123 668 717), area of 99 units, for Group 1, dated 15 March 2011. (Cobar Mining Division).

(T11-0081)

No. 4202, GOLD AND COPPER RESOURCES PTY LIMITED (ACN 124 534 863), area of 46 units, for Group 1, dated 16 March 2011. (Orange Mining Division).

(T11-0082)

No. 4203, PLATSEARCH NL (ACN 003 254 395), area of 91 units, for Group 1, dated 16 March 2011. (Cobar Mining Division).

MINING LEASE APPLICATION

(T11-0002)

No. 398, COAL & ALLIED OPERATIONS PTY LTD (ACN 000 023 656), area of about 28 hectares, for the purpose of all purposes, dated 4 March 2011. (Singleton Mining Division).

STEVE WHAN, M.P.,
Minister for Primary Industries

NOTICE is given that the following applications have been granted:

EXPLORATION LICENCE APPLICATIONS

(T10-0121)

No. 3990, now Exploration Licence No. 7713, OAKLAND RESOURCES PTY LTD (ACN 137 606 476), County of Wellington, Map Sheet (8731), area of 13 units, for Group 1, dated 23 February 2011, for a term until 23 February 2013.

(T10-0179)

No. 4047, now Exploration Licence No. 7717, GEOCENTRIC EXPLORATION PTY LTD (ACN 097 559 067), Counties of Clarendon and Harden, Map Sheet (8527, 8528), area of 34 units, for Group 1, dated 4 March 2011, for a term until 4 March 2013.

(T10-0187)

No. 4055, now Exploration Licence No. 7718, GEOCENTRIC EXPLORATION PTY LTD (ACN 097 559 067), County of Wynyard, Map Sheet (8527), area of 28 units, for Group 1, dated 4 March 2011, for a term until 4 March 2013.

(T10-0232)

No. 4095, now Exploration Licence No. 7715, GOLDSKY PTY LTD (ACN 143 506 610), County of Kennedy, Map Sheet (8332), area of 13 units, for Group 1, dated 25 February 2011, for a term until 25 February 2013.

STEVE WHAN, M.P.,
Minister for Primary Industries

NOTICE is given that the following applications for renewal have been received:

(05-0682)

Exploration Licence No. 5939, CAPITAL MINING LIMITED (ACN 104 551 171), area of 12 units. Application for renewal received 10 March 2011.

(04-0622)

Exploration Licence No. 6392, STANNUM PTY LTD (ACN 121 771 695), area of 33 units. Application for renewal received 9 March 2011.

(05-0154)

Exploration Licence No. 6526, NORTHERN ENERGY CORPORATION LIMITED (ACN 081 244 395) AND RENISON COAL PTY LTD (ACN 100 163 942), area of 1771 hectares. Application for renewal received 11 March 2011.

(06-4104)

Exploration Licence No. 6738, AUSTRALIAN GEMSTONE RESOURCES PTY LTD (ACN 121 034 811), area of 136 units. Application for renewal received 11 March 2011.

(T08-0241)

Exploration Licence No. 7323, GOLDEN CROSS OPERATIONS PTY. LTD. (ACN 050 212 827), area of 49 units. Application for renewal received 10 March 2011.

(T92-0614)

Consolidated Mining Lease No. 8 (Act 1992), PEAK GOLD MINES PTY LTD (ACN 001 533 777), area of 1250 hectares. Application for renewal received 15 March 2011.

(T96-0149)

Mining Purposes Lease No. 854 (Act 1906), PEAK GOLD MINES PTY LTD (ACN 001 533 777), area of 3.946 hectares. Application for renewal received 15 March 2011.

STEVE WHAN, M.P.,
Minister for Primary Industries

RENEWAL OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES

NOTICE is given that the following authorities have been renewed:

(08-6464)

Exploration Licence No. 4022, ALKANE RESOURCES LTD (ACN 000 689 216), County of Lincoln, Map Sheet (8633, 8733), area of 17 units, for a further term until 13 August 2012. Renewal effective on and from 11 March 2011.

(10-4882)

Exploration Licence No. 4848, ROBERT PATRICK HEWETT, County of Hawes, Map Sheet (9234), area of 1 units, for a further term until 18 August 2013. Renewal effective on and from 8 March 2011.

(T02-0450)

Exploration Licence No. 6080, RAPTOR MINERALS LIMITED (ACN 101 168 343), Counties of Kennedy and Narromine, Map Sheet (8532), area of 24 units, for a further term until 15 May 2011. Renewal effective on and from 9 February 2011.

(T04-0051)

Exploration Licence No. 6321, COMET RESOURCES LIMITED (ACN 060 628 202), County of Dowling, Map Sheet (8131), area of 20 units, for a further term until 18 October 2012. Renewal effective on and from 14 March 2011.

(06-0214)

Exploration Licence No. 6653, SOUTHERN GOLD LIMITED (ACN 107 424 519), County of Ashburnham, Map Sheet (8531), area of 95 units, for a further term until 19 October 2012. Renewal effective on and from 14 March 2011.

(06-0219)

Exploration Licence No. 6657, COMET RESOURCES LIMITED (ACN 060 628 202), County of Dowling, Map Sheet (8131), area of 10 units, for a further term until 31 October 2012. Renewal effective on and from 14 March 2011.

(10-4881)

Exploration (Prospecting) Licence No. 1094, ROBERT PATRICK HEWETT, County of Hawes, Map Sheet (9234), area of 2 units, for a further term until 18 August 2012. Renewal effective on and from 8 March 2011.

(T88-0271)

Mining Lease No. 1173 (Act 1973), DAVID CHARLES THOMPSON AND WAYNE JOHN CROWE, Parish of Waterbeach, County of Roxburgh, Map Sheet (8831-4-N), area of 13.5 hectares, for a further term until 13 August 2020. Renewal effective on and from 24 January 2011.

STEVE WHAN, M.P.,
Minister for Primary Industries

REFUSAL OF APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL

NOTICE is given that the application for renewal in respect of the following authority has been refused:

(T03-0884)

Exploration Licence No. 6547, STEINER HOLDINGS PTY LTD (ACN 009 461 223), Counties of Tara and Windeyer, Map Sheet (7130, 7131, 7132), area of 509 units. The authority ceased to have effect on 10 February 2011.

STEVE WHAN, M.P.,
Minister for Primary Industries

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, FINLEY NTN 4825) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1. Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Finley NTN 4825) Order 2011.

2. Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3. Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.645817 South and 145.5721 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.645817 South and 145.5721 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Finley NTN 4825 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-324

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, STURT HWY, ABBOTS TANK) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1. Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Sturt Hwy, Abbots Tank) Order 2011.

2. Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3. Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4. Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

- (i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;
- (ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

- (i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and
- (ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and
- (iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

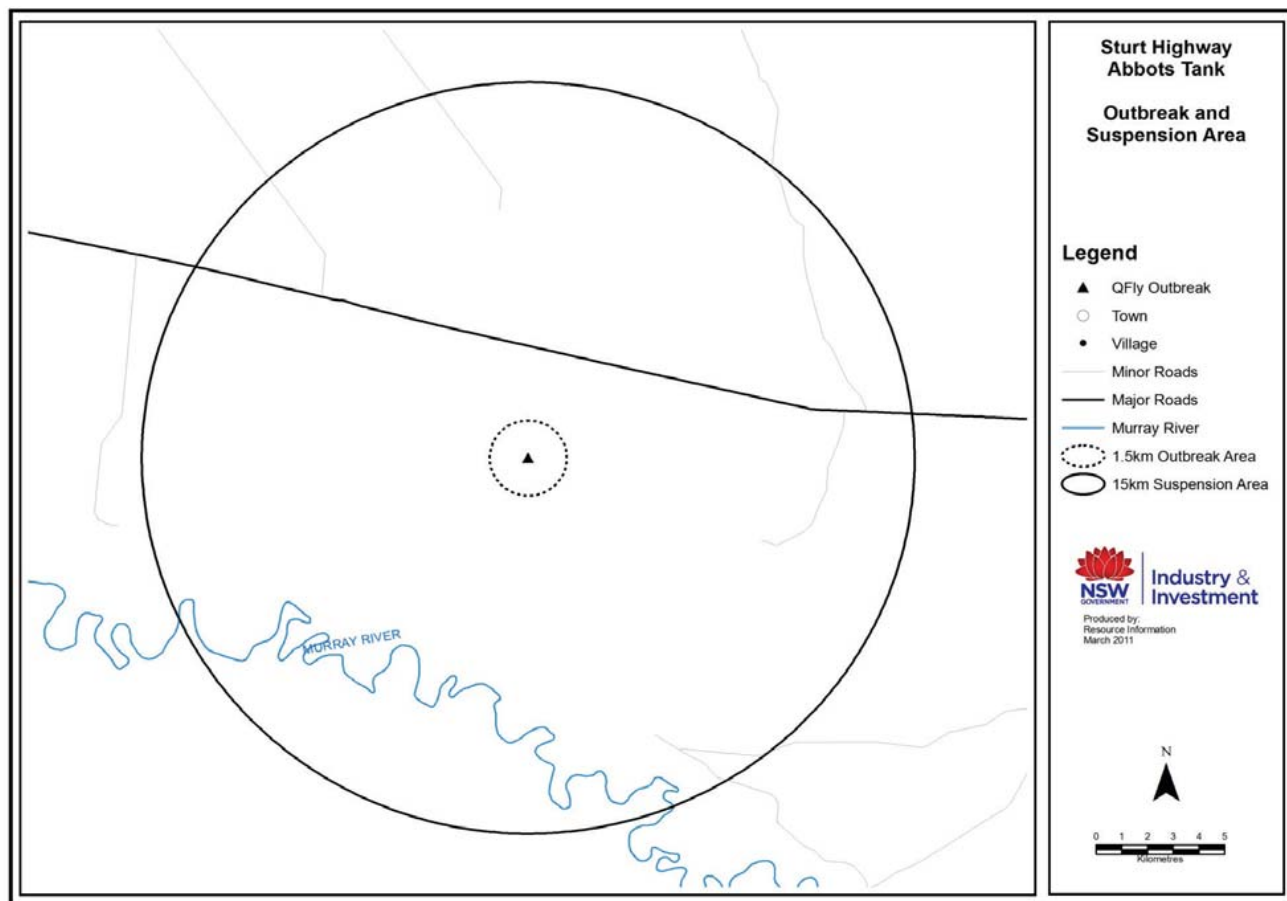
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.631514 South and 143.216435 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.631514 South and 143.216435 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Sturt Hwy, Abbots Tank Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-323

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, MOULAMEIN NTN 4927) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1. Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Moulamein NTN 4927) Order 2011.

2. Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3. Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.0808 South and 143.914583 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.0808 South and 143.914583 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Moulamein NTN 4927 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-326

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, MOULAMEIN NTN 4701) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1. Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Moulamein NTN 4701) Order 2011.

2. Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3. Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.0924 South and 144.036733 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.0924 South and 144.036733 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Moulamein NTN 4701 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-325

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, KAMARAH NTN 2613) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1. Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Kamarah NTN 2613) Order 2011.

2. Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3. Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

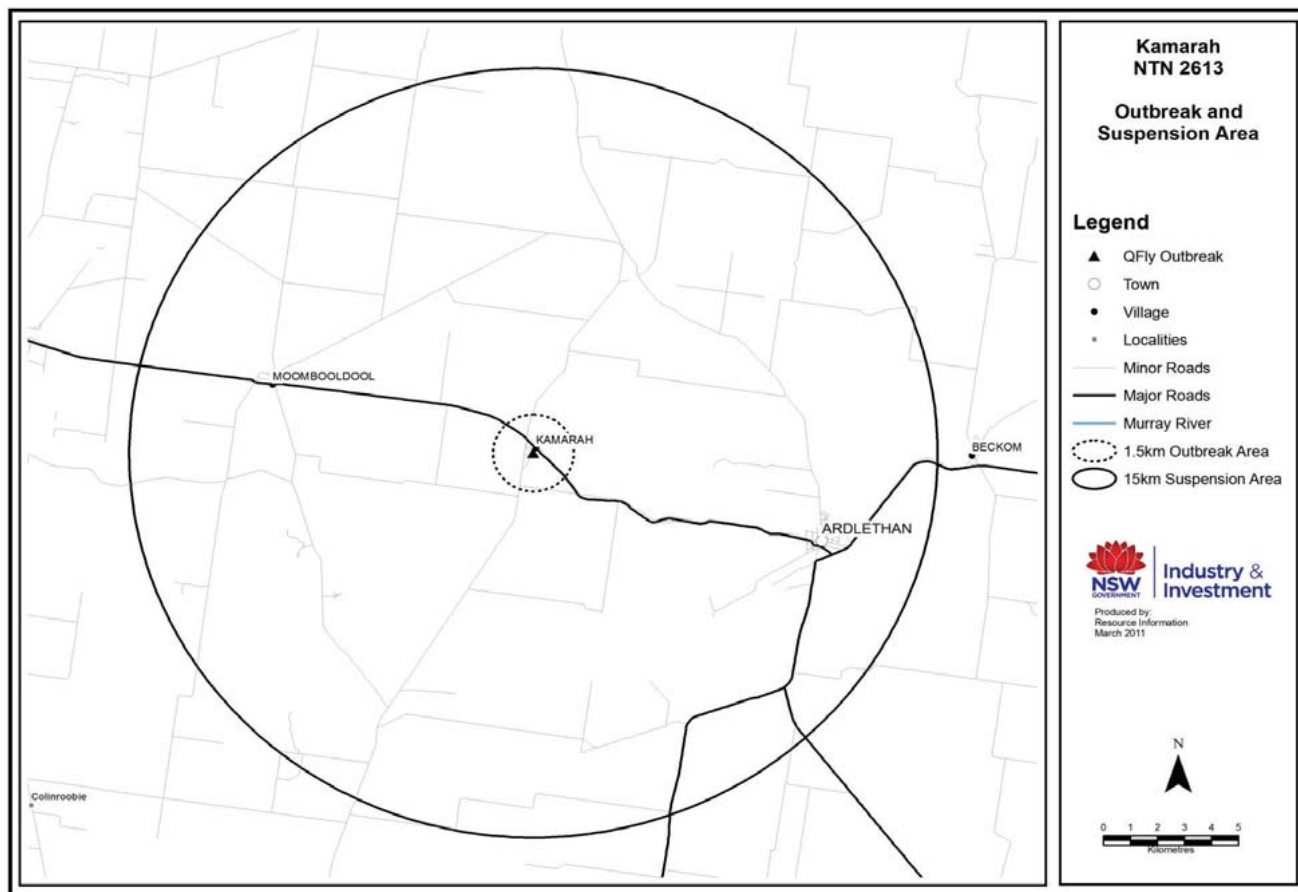
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.326117 South and 146.783033 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.326117 South and 146.783033 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Kamarah NTN 2613 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm, so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-328

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, NERICON NTN 2783) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Nericon NTN 2783) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.180733 South and 146.056833 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.180733 South and 146.056833 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Nericon NTN 2783 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-327

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, WHITTON NTN 2443) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Whitton NTN 2443) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santal
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.5152 South and 146.1842 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.5152 South and 146.1842 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Whitton NTN 2443 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-259

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, HILLSTON NTN 2338) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Hillston NTN 2338) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

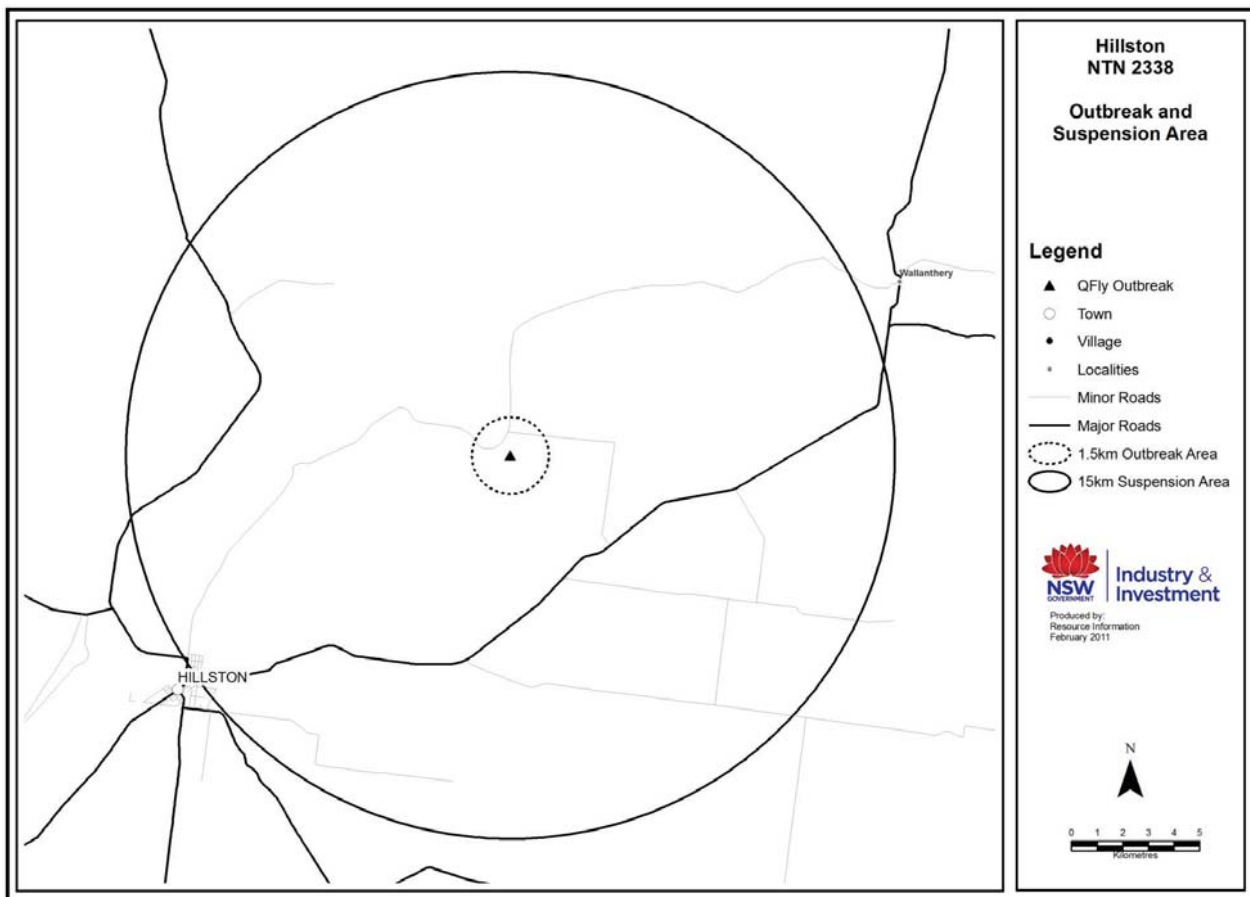
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -33.404533 South and 145.67225 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -33.404533 South and 145.67225 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Hillston NTN 2338 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-231

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, BERRY STREET, MOAMA) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Berry Street, Moama) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

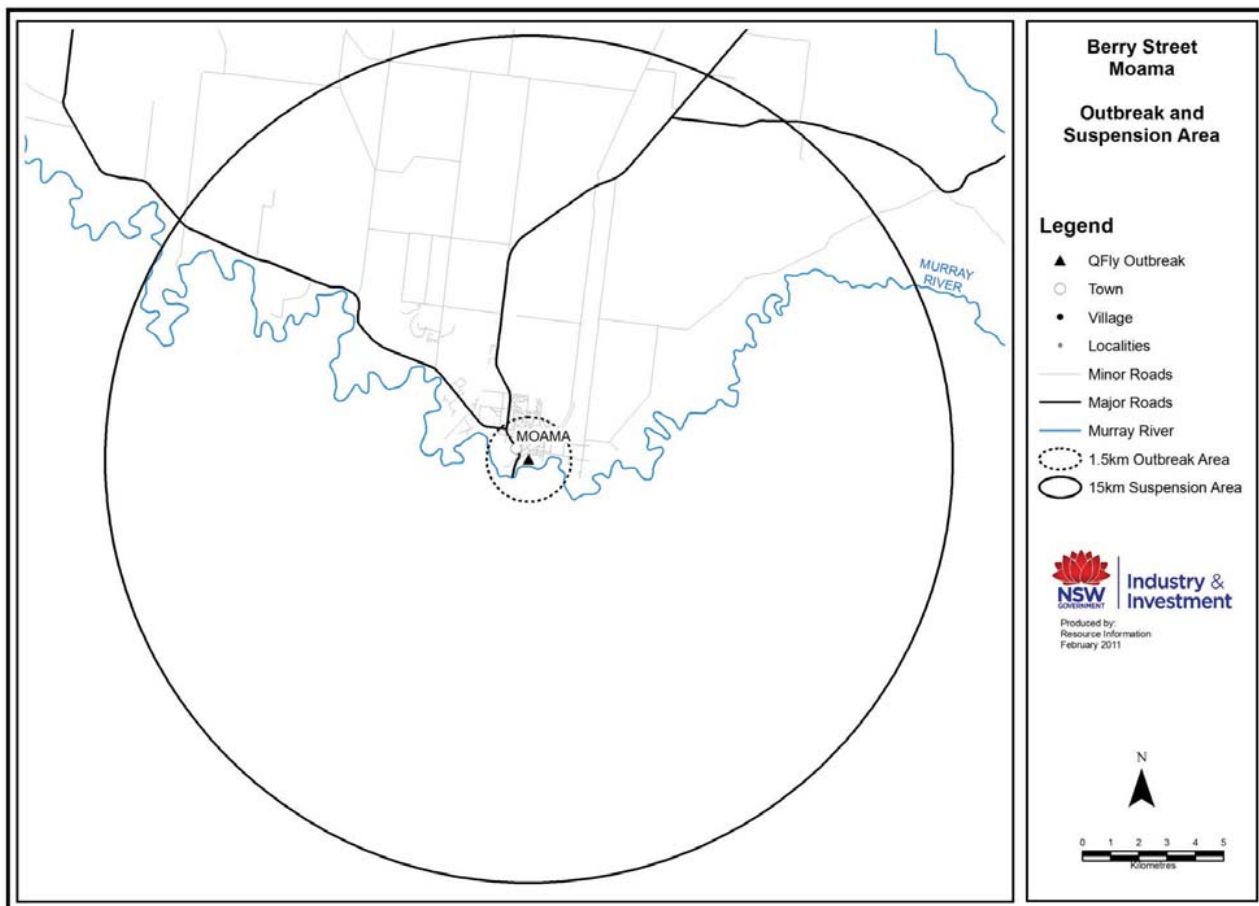
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -36.11612 South and 144.76033 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -36.11612 South and 144.76033 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Berry Street, Moama Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm, so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-305

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, DARLINGTON POINT NTN 2582) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Darlington Point NTN 2582) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

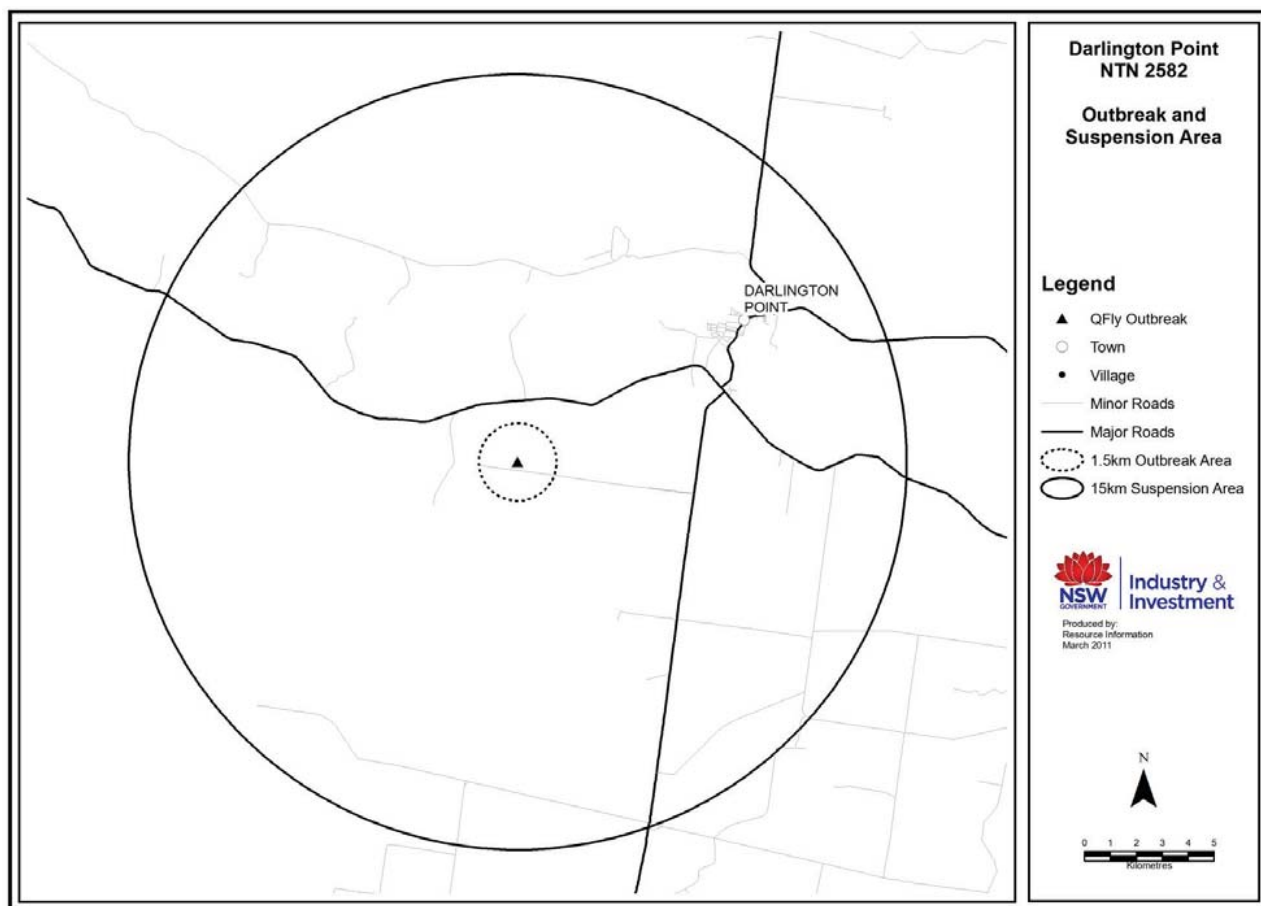
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.6169 South and 145.903767 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.6169 South and 145.903767 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Darlington Point NTN 2582 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-304

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, SEPPHELTS ROAD, BAROOGA EAST) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Sepphelts Road, Barooga East) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

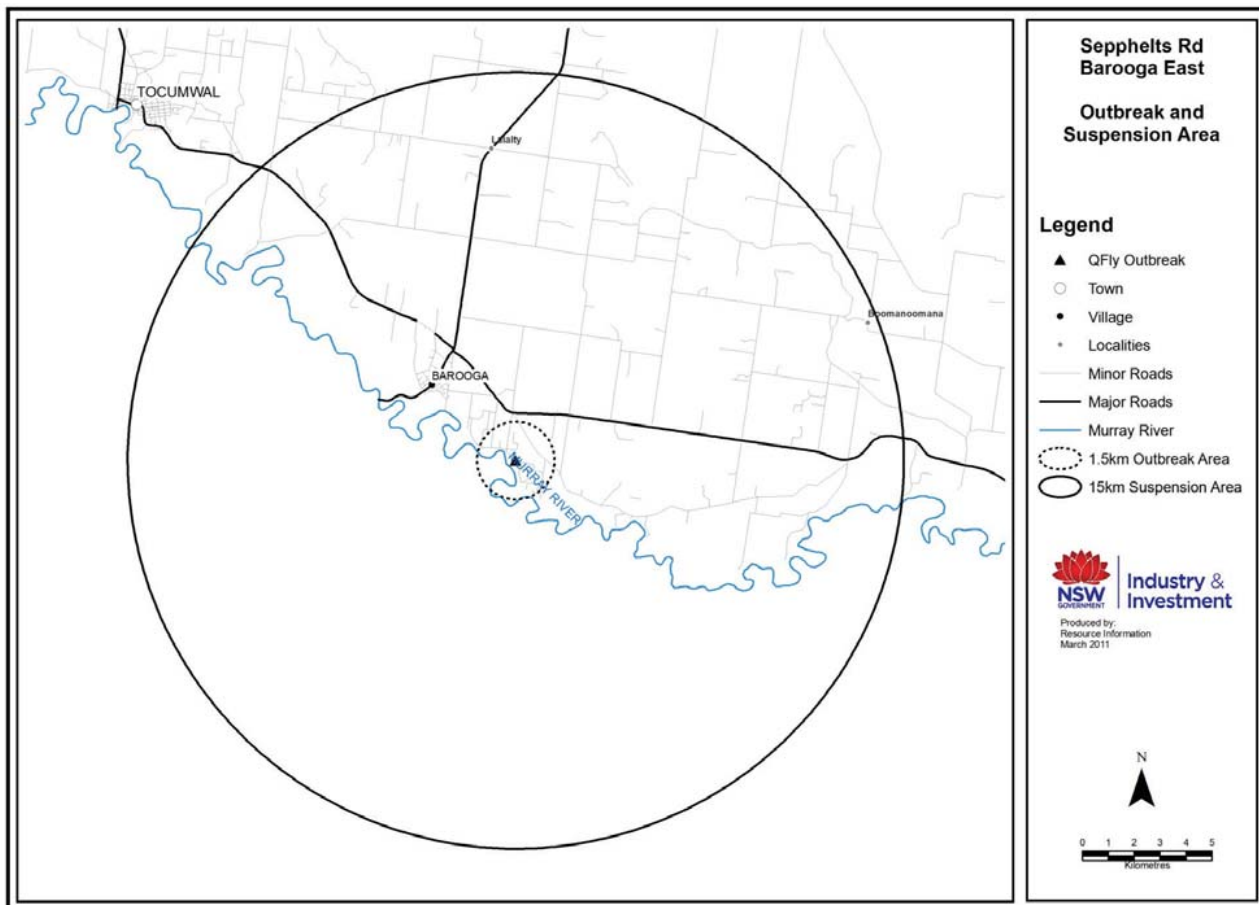
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.93781 South and 145.7274 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.93781 South and 145.7274 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Sepphelts Road, Barooga East Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-307

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, RANKINS SPRINGS NTN 2113) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Rankins Springs NTN 2113) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

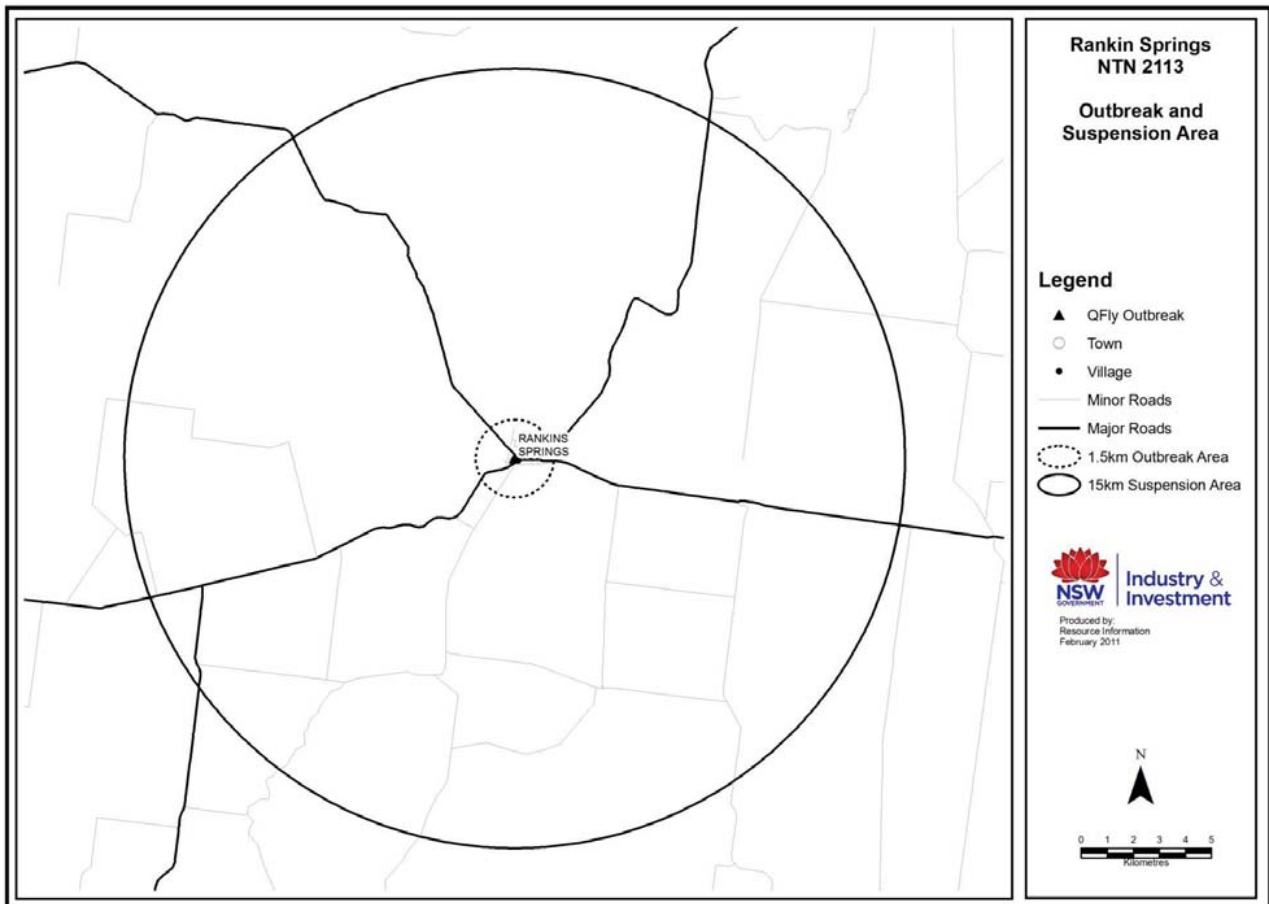
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -33.84075 South and 146.260567 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -33.84075 South and 146.260567 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Rankins Springs NTN 2113 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-306

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, YENDA NTN 2155) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Yenda NTN 2155) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

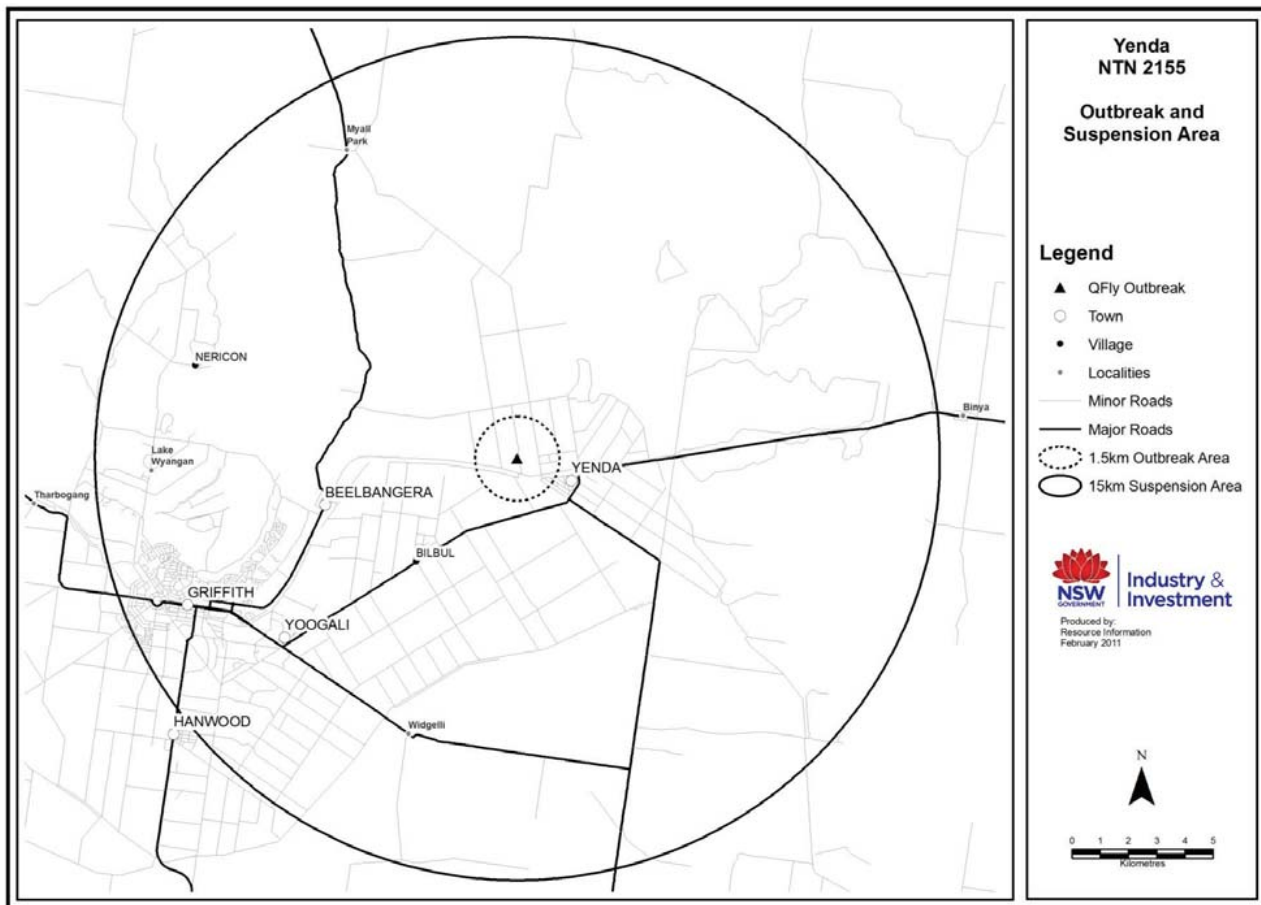
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.24195 South and 146.174783 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.24195 South and 146.174783 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Yenda NTN 2155 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-309

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, THARBOGANG NTN 2270) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Tharboogang NTN 2270) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.22155 South and 145.958367 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.22155 South and 145.958367 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Tharbogang NTN 2270 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit

Host fruit that has received an approved treatment

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;
 or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-308

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, RICE STREET, BARMAH) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Rice Street, Barmah) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

- (i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;
- (ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

- (i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and
- (ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and
- (iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

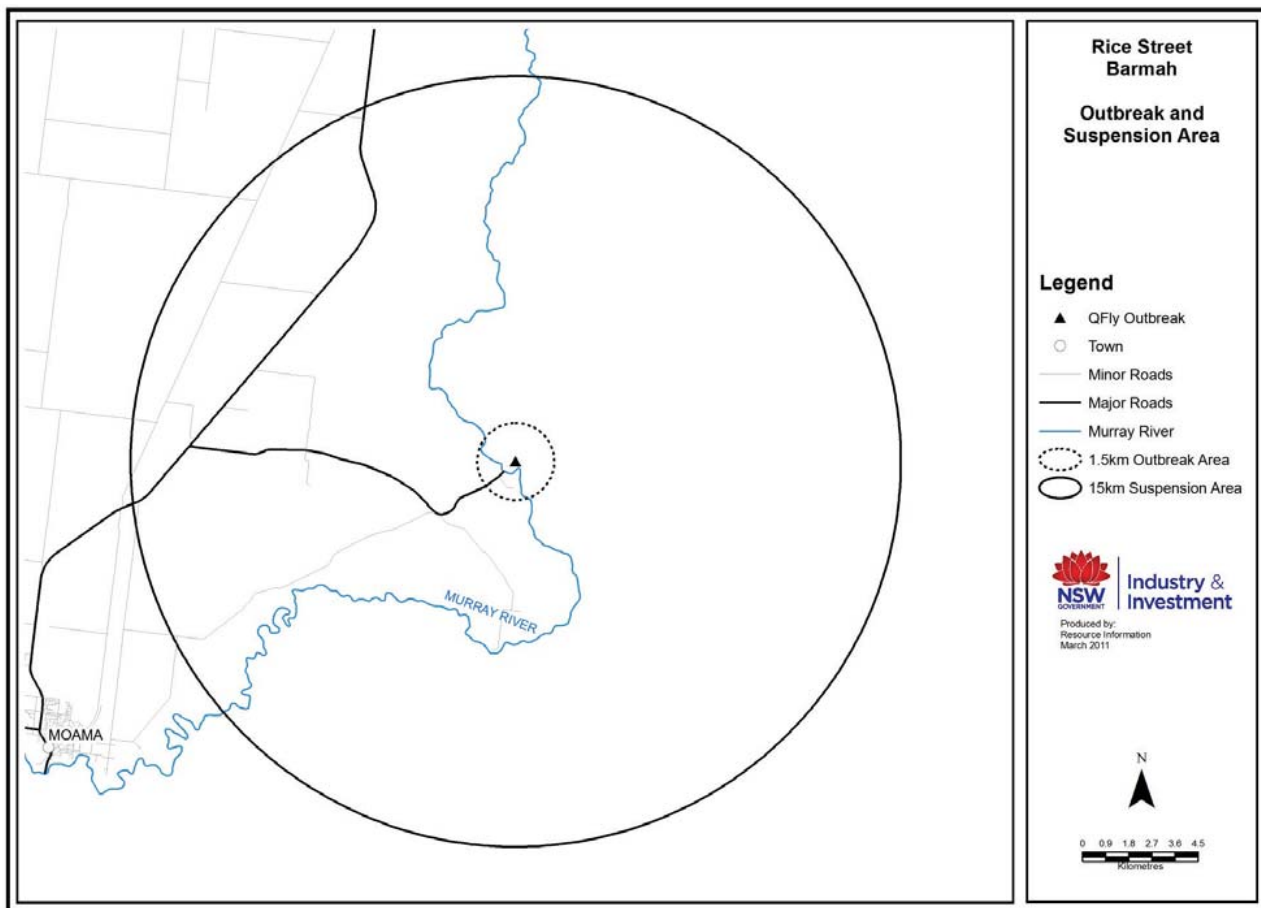
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -36.01589 South and 144.96014 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -36.01589 South and 144.96014 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Rice Street, Barmah Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-311

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, KULKYNE WAY, KARADOC) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Kulkyne Way, Karadoc) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

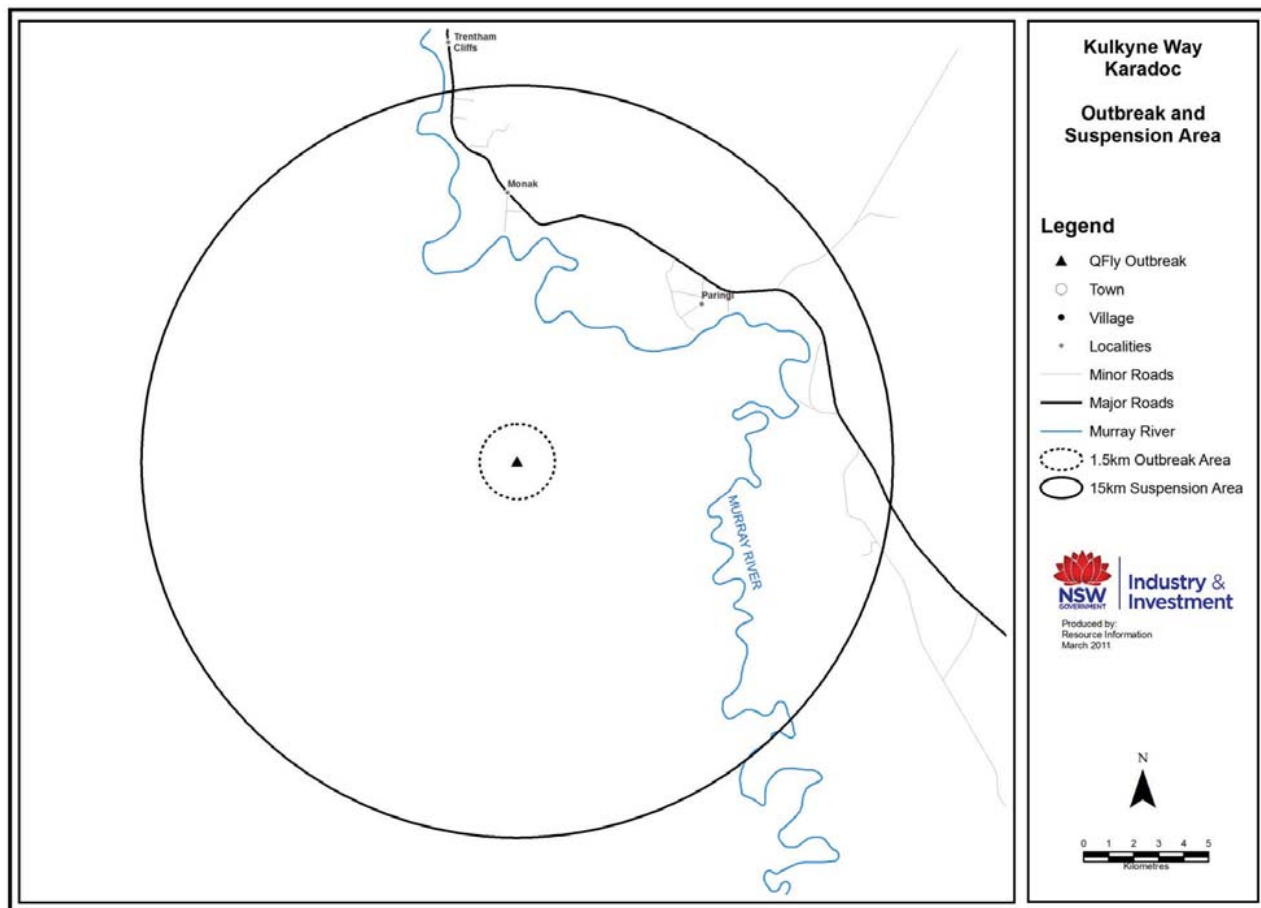
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santal
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.37577 South and 142.26954 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.37577 South and 142.26954 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Kulkyne Way, Karadoc Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-310

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, PAYNTERS SIDING NTN 2550) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Paynters Siding NTN 2550) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

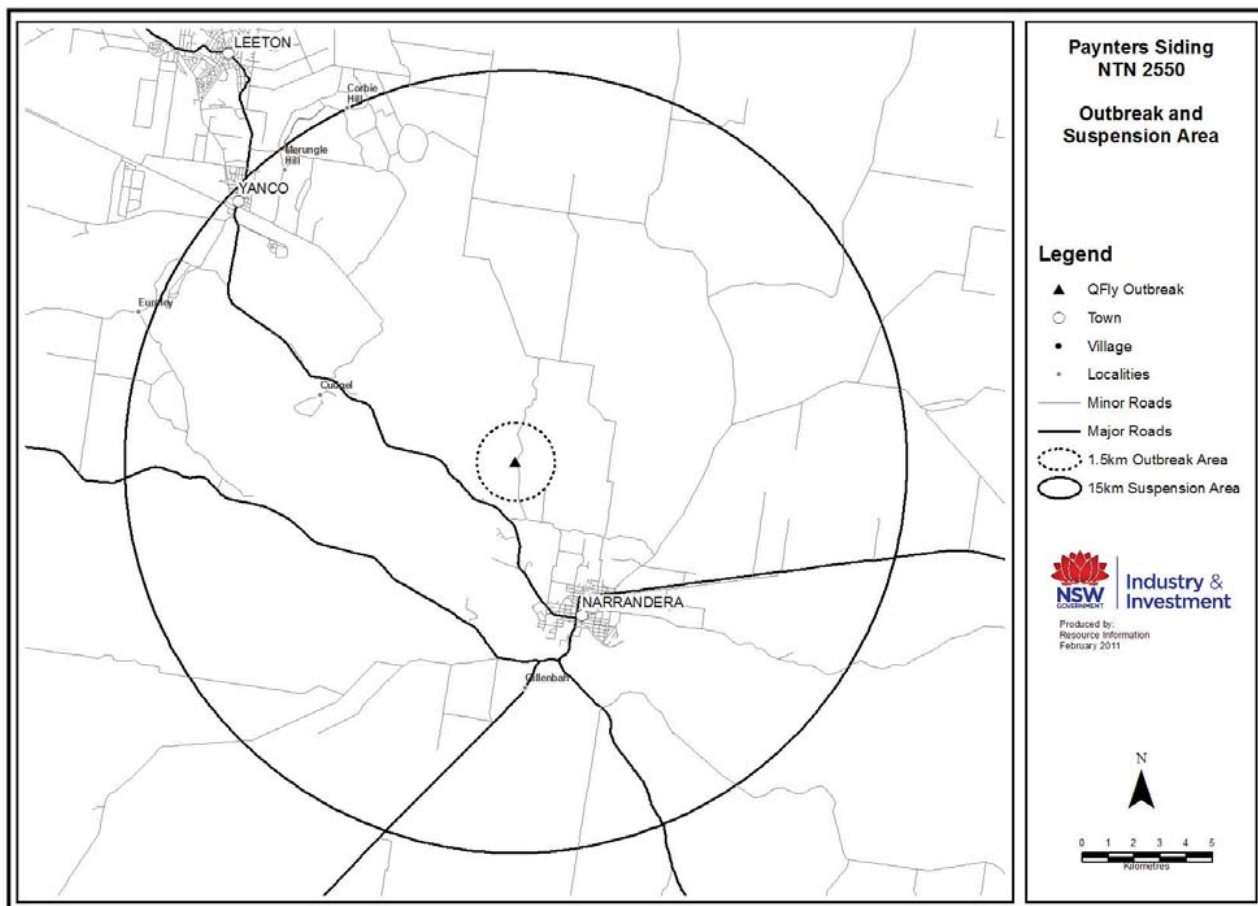
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.69385 South and 146.5254 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.69385 South and 146.5254 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Paynters Siding NTN 2550 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-313

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, ROBINVALE ROAD, WEMEN) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Robinvale Road, Wemen) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

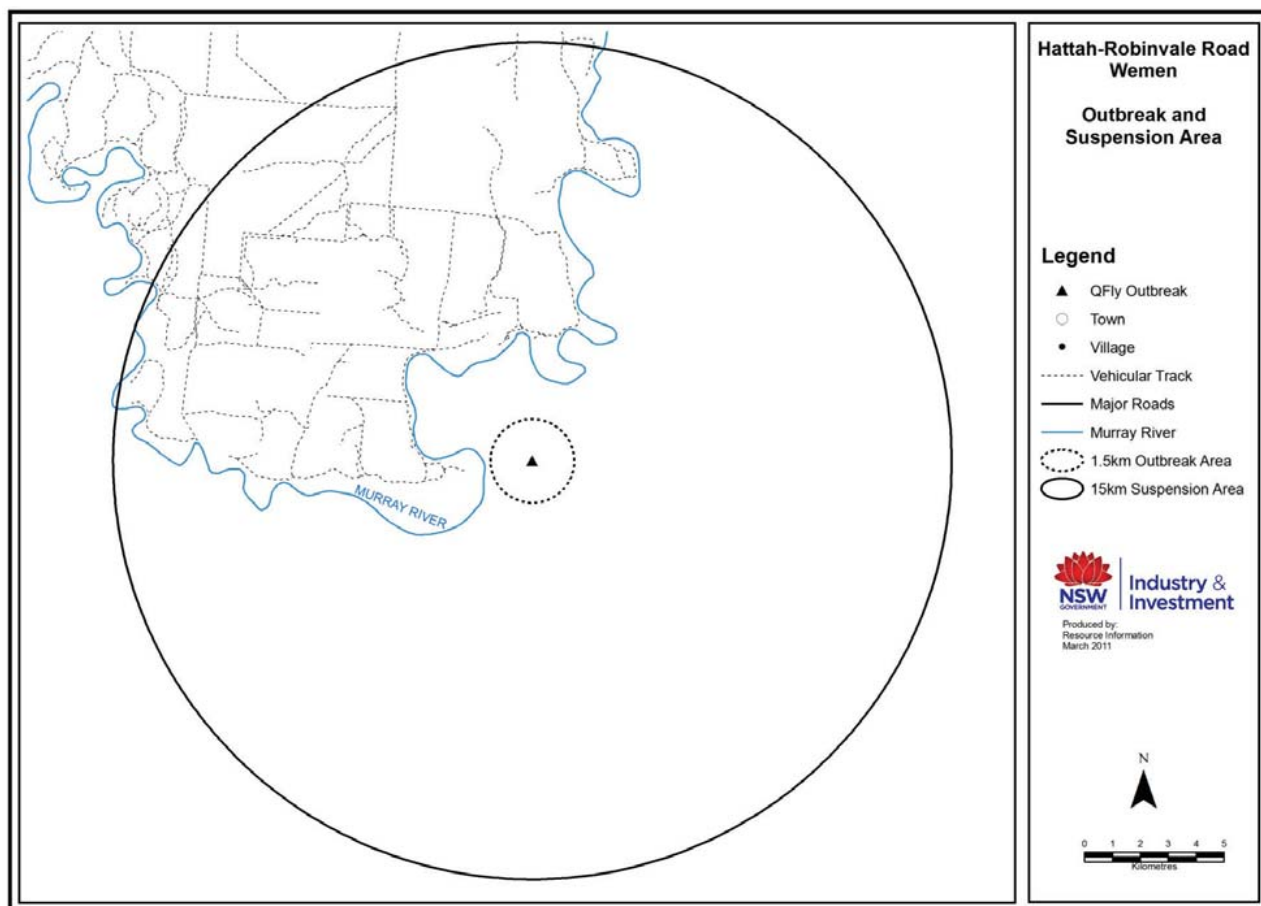
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.76306 South and 142.6636 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.76306 South and 142.6636 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Robinvale Road, Wemen Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-312

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, HANWOOD NTN 2188) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Hanwood NTN 2188) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

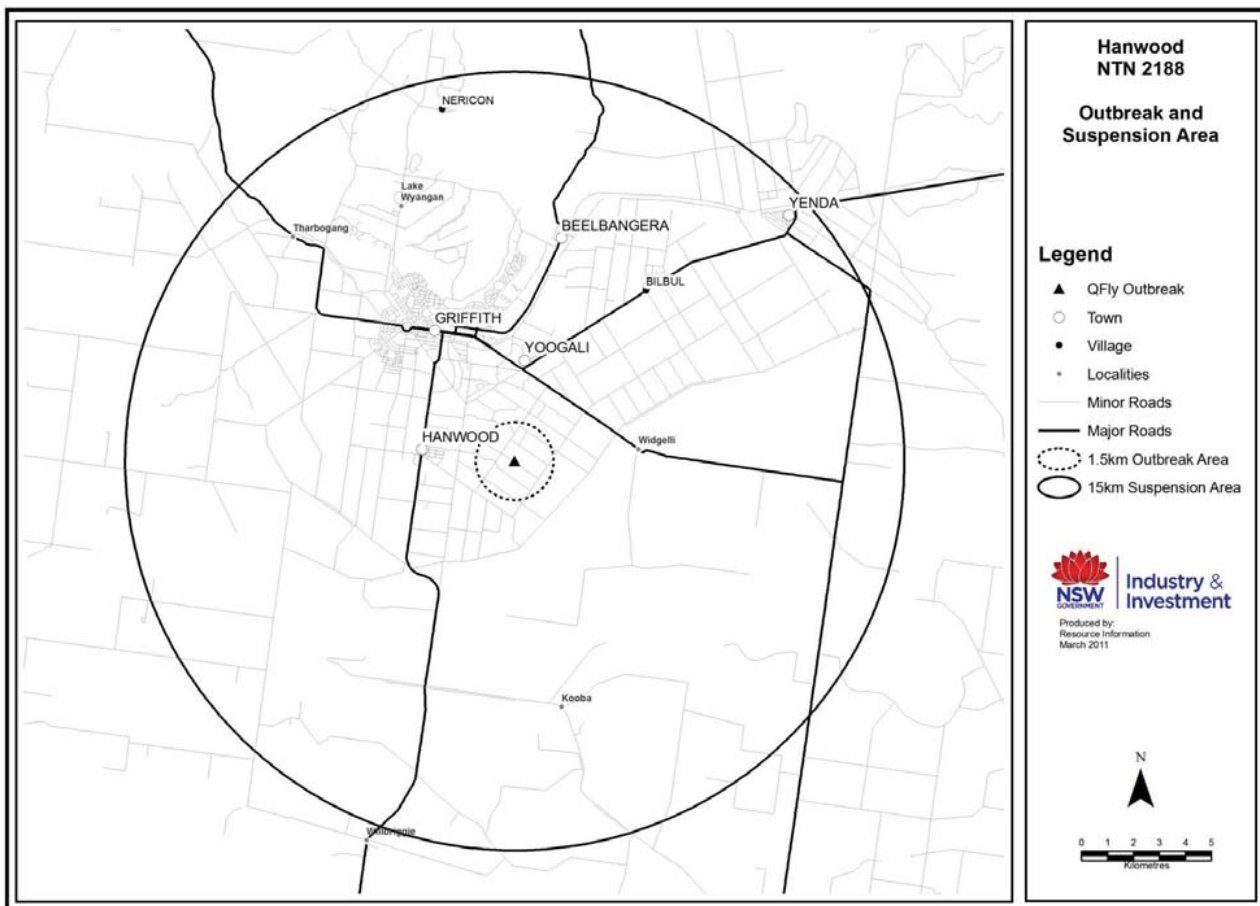
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.333605 South and 146.080026 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.333605 South and 146.080026 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Hanwood NTN 2188 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-322

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, LAKE WYANGAN NTN 2273) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Lake Wyangan NTN 2273) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

NTN means national trap number.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

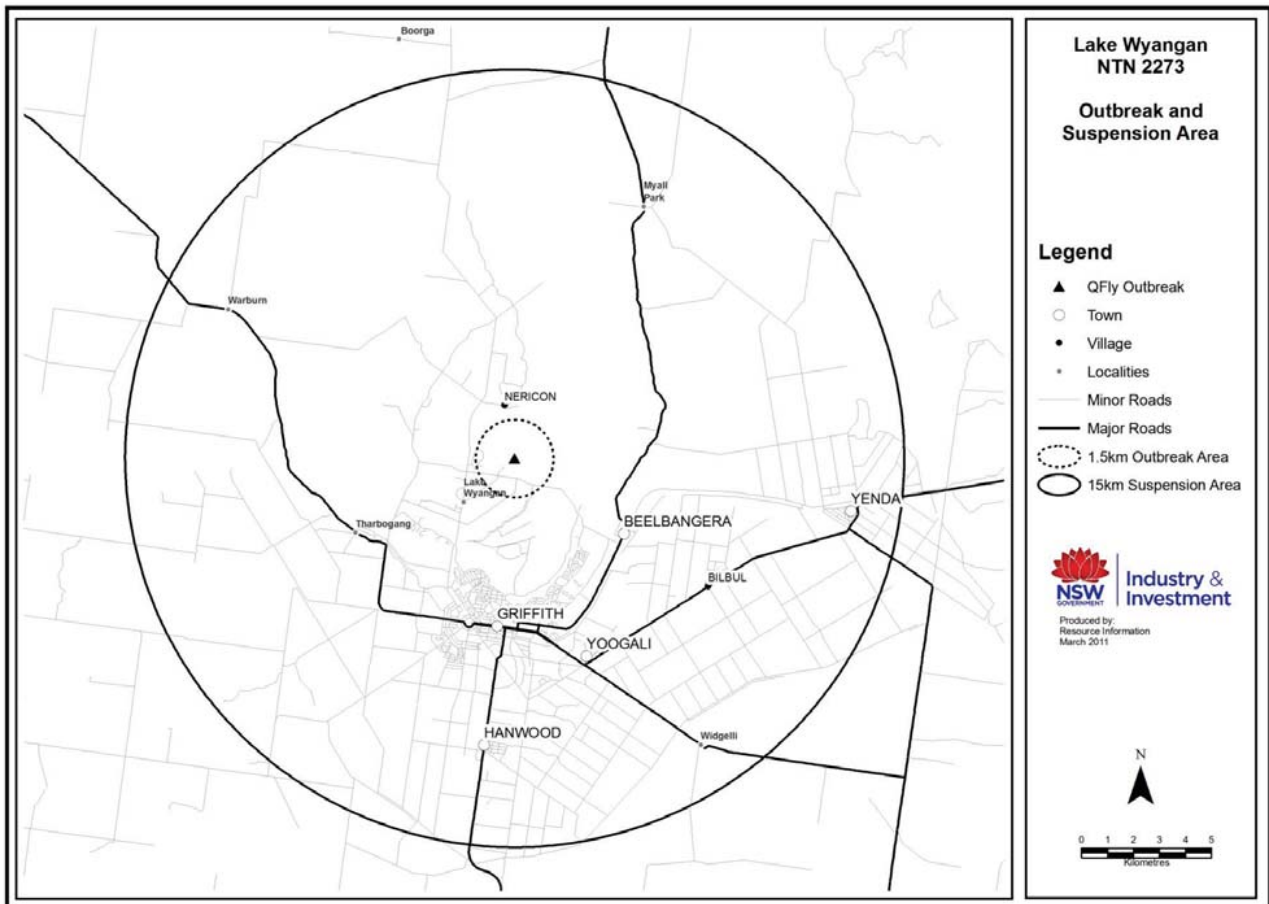
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.2297 South and 146.05515 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.2297 South and 146.05515 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Lake Wyangan NTN 2273 Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-314

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, GOOLGOWI) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 ("the Act"), and in pursuance of sections 3 (2) and 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales and revoking Proclamation P213.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Goolgowi) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Revocation of Proclamation P213

Pursuant to sections 4 and 3 (2) of the Act Proclamation P213 dated 16 June 2010 and published in *Government Gazette* No. 84 on 25 June 2010 at pages 2907-2911 is revoked (as is any proclamation revoked as a result of this revocation).

5 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santal
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

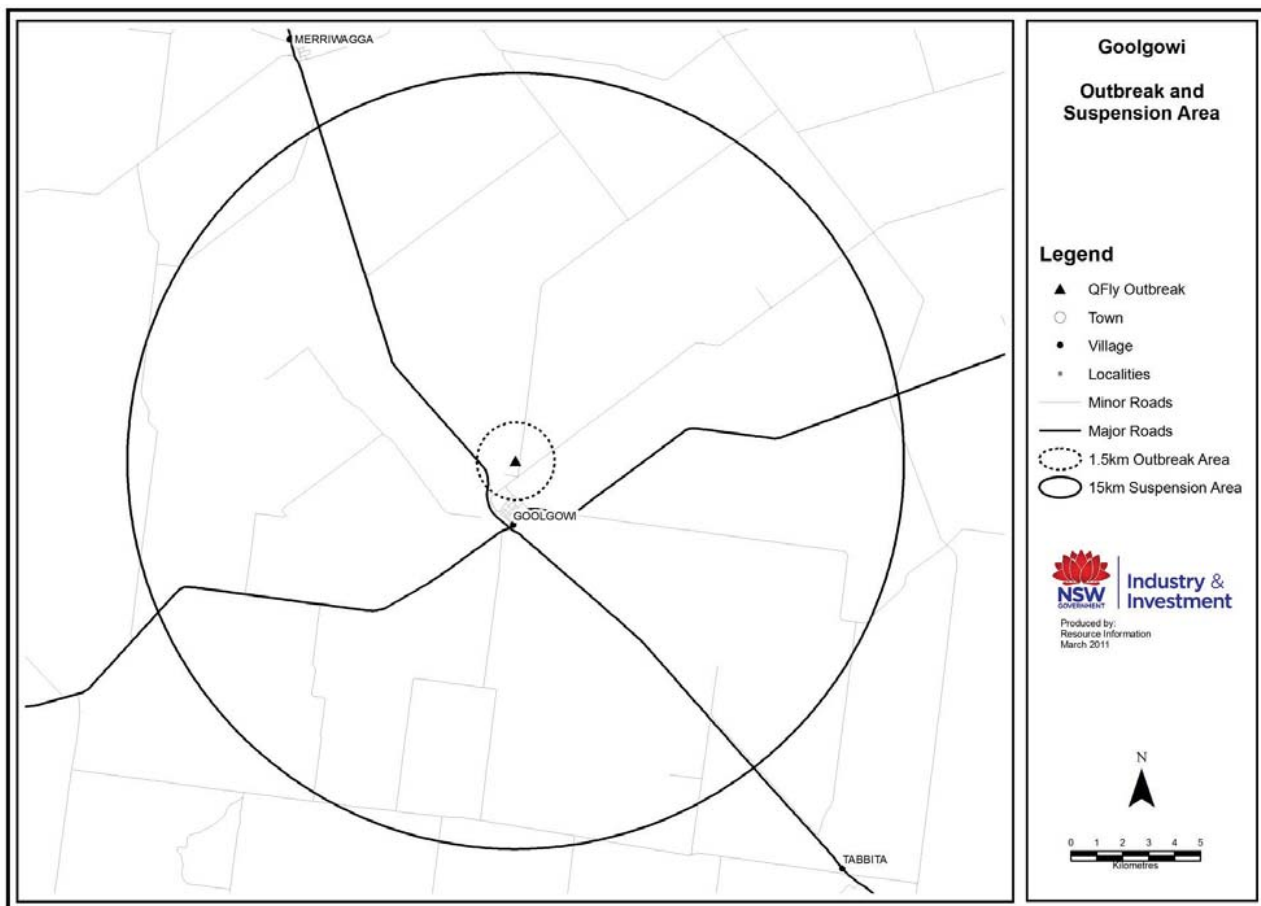
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -33.960234 South and 145.710948 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -33.960234 South and 145.710948 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Goolgowi Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm, so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-261

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, BEELBANGERA) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 ("the Act"), and in pursuance of sections 3 (2) and 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales and revoking Proclamation P210.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Beelbanger) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Revocation of Proclamation P213

Pursuant to sections 4 and 3 (2) of the Act Proclamation P213 dated 16 June 2010 and published in *Government Gazette* No. 84 on 25 June 2010 at pages 2907-2911 is revoked (as is any proclamation revoked as a result of this revocation).

5 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

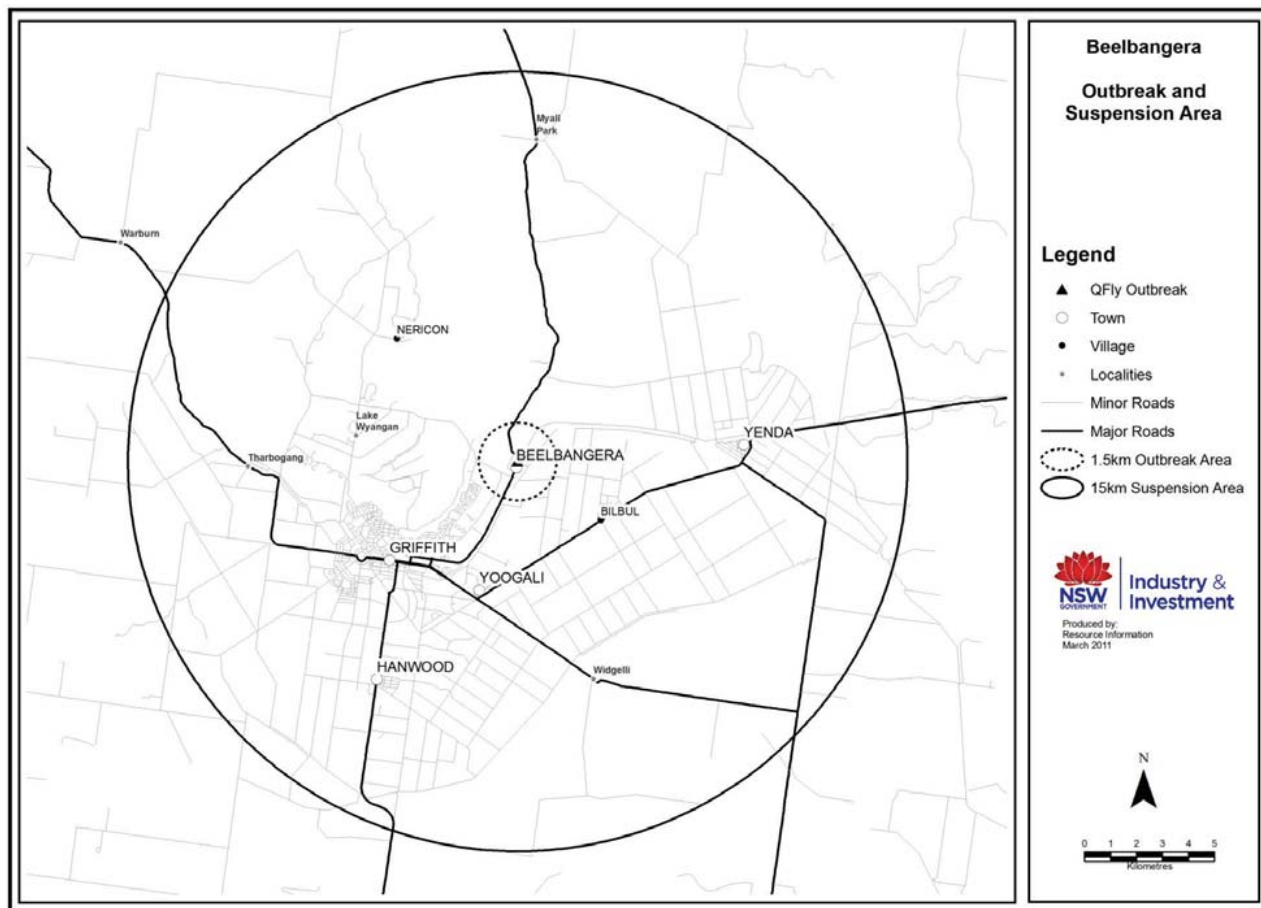
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -34.25415 South and 146.101033 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -34.25415 South and 146.101033 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Beelbangera Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-260

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, STRATHMERTON) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 ("the Act"), and in pursuance of sections 3 (2) and 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales and revoking Proclamation P215.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Strathmerton) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Revocation of Proclamation P213

Pursuant to sections 4 and 3 (2) of the Act Proclamation P213 dated 16 June 2010 and published in *Government Gazette* No. 84 on 25 June 2010 at pages 2907-2911 is revoked (as is any proclamation revoked as a result of this revocation).

5 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

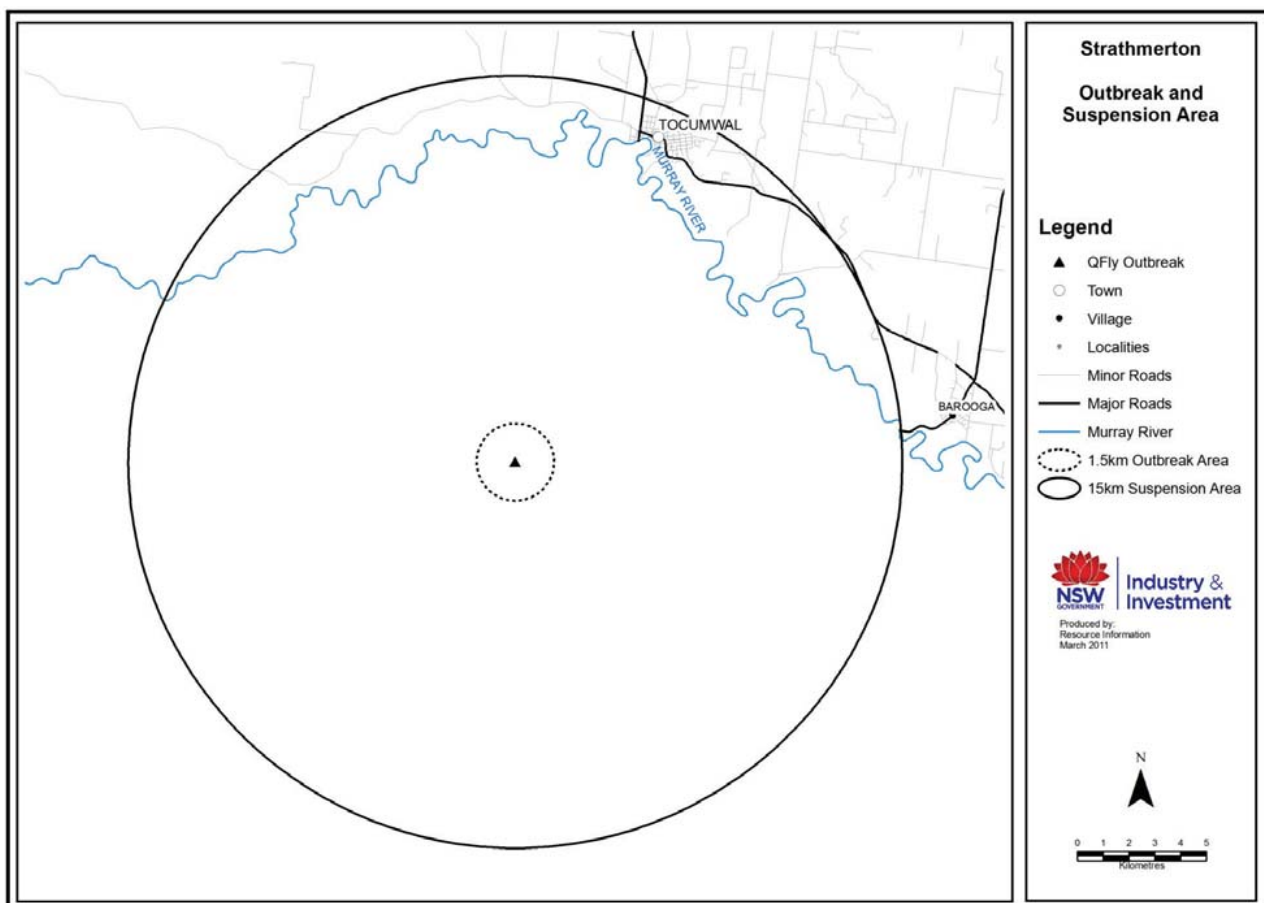
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.92504 South and 145.50378 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.92504 South and 145.50378 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Strathmerton Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-263

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, HILLSTON) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 ("the Act"), and in pursuance of sections 3 (2) and 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales and revoking Proclamation P214.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Hillston) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Revocation of Proclamation P213

Pursuant to sections 4 and 3 (2) of the Act Proclamation P213 dated 16 June 2010 and published in *Government Gazette* No. 84 on 25 June 2010 at pages 2907-2911 is revoked (as is any proclamation revoked as a result of this revocation).

5 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

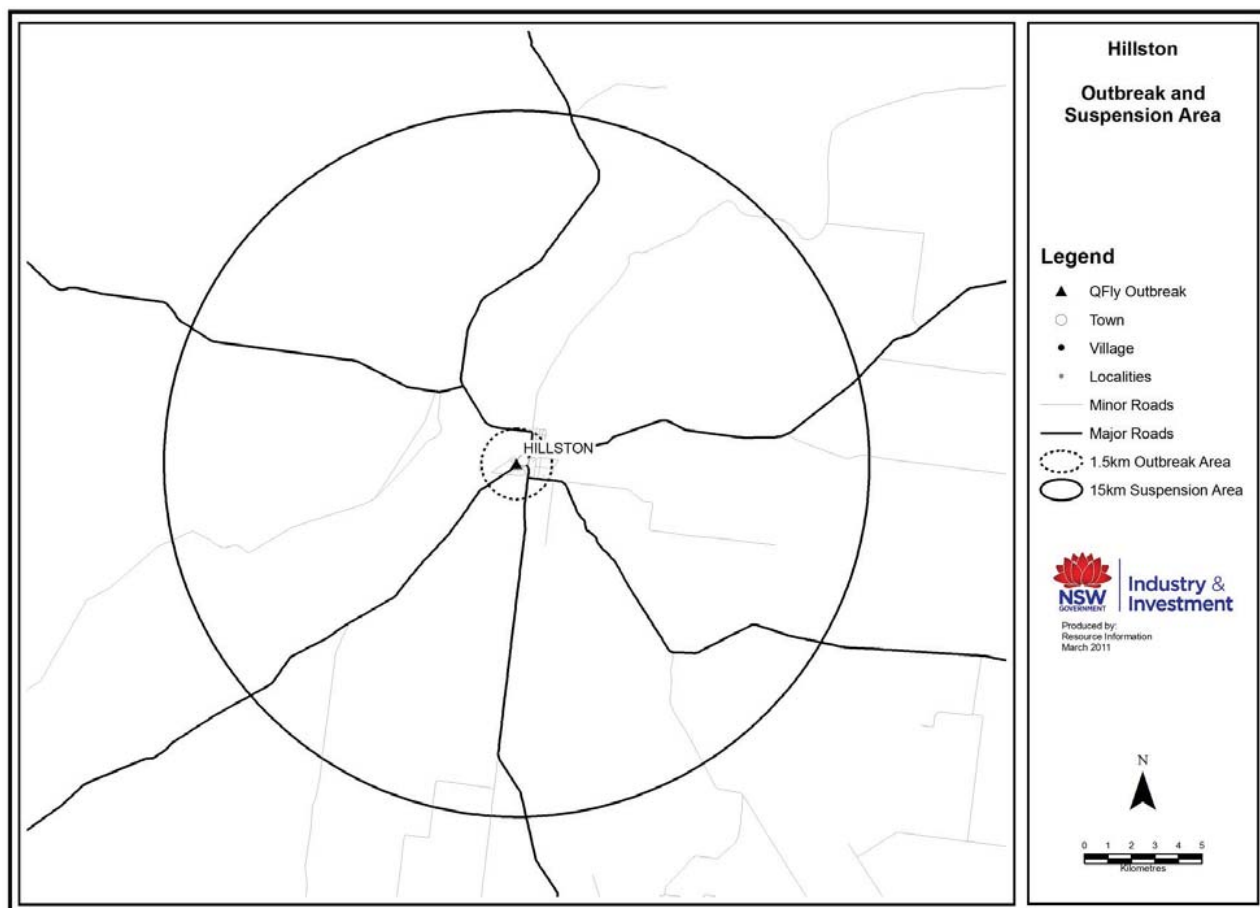
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santal
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -33.486617 South and 145.528323 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -33.486617 South and 145.528323 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Hillston Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-262

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, COBRAM SOUTH) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of sections 3 (2) and 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales and revoking Proclamation P216.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Cobram South) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Revocation of Proclamation P213

Pursuant to sections 4 and 3 (2) of the Act Proclamation P213 dated 16 June 2010 and published in *Government Gazette* No. 84 on 25 June 2010 at pages 2907-2911 is revoked (as is any proclamation revoked as a result of this revocation).

5 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

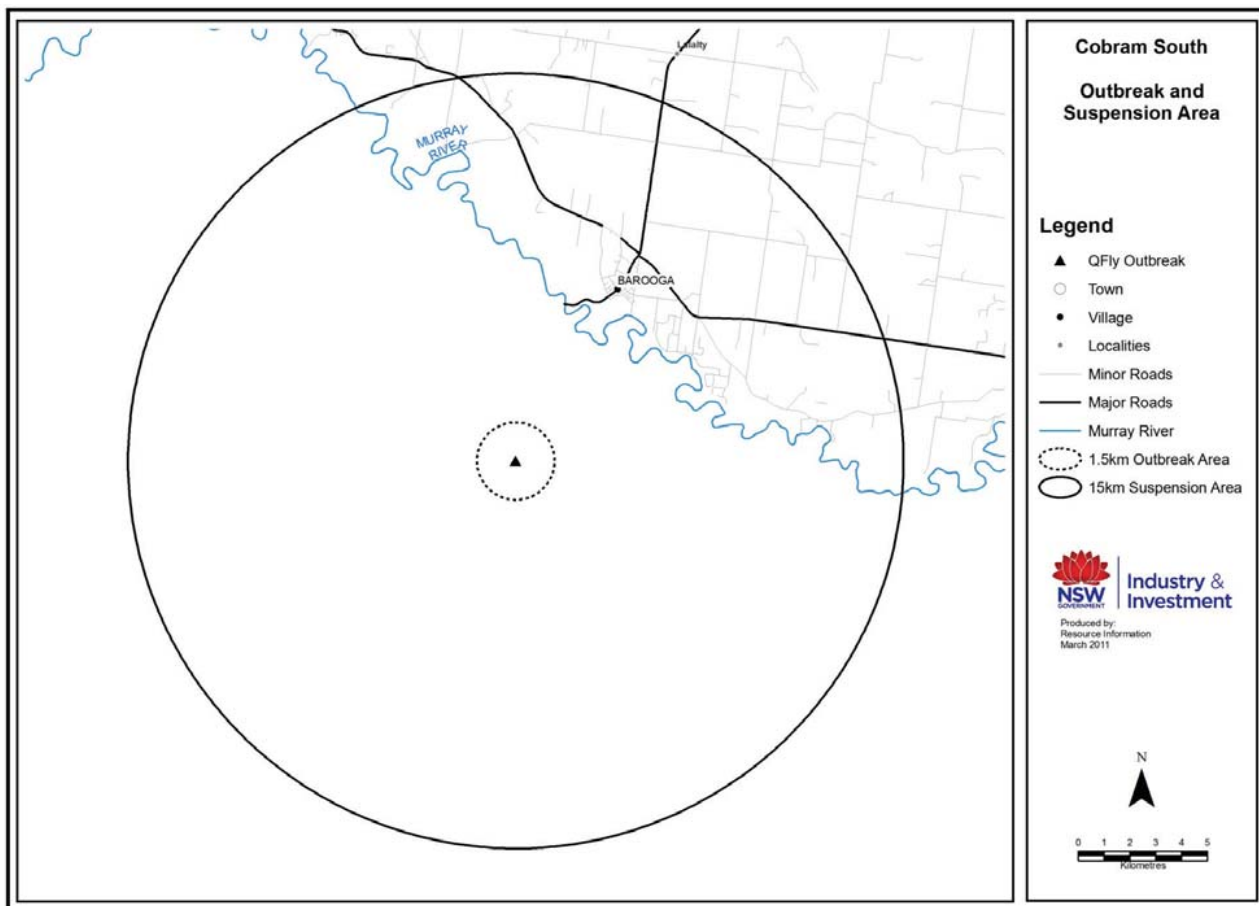
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.97041 South and 145.64723 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.97041 South and 145.64723 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Cobram South Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 15th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-264

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, COBRAM) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Cobram) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

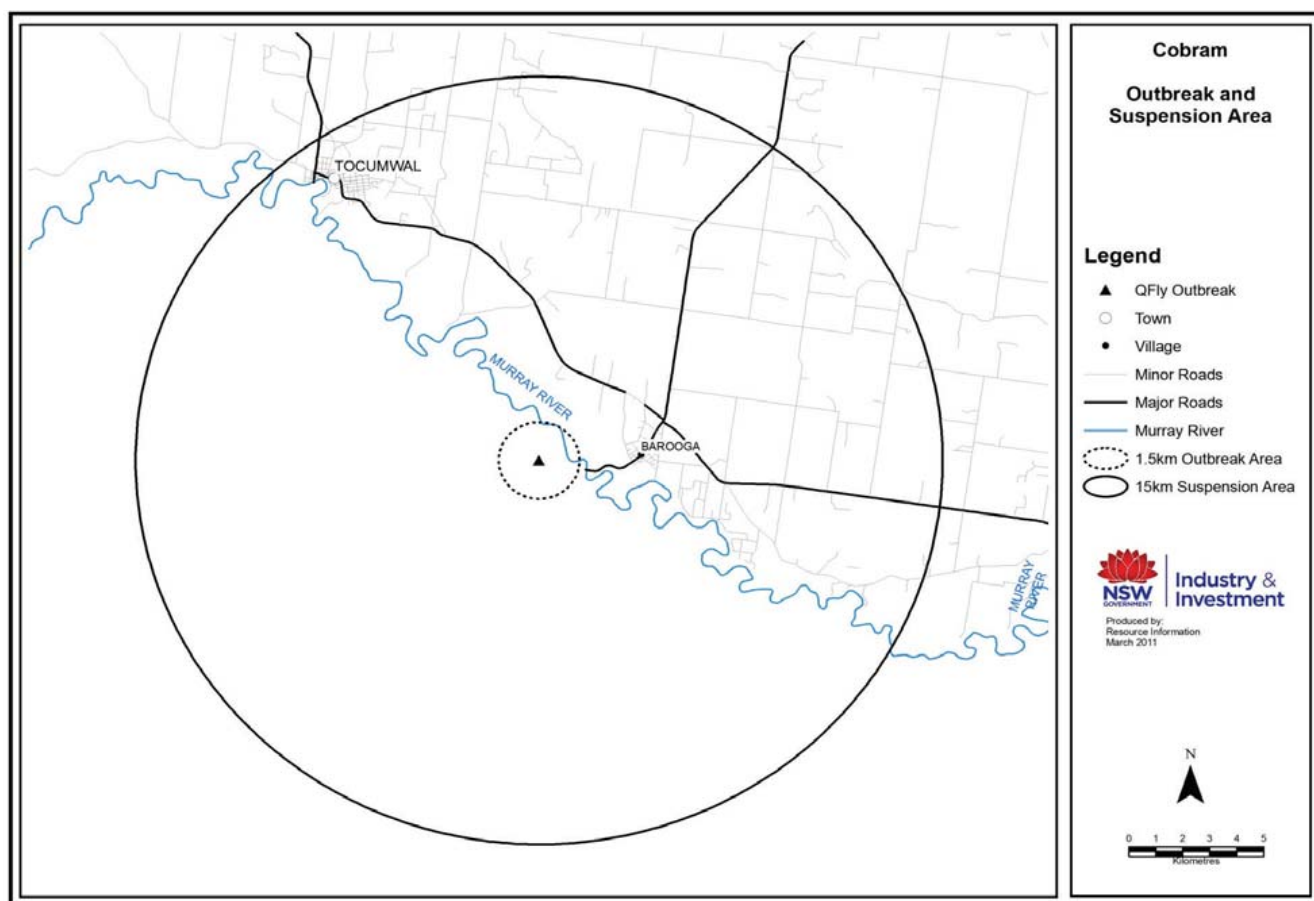
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santal
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.9124 South and 145.64984 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.9124 South and 145.64984 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Cobram Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 16th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-316

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, TEAGUE STREET, KOONDROOK) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Teague Street, Koondrook) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

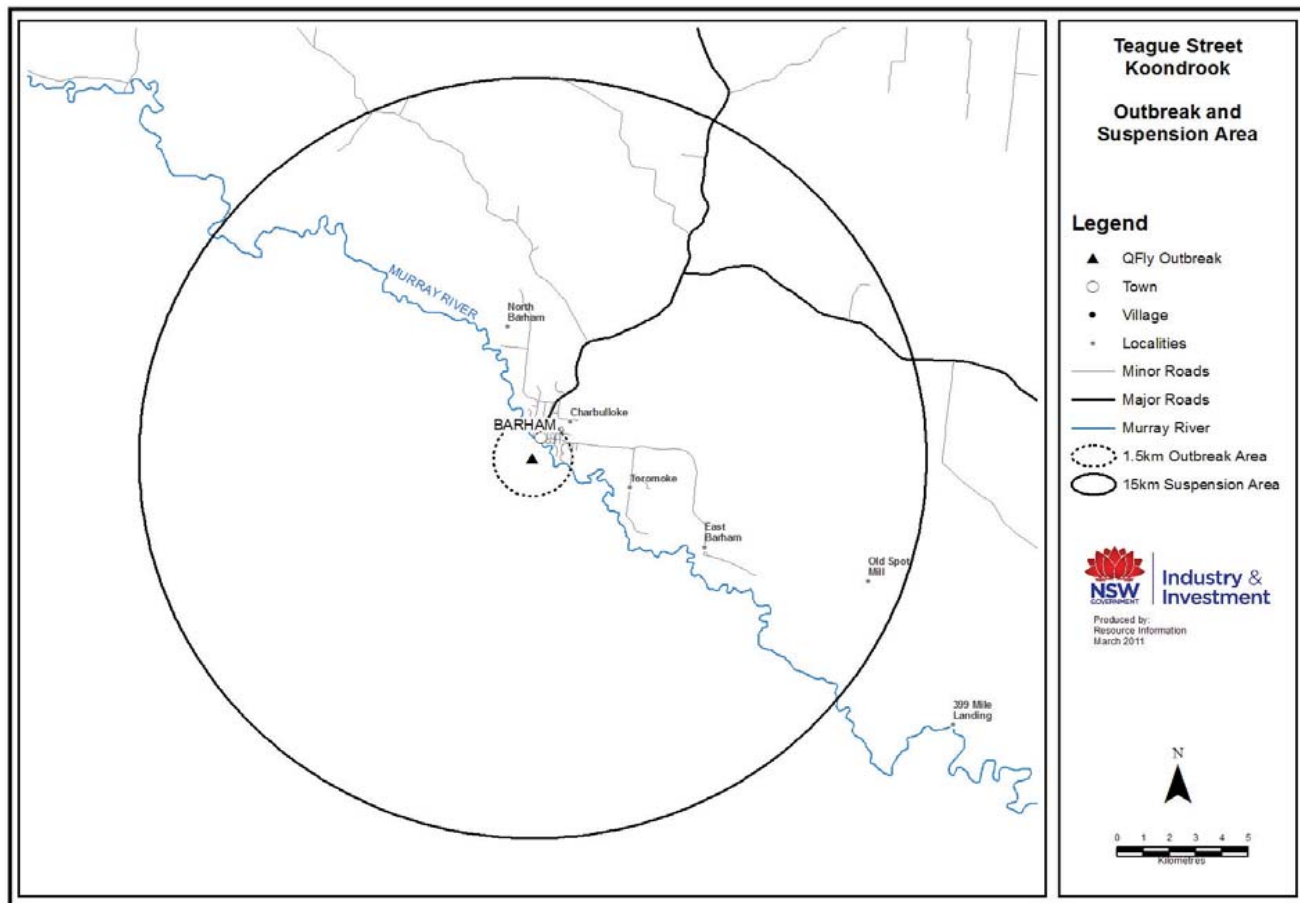
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.6373 South and 144.12347 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.6373 South and 144.12347 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Teague Street, Koondrook Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 16th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-315

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, KOONOOMOO) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Koonoomoo) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

- (i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;
- (ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

- (i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and
- (ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and
- (iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santal
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.87141 South and 145.57721 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.87141 South and 145.57721 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Koonoomoo Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 16th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-318

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, RIVER ROAD, COBRAM EAST) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, River Road, Cobram East) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

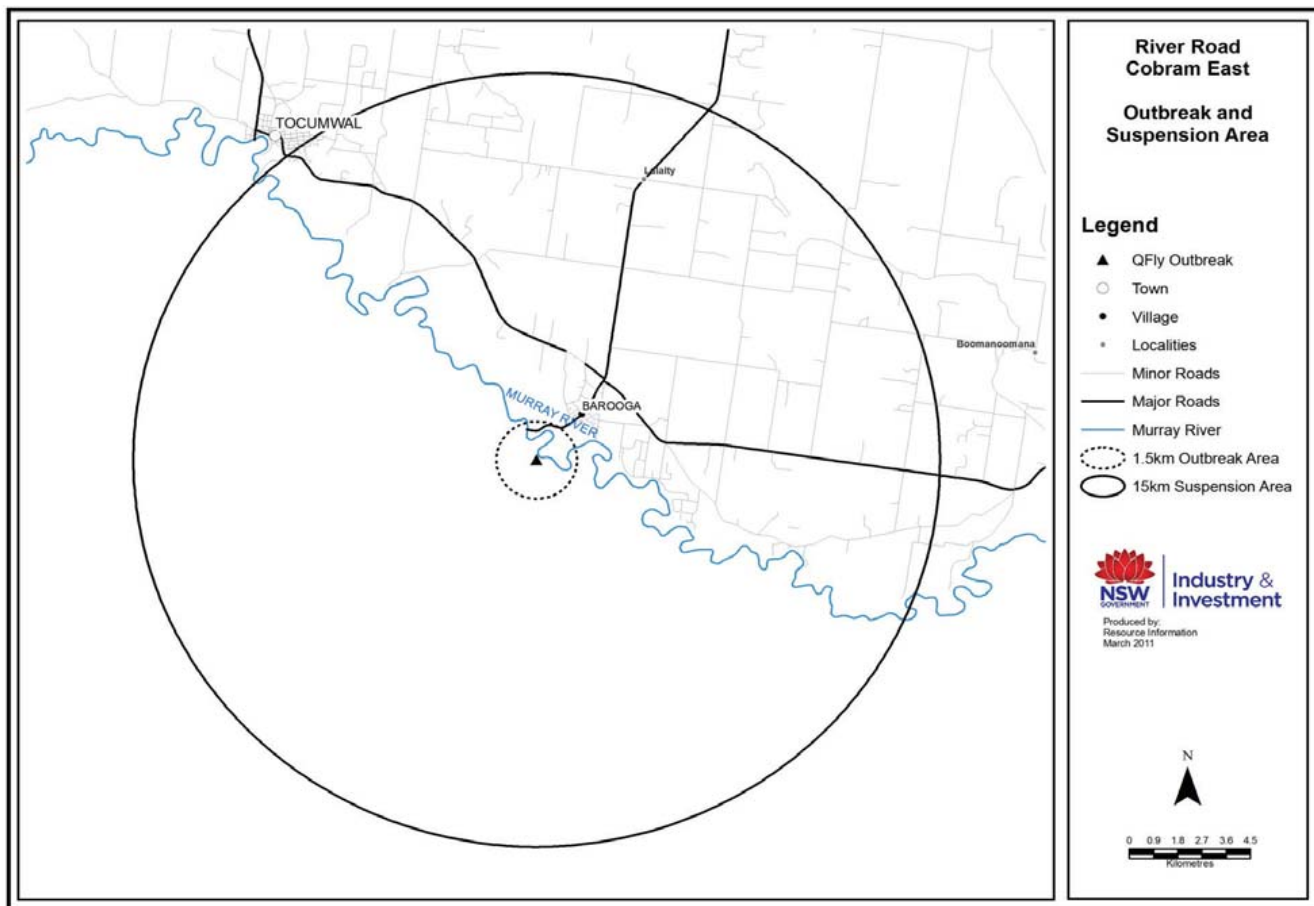
SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.92666 South and 145.67301 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.92666 South and 145.67301 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the River Road, Cobram East Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 16th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-317

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, COTTMAN ROAD, BEVERFORD SOUTH) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Cottman Road, Beverford South) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

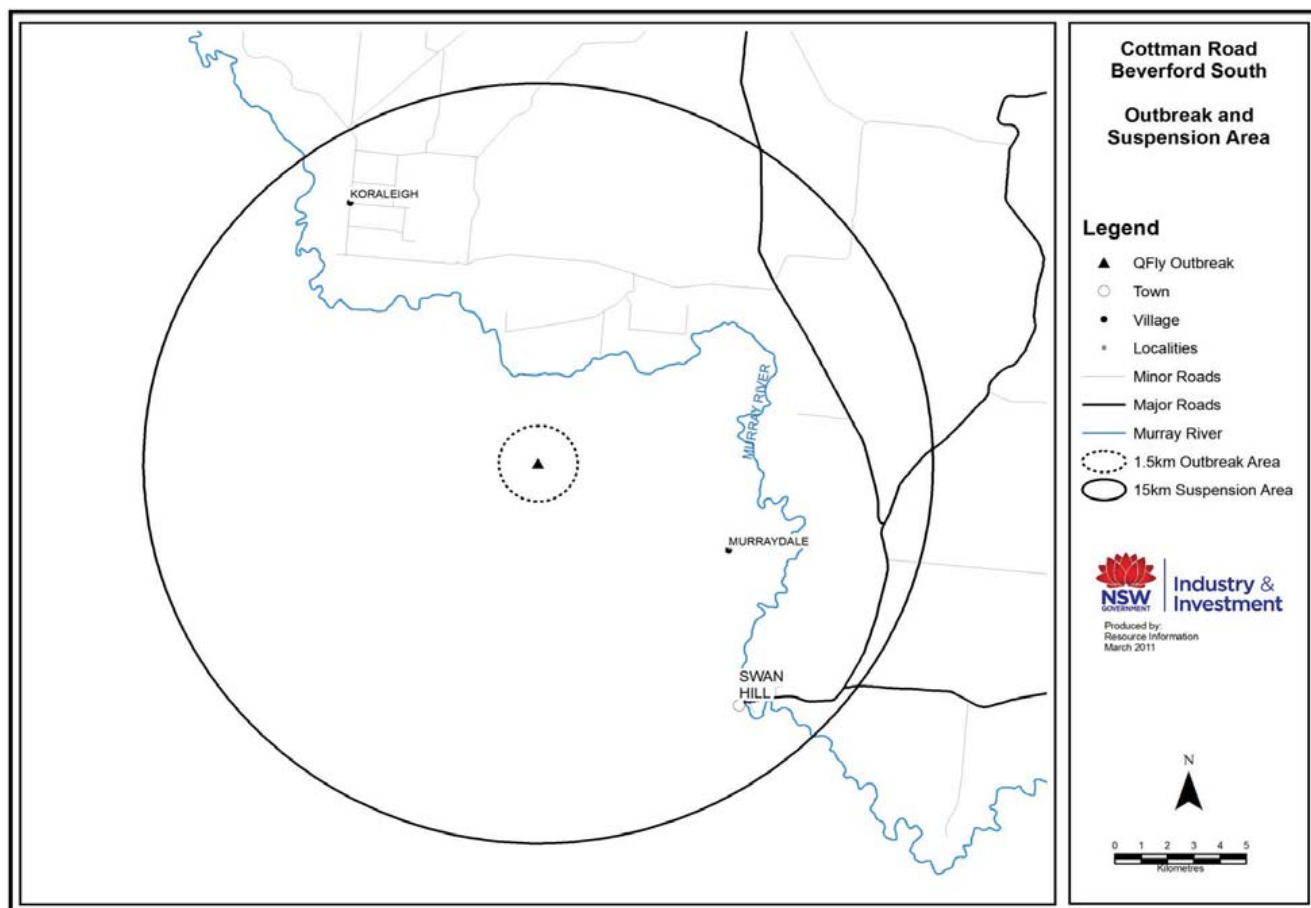
Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.25015 South and 143.48048 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.25015 South and 143.48048 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Cottman Road, Beverford South Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 16th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-319

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, ALLAN STREET, NYAH WEST) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Allan Street, Nyah West) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

(i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;

(ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

(i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and

(ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and

(iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.18667 South and 143.33944 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.18667 South and 143.33944 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Allan Street, Nyah West Outbreak Area and Suspension Area

SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit**Host fruit that has received an approved treatment**

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 16th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-320

PLANT DISEASES (FRUIT FLY OUTBREAK, LANGAN ROAD, COBRAM EAST) ORDER 2011

under the Plant Diseases Act 1924

I, SATENDRA KUMAR, Director, Plant Biosecurity of the Department of Industry and Investment, with the delegated authority of the Minister for Primary Industries in pursuance of section 3A of the Plant Diseases Act 1924 (“the Act”), and in pursuance of section 4 of the Act being of the opinion that the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is likely to introduce the pest Queensland fruit fly (*Bactrocera tryoni*) into specified portions of New South Wales, make the following Order regulating the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales.

1 Name of Order

This Order is the Plant Diseases (Fruit Fly Outbreak, Langan Road, Cobram East) Order 2011.

2 Commencement

This Order commences on the date it is published in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

3 Definitions

(a) In this Order:

approved treatment means a treatment or schedule of treatments relevant to the type of host fruit or manner of harvest as specified in Schedule 6.

APVMA means the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority.

authorised person means an inspector or a person authorised pursuant to section 11 (3) of the Act.

certificate means a Plant Health Certificate or a Plant Health Assurance Certificate.

Certification Assurance Arrangement means an arrangement approved by the Department which enables a business accredited under the arrangement to certify that certain quarantine requirements have been satisfied for the movement of host fruit to interstate and/or intrastate markets.

Note: An example of an approved Certification Assurance Arrangement is the Interstate Certification Assurance (ICA) Scheme.

Department means Industry and Investment, NSW – Primary Industries.

free of broken skin means the skin has no preharvest cracks, punctures, pulled stems or other breaks which penetrate through the skin and that have not healed with callus tissue.

host fruit means the fruit specified in Schedule 1, being fruit which is susceptible to infestation by Queensland fruit fly.

lot means a discrete quantity of fruit received from one grower at one time.

Outbreak Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 2.

Outer Area means the portion of New South Wales known as the NSW Fruit Fly Exclusion Zone, as specified in Proclamation P184 published in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 152 of 28 November 2008 at pages 11434 to 11435, excluding the Outbreak Area and the Suspension Area.

Plant Health Assurance Certificate means a certificate issued by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Plant Health Certificate means a certificate issued by an authorised person.

Queensland fruit fly means the pest *Bactrocera tryoni* (Froggatt).

Suspension Area means the portion of New South Wales described in Schedule 3.

the Act means the Plant Diseases Act 1924.

Note: **covering** or **package**, **inspector**, **occupier** and **owner** all have the same meaning as in the Act.

(b) In this Order, longitude and latitude coordinates are decimal degrees based upon the GDA 94 datum.

4 Regulation of the movement of host fruit

Pursuant to section 4 (1) of the Act the importation, introduction or bringing of host fruit into specified portions of New South Wales is regulated as follows:

(a) Host fruit that originates from or has moved through:

- (i) the Outbreak Area must not be moved into the Suspension Area or the Outer Area;
- (ii) the Suspension Area must not be moved into the Outer Area,

except for such movements as are specified in Schedule 5 and which comply with the relevant conditions of exception set out in Schedule 5; and

(b) The movement of any host fruit in accordance with Schedule 5 must be accompanied by a certificate:

- (i) specifying the origin of the host fruit; and
- (ii) in the case of a Plant Health Certificate, certifying that the host fruit has been treated in the manner specified in Schedule 6; and
- (iii) in the case of a Plant Health Assurance Certificate, certifying that the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement.

SCHEDULE 1 – Host fruit

Abiu	Chilli	Lime	Persimmon
Acerola	Citron	Loganberry	Plum
Apple	Cumquat	Longan	Plumcot
Apricot	Custard Apple	Loquat	Pomegranate
Avocado	Date	Lychee	Prickly Pear
Babaco	Durian	Mandarin	Pummelo
Banana	Eggplant	Mango	Quince
Black Sapote	Feijoa	Mangosteen	Rambutan
Blackberry	Fig	Medlar	Raspberry
Blueberry	Granadilla	Miracle Fruit	Rollinia
Boysenberry	Grape	Mulberry	Santol
Brazil Cherry	Grapefruit	Nashi	Sapodilla
Breadfruit	Grumichama	Nectarine	Shaddock
Caimito (Star Apple)	Guava	Orange	Soursop
Cape Gooseberry	Hog Plum	Passionfruit	Sweetsop (Sugar Apple)
Capsicum	Jaboticaba	Pawpaw	Strawberry
Carambola (Starfruit)	Jackfruit	Peach	Tamarillo
Cashew Apple	Jew Plum	Peacharine	Tangelo
Casimiro (White Sapote)	Ju jube	Pear	Tomato
Cherimoya	Kiwifruit	Pepino	Wax jambu (Rose Apple)
Cherry	Lemon		

SCHEDULE 2 – Outbreak Area

The area within a 1.5 kilometre radius of the coordinates decimal degrees -35.96845 South and 145.71346 East, being the area within the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 3 – Suspension Area

The area within a 15 kilometre radius of coordinates decimal degrees -35.96845 South and 145.71346 East (excluding the Outbreak Area), being the area between the 1.5 kilometre radius circle (broken line) and the 15 kilometre radius circle (unbroken line) in the map in Schedule 4.

SCHEDULE 4 – Map of the Langan Road, Cobram East Outbreak Area and Suspension Area



SCHEDULE 5 – Exceptions for movement of host fruit

Host fruit that has received an approved treatment

1. Movement of host fruit that has received an approved treatment prior to movement, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that:
 - (i) any used packaging or coverings containing host fruit are free of soil, plant residues and other organic matter; and
 - (ii) in the case of host fruit that has been consigned as a lot for the purpose of producing smaller packs of host fruit and has been repacked in smaller packs, the host fruit has been received, handled, stored and repacked under secure conditions which prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) any individual package contains only one kind of host fruit; and
 - (iv) all previous incorrect information displayed on the outer covering of the package is removed and the outer covering is legibly marked with the following information:
 - (A) the district of production; and
 - (B) the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of both the grower and the packer; or where the business is sourcing from multiple growers, the name, address, postcode and the State or Territory of the packer; and
 - (C) a brief description of the contents of the package;
 or
 - (v) where the host fruit originates from a property or facility which is owned or occupied by a business accredited under a Certification Assurance Arrangement, the host fruit is packed, labelled and certified in accordance with any conditions prescribed in the Certification Assurance Arrangement.

Untreated host fruit for processing

2. Movement of untreated host fruit for processing, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and
 - (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
 - (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles (‘‘transport vehicle’’) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit is securely covered by a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (iii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iv) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route to the receiving processor; and
 - (c) The owner or occupier of the property or facility at which the host fruit is to be processed must ensure:
 - (i) the host fruit is processed within 24 hours of receipt; and
 - (ii) all measures to avoid spillage of host fruit are taken and where spillages occur, must be disposed of in a manner generally accepted as likely to prevent the spread of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (iii) all processing wastes must be disinfested by heat or freezing or be buried.

Outer Area host fruit on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or Suspension Area into the Outer Area

3. Movement of host fruit originating within the Outer Area and moving on a direct journey through the Outbreak Area or the Suspension Area into the Outer Area, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit is securely transported by covering with a tarpaulin, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering or contained within the covered transport vehicle so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation.

Untreated Suspension Area host fruit on a direct journey to an end destination having no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly

4. Movement of host fruit originating within the Suspension Area and moving on a direct journey to an end destination which has no restrictions on account of Queensland fruit fly, subject to the following conditions:
 - (a) The owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure that the host fruit remains under secure conditions from post harvest to the time of dispatch and transport, except when impractical during packing and grading activities; and

- (b) Prior to movement, the owner or occupier of the property or facility from which the host fruit originates must ensure:
- (i) all bins or containers and any vehicles to be used for the transportation of host fruit (“transport vehicle”) are free from all plant debris and soil prior to packing and loading; and
 - (ii) the host fruit must be loaded onto or into a transport vehicle on a hard surface and not within the orchard from which the host fruit was sourced; and
 - (iii) the transport vehicle is free of all soil and plant debris after loading; and
 - (iv) the host fruit is transported under secure conditions that include:
 - (A) unvented packages or vented packages with the vents secured with mesh with a maximum aperture of 1.6mm prior to dispatch; or
 - (B) shrink-wrapped and sealed as a palletised unit; or
 - (C) fully enclosed under tarpaulins, shade cloth, bin cover or other covering which provides a maximum aperture of 1.6mm,
 so as to prevent infestation by Queensland fruit fly and spillage during transportation; and
 - (v) the transport vehicle travels by the most direct route.

SCHEDULE 6 – Approved treatments for host fruit

Preharvest Treatment and Inspection

1. Tomatoes:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate or fenthion or trichlorfon in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
2. Capsicums and chillies:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of dimethoate in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly, and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
3. Stonefruit:
 - (a) treated preharvest with an application of fenthion in accordance with all label directions for the control of Queensland fruit fly; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest at the rate of at least 1 package in every 100 or part thereof, and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.
4. Table grapes:
 - (a) treated preharvest for the control of Queensland fruit fly, with a program of:
 - (i) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 0.24 g/L spinosad as the only active constituent in accordance with all label directions; or
 - (ii) bait sprays with an insecticide containing 1150 g/L maldison as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12359) directions; or
 - (iii) cover sprays using an insecticide containing 550 g/L fenthion as the only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER11643) directions; and
 - (b) inspected postharvest where a sample of the fruit is inspected and found free of fruit fly larvae and free of broken skin.

Postharvest Dimethoate Dip

5. Any host fruit, excluding capsicum (hollow-fruited), chilli (hollow-fruited), cumquat and strawberries, treated with a postharvest dip using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions; where dipping is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and
 - (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Dimethoate Flood Spray

6. Any host fruit, excluding cumquat, eggplant and strawberries, treated with a postharvest flood spray using an insecticide containing 400 g/L dimethoate as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER12074) directions, where spraying is the last treatment before packing except in the case of:
 - (a) Citrus, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or a compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 24 hours of treatment; and

- (b) Pomefruit, where a non-recovery gloss wax coating and or compatible fungicide as specified on the label may be applied within 3 hours of treatment.

Postharvest Methyl Bromide Fumigation

7. Any host fruit fumigated postharvest with a fumigant containing 1000 g/kg methyl bromide as its only active constituent in accordance with all label and APVMA permit (PER10699) directions, at the following rates:
- (a) 10°C – 14.9°C at 48 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (b) 15°C – 20.9°C at 40 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (c) 21°C – 25.9°C at 32 g/m³ for 2 hours; or
 - (d) 26°C – 31.9°C at 24 g/m³ for 2 hours.

Postharvest Cold Treatment

8. Any appropriate host fruit treated postharvest at a temperature of:
- (a) 0°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 14 days; or
 - (b) 1°C – 3°C ± 0.5°C for a minimum of 16 days (Lemons minimum 14 days).

Dated this 16th day of March 2011.

SATENDRA KUMAR,
Director, Plant Biosecurity,
Department of Industry and Investment

Note: The Department's reference is O-321

Land and Property Management Authority

ARMIDALE OFFICE

108 Faulkner Street (PO Box 199A), Armidale NSW 2350

Phone: (02) 6770 3100 Fax (02) 6771 5348

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the land comprised therein ceases to be a public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished. On road closing, title to the land comprising the former public road vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

Land District – Armidale; L.G.A. – Guyra

Road Closed: Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, DP 1159722 at Llangothlin and Ben Lomond, Parish Ryanda, County Clarke.

File Nos: 10/04346 and 10/04345.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, DP 1159722 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

DUBBO OFFICE
142 Brisbane Street (PO Box 865), Dubbo NSW 2830
Phone: (02) 6883 3300 Fax: (02) 6882 6920

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF ROADS

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the roads hereunder specified are closed and the lands comprised therein are freed and discharged from any rights of the public or any other person to the same as highways.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*Local Government Area of Warrumbungle;
Land District of Coonabarabran*

Lot 1, DP 1162182, Parish of Gundi, County of Gowen
(not being land under the Real Property Act).

File No.: 10/06267.

Note: On closing, the title for Lot 1 shall vest in the State
of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Local Government Area of Gilgandra;
Land District of Coonamble*

Lots 1 and 2, DP 1161848, Parish of Buramilong, County
of Ewenmar (not being land under the Real Property Act).

File No.: 10/08454.

Note: On closing, the titles for Lots 1 and 2 shall vest in the
State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

GOULBURN OFFICE
159 Auburn Street (PO Box 748), Goulburn NSW 2580
Phone: (02) 4824 3700 Fax: (02) 4822 4287

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the lands comprised therein cease to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road is extinguished. Upon closing, title to the land, comprising the former public road, vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
 Minister for Lands

Description

*Parishes – Wamboin and Bywong; County – Murray;
 Land District – Braidwood; L.G.A. – Palerang*

Lot 1, DP 1159788 (not being land under the Real Property Act).

File No.: 09/05412:JK.

Schedule

On closing, the title for the land in Lot 1, DP 1159788 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

ERRATUM

AS per the notification of Correction of Defective Instrument which appeared in New South Wales Government Gazette, dated 11 March 2011, Folio 1918, part of the description is hereby amended. The description the words “Lot 1, DP 1161209 (not being land under the Real Property Act)” is deleted and replaced with “Lot 1, DP 1161209 (not being land under the Real Property Act and subject to easement for Transmission Line 60.96 wide over existing line of poles (A) created by Deposited Plan 1161209)”.

File No.: GB07 H 3.BA.

RESERVATION OF CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 87 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is reserved as specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
 Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

Column 1

Land District: Cooma.
 Local Government Area:
 Cooma-Monaro Shire
 Council.
 Locality: Cooma.
 Lot 15, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.

Column 2

Reserve No.: 1032028.
 Public Purpose: Future
 public requirements,
 recreation, education
 purposes and residential
 settlement.

Column 1

Lot 14, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 13, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 12, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 11, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 10, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 9, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 8, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 7, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 6, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 5, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 4, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 3, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 2, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 1, section 66, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 8, section 67, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 7, section 67, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 6, section 67, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 5, section 67, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 4, section 67, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.
 Lot 3, section 67, DP No.
 758280, Parish Cooma,
 County Beresford.

Column 2

Column 1

Lot 2, section 67, DP No.
758280, Parish Cooma,
County Beresford.
Lot 1, section 67, DP No.
758280, Parish Cooma,
County Beresford.
Lot 7314, DP No. 1139429#,
Parish Cooma,
County Beresford.
Area: About 36.91 hectares.
File No.: 11/03536.

*Column 2***APPOINTMENT OF RESERVE TRUST**

PURSUANT to section 92(1) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reserve trust specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is appointed as trustee of the reserve specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE
Column 1

Crown Lands Reserve Trust.

Column 2

Reserve No.: 1032028.
Public Purpose: Future
public requirements,
recreation, education
purposes and residential
settlement.
Notified: This day.
File No.: 11/03536.

Note: This notice will automatically revoke that part of Reserve 85335 for future public requirements, notified 29th October 1965, within Lot 7314, DP 1139429 and that part of Reserve 750535 for future public requirements, notified 29th June 2007, within Lot 7314, DP 1139429; Lots 1-15, inc section 66, DP 758280 and Lots 1-8, inc section 67, DP 758280.

Disclaimer: Please note that the above Lot numbers marked # are for Departmental use only.

GRAFTON OFFICE
76 Victoria Street (PO Box 272), Grafton NSW 2460
Phone: (02) 6640 3400 Fax: (02) 6642 5375

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the land comprised therein ceases to be a public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished. On road closing, title to the land comprising the former public road vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
 Minister for Lands

Description

Land District – Grafton; L.G.A. – Clarence Valley

Roads Closed: Lot 1, DP 1159432 at Southgate, Parish Southgate, County Clarence.

LPMA Reference: 10/04821.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1159432 remains vested in Clarence Valley Council as operational land for the purposes of the Local Government Act 1993.

Councils Reference: DWS 683085.#228.

Description

Land District – Murwillumbah; L.G.A. – Tweed

Roads Closed: Lots 1 and 2, DP 1156966 at South Murwillumbah, Parish Condong, County Rous.

File No.: 07/4769.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1 and 2, DP 1156966 will remain vested in Tweed Shire Council as operational land for the purposes of the Local Government Act 1993.

Councils Reference: GR3/12/1 Pt 3: Road Closure – South Murwillumbah.

Description

Land District – Lismore; L.G.A. – Ballina

Road Closed: Lots 1 and 2, DP 1157060 at Newrybar, Parish Teven, County Rous.

File Nos: 09/10715 and 07/2125.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1 and 2, DP 1157060 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

Land District – Lismore; L.G.A. – Ballina

Road Closed: Lots 20 and 21, DP 1162349 at Wollongbar, Parish Tuckombil, County Rous.

File No.: 09/15062.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 20 and 21, DP 1162349 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

CROWN LANDS ACT 1989

**LAND ACQUISITION (JUST TERMS
 COMPENSATION) ACT 1991**

PURSUANT to section 135, Crown Lands Act 1989 and the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991, the Land and Property Management Authority declares that the land described in Schedule "A" below is acquired by compulsory process for the public purpose listed in Schedule "B".

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
 Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE A

All that piece or parcel of land situated in the Richmond Valley Local Government Area, Parish West Coraki, County of Richmond at Coraki, comprising whole Lot 11, DP 1155477.

SCHEDULE B

Public reserve.

File No.: 09/10332-02.

SCHEDULE A

An easement for access in terms of Schedule 8 of Conveyancing Act 1919, over the whole of Lot 1, DP 40212 in favour of Lot 1, DP 44756; Lot 1, DP 40531 and Lot 11, DP 1155477.

SCHEDULE B

Access.

File No.: 09/10332-02.

HAY OFFICE
126 Lachlan Street (PO Box 182), Hay NSW 2711
Phone: (02) 6990 1800 Fax: (02) 6993 1135

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF PUBLIC ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the land comprised therein ceases to be a public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished. On road closure, title to the land comprising the former public road vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

Land District of Hay; L.G.A. – Hay

Lot 1 in DP 1145487, Parishes of Bulgura, Wallaby and Yurdyilla, Counties of Waradgery and Nicholson.

Lot 1 in DP 1154559, Parish of Warrigal, County of Waradgery.

Lots 1, 2 and 3, DP 1140352, Parishes of Illilawa, East Waradgery and Waradgery, County of Waradgery.

File No.: HY86 H 386.

Schedule

On closing, title for the lands comprised in Lot 1, DP 1145487; Lot 1, DP 1154559 and Lots 1, 2 and 3, DP 1140352 remain vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

MAITLAND OFFICE

Corner Newcastle Road and Banks Street (PO Box 6), East Maitland NSW 2323

Phone: (02) 4937 9306 Fax: (02) 4934 8417

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the land comprised therein ceases to be a public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished. On road closing, title to the land comprising the former public road vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*Parish – Sedgefield; County – Durham;
Land District – Singleton;
Local Government Area – Singleton*

Road Closed: Lot 3, DP 1017441 at Sedgefield.

File No.: 08/7756.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 3, DP 1017441 remains vested in Singleton Shire Council as operational land for the purposes of the Local Government Act 1993.

Council's Reference: RD00903.

Description

*Parish – Castle Sempill; County – Brisbane;
Land District – Scone; L.G.A. – Upper Hunter*

Road Closed: Lot 3, DP 1160109 (not being land under the Real Property Act).

File No.: 10/00543.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 3, DP 1160109 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Parish – Omadale; County – Durham;
Land District – Scone; L.G.A. – Upper Hunter*

Road Closed: Lots 1 and 2, DP 1160108 (not being land under the Real Property Act).

File No.: 10/00543.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lots 1 and 2, DP 1160108 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Parish – Belford; County – Northumberland;
Land District – Singleton; L.G.A. – Singleton*

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1161243 (not being land under the Real Property Act).

File No.: 07/1790.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1161243 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

ADDITION TO RESERVED CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 88 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is added to the reserved land specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

Column 1

Land District: Newcastle.
Local Government Area:
Port Stephens Council.
Locality: Tanilba Bay.
Lot 271, DP No. 753194,
Parish Sutton,
County Gloucester.
Area: 1127 square metres.
File No.: 11/00961.

Column 2

Reserve No.: 89931.
Public Purpose: Senior
citizen's centre and homes
for the aged.
Notified: 17 September 1976.
Lot 238, DP No. 753194,
Parish Sutton, County
Gloucester.
Lot 270, DP No. 753194,
Parish Sutton, County
Gloucester.
Lot 342, DP No. 704442,
Parish Sutton, County
Gloucester.
New Area: 1.274 hectares.

Note: An additional reserve purpose of "community purposes" was also applied to this reserve by a separate notification on this day. The effected part of R1011788 notified 7 July 2006 is not automatically revoked by this notification.

ORDER – AUTHORISATION OF ADDITIONAL PURPOSE UNDER S121A

PURSUANT to s121A of the Crown Lands Act 1989, I authorise by this Order, the purpose specified in Column 1 to be an additional purpose to the declared purpose of the reserves specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

Column 1

Community purposes.

Column 2

Reserve No.: 89931.
Public Purpose: Senior
citizen's centre and homes
for the aged.
Notified: 17 September 1976.
File No.: 11/00961.

Note: Notification of Lot 271, DP 753194 as an addition to this reserve also appeared on this date.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC PURPOSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 34A(2)(B) OF THE CROWN LANDS ACT 1989

PURSUANT to section 34A(2)(b) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the Crown reserve specified in Column 1 of the Schedule is to be occupied for the additional purpose specified in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Reserve No.: 17338. Public Purpose: Camping. Notified: 4 March 1893. Locality: Appletree Flat. File No.: 11/03275.	Access for mineral prospecting and environmental studies.

DECLARATION OF LAND TO BE CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 138 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the land described in the Schedule hereunder, is declared to be Crown Land within the meaning of that Act.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

Description
<i>Land District – Newcastle; Location – Between Redhead and Blacksmiths; Council – Lake Macquarie City Council; Parish – Kahibah; County – Northumberland</i>
Lot 59, DP 10262; Lot 58, DP 10262; Lot 57, DP 10262; Lot 3, DP 652321 and Lot 1, DP 573400.
Area: 8.549 hectares.
File No.: 10/05712.

ADDITION TO RESERVED CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 88 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is added to the reserved land specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Land District: Newcastle. Local Government Area: Lake Macquarie City Council. Locality: Between Redhead and Blacksmiths. Lot 59, DP No. 10262, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 58, DP No. 10262, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 57, DP No. 10262, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 3, DP No. 652321, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 1, DP No. 573400, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Area: 8.549hectares. File No.: 10/05712.	Reserve No.: 1011388. Public Purpose: Public recreation, coastal environmental protection, tourist facilities and services. Notified: 3 March 2006. Lot 7125, DP No. 755233#, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 3, DP No. 211142, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 22, DP No. 709388, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 2064, DP No. 823738, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 23, DP No. 709388, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 20, DP No. 817883, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 2, DP No. 105964, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 1, DP No. 208758, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. Lot 1, DP No. 208759, Parish Kahibah, County Northumberland. New Area: 548.69 hectares.

Disclaimer: Please note that the above Lot numbers marked # are for Departmental use only.

MOREE OFFICE**Frome Street (PO Box 388), Moree NSW 2400****Phone: (02) 6750 6400 Fax: (02) 6752 1707****REVOCATION OF RESERVATION OF CROWN
LAND**

PURSUANT to section 90 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reservation of Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is revoked to the extent specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Land District: Moree.	The whole being Lot 29,
Local Government Area: Moree Plains Shire Council.	DP 755987, Parish Canary, County Stapylton, of an area of 27.88 hectares.
Locality: Canary.	
Reserve No.: 28385.	
Public Purpose: Travelling stock.	
Notified: 22 October 1898.	
File No.: ME03 H 266.	
Note: Revocation of Reservation of Crown Land.	

NOTIFICATION OF CREATION OF EASEMENT

PURSUANT to section 52(b)(ii) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the easement described hereunder is created.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*Land District – Moree; Council – Moree Plains Shire;
Parish – Moree; County – Courallie*

Purpose: Easement to drain water.

Land over which Created: A strip 4 metres wide within Bulluss Drive commencing at the north-western corner of Lot 11, DP3483612 and thence along the northern boundary of that Lot, end of road, Lot 1, DP 999486 and Lot 82, DP 751780; thence the western boundary of Lot 144, DP 751780 and thence the northern boundaries of Lots 144, and 155, DP 751780.

Land Benefited: Lot 3, DP 817286.

Terms

Full and free right for the registered proprietors of Lot 3, DP 817286 in whose favour this easement is created, and every person authorised by them from time to time and at all times to drain water in any quantities across and through the said land together with the right to use, for the purposes of the easement, any line of pipes already laid for the draining of water or any pipe or pipes in replacement or in substitution therefore and where no such line of pipes exists, to lay, place and maintain a line of pipes of sufficient internal diameter beneath or upon the surface of the land, and together with the right for the grantees and every person authorised by them, with any tools, implements, or machinery necessary for the purpose, to enter upon the land and to remain there for any reasonable time for the purpose of laying, inspecting, cleansing, repairing, maintaining, or renewing such pipe line or any part thereof and for any of the aforesaid purposes to open the soil of the land to such an extent as may be necessary provided that the grantees and the persons authorised by them will take all reasonable precautions to ensure as little disturbance as possible to the surface of the land and will restore that surface as nearly as practicable to its original condition.

NOWRA OFFICE**5 O'Keefe Avenue (PO Box 309), Nowra NSW 2541****Phone: (02) 4428 9100 Fax: (02) 4421 2172****DISSOLUTION OF RESERVE TRUST**

PURSUANT to section 92 (3) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reserve trust specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, which was established in respect of the reserve specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule, is dissolved.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Helensburgh Public Hall Trust.	Reserve No.: 87211. Public Purpose: Public hall. Notified: 6 June 1969. File No.: NA98 R 29.

APPOINTMENT OF RESERVE TRUST AS TRUSTEE OF A RESERVE

PURSUANT to section 92 (1) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reserve trust specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is appointed as trustee of the reserve specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Helensburgh West (R72217) Reserve Trust.	Reserve No.: 87211. Public Purpose: Public hall. Notified: 6 June 1969. File No.: NA00 R 1.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the land comprised therein ceases to be public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished. On road closing, title to the land comprising the former public road vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*Parish – Narooma; County – Dampier;
Land District – Bega;
Local Government Area – Eurobodalla*

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1160136 at Central Tilba.

File No.: 07/4345.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1160136 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

ORANGE OFFICE
92 Kite Street (PO Box 2146), Orange NSW 2800
Phone: (02) 6391 4300 Fax: (02) 6362 3896

ROADS ACT 1993

ORDER

Transfer of Crown Road to Council

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 151, Roads Act 1993, the Crown public roads specified in Schedule 1 are transferred to the Roads Authority specified in Schedule 2 hereunder, as from the date of publication of this notice and as from that date, the roads specified in Schedule 1 cease to be Crown public roads.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
 Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE 1

*Parish – Graham; County – Bathurst;
 Land District – Orange*

Clayton Lane (being that part north and west Lot 217, DP 596234 and north Lot 32, DP 750384); Back Road (entire length east Lots 17-20, DP 263361); Nyes Gate Road (south Lot 1, DP 919556; Lot 58, DP 750384 and south and west Lot 162, DP 750384; northernmost 70 metres west and entire length north Lot 167, DP 750384; southernmost 180 metres east Lot 76, DP 750384 then heading easterly along the north of Lot 284, DP 877165 extending to, and including, the road south Lot 46, DP 750384; east Lot 46, DP 750384 to intersection with Glenelg Road); Victoria Street (from south Lot 7, DP 750384 extending north-easterly to intersection with Fleet Street); Victoria Road (from intersection with Pretty Plains Road); Eves Lane (from Vittoria Road heading south to intersection with Sherlocks Lane); Glenelg Road – from intersection with Eves Lane heading easterly to Lot 14, DP 750384, west and then south Lot 14, DP 750384 extending to, and including, the road north Lot 2, DP 842079; continuing south along the western boundary of Lot 2, DP 842079 to Lot 18, DP 750384; east to Lot 224, DP 750384; south along the western boundary of Lot 224, DP 750384; east along the northern boundary of Lot 16, DP 1085881 and Lot 205, DP 750384; south along the eastern boundary Lots 205 and 208, DP 750384; south Lot 219, DP 750384 to the intersection with Nyes Gate Road); Sherlocks Lane – entire length from south Lot 746, DP 812551 heading easterly to Lot 144, DP 750384 then northerly to the intersection with Glenelg Road.

SCHEDULE 2

Roads Authority: Blayney Shire Council.

LPMA File: 10/15887.

Council Reference: 271834.



ROADS ACT 1993

ORDER

Transfer of Crown Road to Council

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 151, Roads Act 1993, the Crown public roads specified in Schedule 1 are transferred to the Roads Authority specified in Schedule 2 hereunder, as from the date of publication of this notice and as from that date, the roads specified in Schedule 1 cease to be Crown public roads.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
 Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE 1

*Parish – Forbes; County – Ashburnham;
 Land District – Forbes*

Road north Lots 434 and 435, DP 750158; north and west Lot 1342, DP 750158 (variable width).

SCHEDULE 2

Roads Authority: Forbes Shire Council.

LPMA File: 11/02673.

Council Reference: JCC R25/123.



ROADS ACT 1993**ORDER**

Transfer of Crown Road to Council

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 151, Roads Act 1993, the Crown public roads specified in Schedule 1 are transferred to the Roads Authority specified in Schedule 2 hereunder, as from the date of publication of this notice and as from that date, the roads specified in Schedule 1 cease to be Crown public roads.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE 1

*Parish – Jemalong; County – Forbes;
Land District – Forbes*

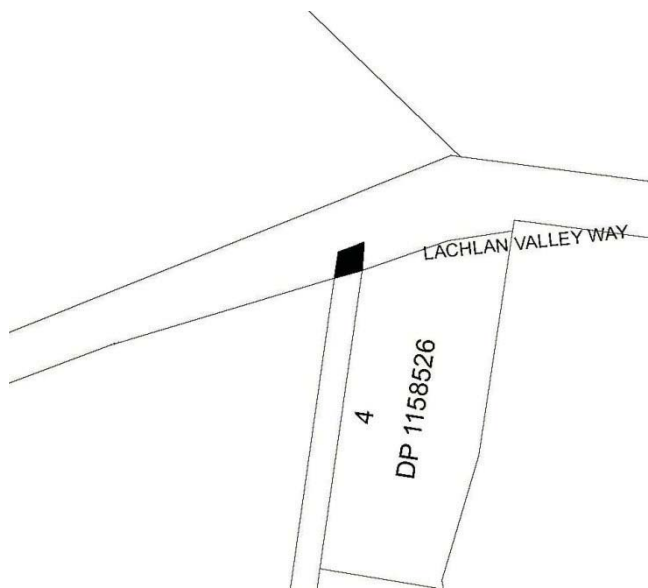
Section of road between Lots 8 and 9 in DP 1158526.

SCHEDULE 2

Roads Authority: Forbes Shire Council.

LPMA File: 10/17262.

Council Reference: KG.JCC R25/123.

**DEDICATION OF CROWN LAND AS PUBLIC ROAD**

PURSUANT to section 12 of the Roads Act 1993, the Crown Land described hereunder, is from the date of publication of this notice, dedicated as public road. The public road hereby dedicated is declared to be Crown road within the meaning of the Roads Act 1993.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*County of Forbes; Land District of Cowra;
Local Government Area – Cowra*

Lots 1 and 2, DP 1013135, Parish of Mulyan.

File No.: OE80 H 1680.

Land District: Narrabri.

Local Government Area:
Walgett Shire Council.

Locality: Burren Junction.

Reserve No.: 60917.

Public Purpose: Camping and
travelling stock.

Notified: 25 January 1929.

File No.: ME96 H 19.

Note: Subsequent to this revocation it is intended that Lot 1 in Deposited Plan 1153934 be sold to Walgett Shire Council.

Lot 1, DP No. 1153934,
Parish Burren East, County
Jamison, area of about 9.067
hectares.

WITHDRAWAL OF RESERVE FROM CONTROL OF LIVESTOCK HEALTH AND PEST AUTHORITY

PURSUANT to section 86(1) of the Rural Lands Protection Act 1998, the part of the reserve specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is withdrawn from the control of the authority specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE*Column 1*

Land District: Narrabri.
Livestock Health and Pest
Authority District: North
West.

Local Government Area:
Walgett Shire Council.
Locality: Burren Junction.
Reserve No. 60917 for the
public purpose of camping
and travelling stock, notified
in the *New South Wales
Government Gazette* of
25 January 1929, being an
area of about 9.067 hectares
and identified by Lot 1,
DP 1153934, Parish of
Burren East, County of
Jamison, revoked this day.
File No.: ME96 H 19.

Column 2

North West Livestock Health
and Pest Authority.

REVOCATION OF RESERVATION OF CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 90 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reservation of Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is revoked to the extent specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE*Column 1*

Land District: Narrabri.
Local Government Area:
Walgett Shire Council.
Locality: Burren Junction.

Column 2

Lot 49, DP No. 40744,
Parish Burren East, County
Jamison, total area of about
3.352 hectares.

*Column 1**Column 2*

Reserve No.: 160024.
Public Purpose: Future
public requirements.
Notified: 29 April 1988.
File No.: ME96 H 19.

Note: Subsequent to this revocation it is intended that Lot 49 in Deposited Plan 40744 be sold to Walgett Shire Council.

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF PUBLIC ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the land comprised therein ceases to be a public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished. On road closing, title to the land comprising the former public road vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*Parish – Eusdale; County – Roxburgh;
Land District – Bathurst*

Road Closed: Lot 343 in Deposited Plan 1110912.

File No.: OE07 H 194.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 343 in DP 1110912 remains vested in Bathurst Regional Council as operational land for the purposes of the Local Government Act 1993.

Council Reference: DS:DR:2006/0461.

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Narrabeen Lagoon Reserve Trust.	Reserve No.: 1031949. Public Purpose: Public recreation and coastal environmental protection. Notified: This day. File No.: 11/01477.

APPOINTMENT OF RESERVE TRUST AS TRUSTEE OF RESERVE

PURSUANT to section 92(1) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reserve trust specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is appointed as trustee of that part of the reserve as specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Narrabeen Lagoon Reserve Trust.	Dedication No.: 500510. Public Purpose: Public recreation. Notified: 1 November 1911. Dedication No.: 1000488. Public Purpose: Public recreation. Notified: 1 November 1911. File No.: 11/01477.

APPOINTMENT OF CORPORATION TO MANAGE RESERVE TRUST

PURSUANT to section 95 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the corporation specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is appointed to manage the affairs of the reserve trust specified opposite thereto in Column 2, which is trustee of the reserve referred to in Column 3 of the Schedule

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>	<i>Column 3</i>
Warringah Council.	Narrabeen Lagoon Reserve Trust.	Reserve No.: 1031949. Public Purpose: Public recreation and coastal environmental protection. Notified: This day. File No.: 11/01477.

For a term commencing the day of this notice.

REVOCATION OF RESERVATION OF CROWN LAND

Pursuant to section 90(1) of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reservations of Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, are revoked to the extent specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Land District: Port Macquarie. Council: Port Macquarie-Hastings.	Part Reserve 87917, being Lot 7, DP 1158516.

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Parish: Camden Haven. County: Macquarie. Location: Laurieton. Reserve: 754405. Purpose: Future public requirements. Date of Notification: 28th August 1970; addition gazetted 26th May 2006. File No.: 10/06926.	

REMOVAL OF MEMBERS FROM A RESERVE TRUST BOARD

PURSUANT to Clause 6(4) of Schedule 3 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the persons specified in Schedule 1 hereunder, are removed as members of the trust board for the reserve trust specified in Schedule 2, which is trustee of the reserve referred to in Schedule 3.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE 1
David Leonard GRAY. Peter Brian KILKEARY. Samuel Martin SIMPFENDORFER. John GRILLIS. Barbara Mary HARDER. Thomas John Robert AIKEN.
SCHEDULE 2
Independent Cemetery Trust, Necropolis.
SCHEDULE 3
The Independent portions of the Rookwood Necropolis, dedicated 7 April 1868 and 2 December 1887 (D500906). File No.: MN84 R 76.

APPOINTMENT OF AN ADMINISTRATOR OF A RESERVE TRUST

PURSUANT to section 117 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the person specified in Schedule 1 hereunder, is appointed to be the administrator of the reserve trust specified in Schedule 2, which is the trustee of the reserve referred to in Schedule 3, for a term commencing from the date of this notice and expiring on 18 September 2011.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE 1
Derek Alexander SINCLAIR.
SCHEDULE 2
Independent Cemetery Trust, Necropolis.
SCHEDULE 3
The Independent portions of the Rookwood Necropolis, dedicated 7 April 1868 and 2 December 1887 (D500906). File No.: MN84 R 76.

TAMWORTH OFFICE

25-27 Fitzroy Street (PO Box 535), Tamworth NSW 2340

Phone: (02) 6764 5100 Fax: (02) 6766 3805

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance to the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder specified is closed and the land comprised therein ceases to be a public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*Locality – Ogunbil; Land District – Tamworth;
L.G.A. – Tamworth Regional*

Road Closed: Lot 1 in Deposited Plan 1162112, Parishes Ogunbil and Callaghan, County Parry.

File No.: 07/5740.

Note: On closing, title to the land comprised in Lot 1 will remain vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Localities – Piallamore and Dungowan;
Land District – Tamworth; L.G.A. – Tamworth Regional*

Road Closed: Lot 2 in Deposited Plan 1159992, Parish Nemingha, County Parry.

File No.: 07/1542.

Note: On closing, title to the land comprised in Lot 2 will remain vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Localities – Mulla Creek and Limbri;
Land District – Tamworth; L.G.A. – Tamworth Regional*

Road Closed: Lots 1 and 2 in Deposited Plan 1160895, Parish Bullimball, County Parry.

File No.: 07/1559.

Note: On closing, title to the land comprised in Lots 1 and 2 will remain vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Locality – Warrabah; Land District – Tamworth;
L.G.A. – Tamworth Regional*

Road Closed: Lot 1 in Deposited Plan 1162419, Parish Welsh, County Darling.

File No.: 08/2032.

Note: On closing, title to the land comprised in Lot 1 will remain vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

TAREE OFFICE**98 Victoria Street (PO Box 440), Taree NSW 2430****Phone: (02) 6591 3500 Fax: (02) 6552 2816****NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF ROAD**

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder described is closed and the land comprised therein ceases to be a public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished. On road closing, title to the land comprising the former public road vests in the body specified in the Schedule hereunder.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*Land District – Kempsey;
L.G.A. – Port Macquarie Hastings*

Roads Closed: Lot 103, DP 1127168 at Port Macquarie, Parish Macquarie, County Macquarie.

File No.: 10/17223.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 103, DP 1127168 remain vested in Port Macquarie Hastings Council as operational land for the purposes of the Local Government Act 1993.

Councils Reference: Tuffins Road.

Description

Land District – Gloucester; L.G.A. – Gloucester

Road Closed: Lot 1, DP 1159719 at Berrico, Parish Berrico, County Gloucester.

File No.: TE06 H 171.

Schedule

On closing, the land within Lot 1, DP 1159719 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

REVOCATION OF RESERVATION OF CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 90 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reservation of Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is revoked to the extent specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Land District: Port Macquarie. Local Government Area: Port Macquarie-Hastings. Locality: Port Macquarie. Reserve No.: 56146. Public Purpose: From sale or lease generally. Notified: 11 May 1923. File No.: 08/6129.	Being part Lot 1, DP 1158544 below HWM. Parish: Macquarie. County: Macquarie. Area: Approx 780 square metres.

ADDITION TO RESERVED CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 88 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is added to the reserve specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
Land District: Port Macquarie. Local Government Area: Port Macquarie-Hastings Council. Parish: Macquarie. County: Macquarie. Locality: Port Macquarie. Lot 1, DP 1158544. Area: 849.9 square metres. File Nos: 08/6129 and TE06 R 32.	Reserve No.: 1012048. Public Purpose: Access and public requirements, tourism purposes and environmental and heritage conservation. Notified: 4 August 2006.

Note: Existing reservations under the Crown Lands Act are not revoked.

WAGGA WAGGA OFFICE

Corner Johnston and Tarcutta Streets (PO Box 60), Wagga Wagga NSW 2650

Phone: (02) 6937 2700 Fax: (02) 6921 1851

NOTIFICATION OF CLOSING OF A ROAD

IN pursuance of the provisions of the Roads Act 1993, the road hereunder specified is closed, the road ceases to be a public road and the rights of passage and access that previously existed in relation to the road are extinguished.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands

Description

*Parish – Mulwala; County – Denison;
Land District – Corowa; L.G.A. – Corowa*

Lot 1 in DP 1155662 at Mulwala.

File No.: WA05 H 552.

Note: On closing, the land within Lot 1 in DP 1155662 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Parishes – Dudauman and Bute;
Counties – Bland and Clarendon;
Land District – Cootamundra;
L.G.A. – Cootamundra and Junee*

Lots 3, 4 and 5 in DP 1162417 at Cootamundra and Dirnaseer.

File No.: WA05 H 192.

Note: On closing, the land within Lots 3, 4 and 5 in DP 1162417 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Parish – Wallace; County – Clarendon;
Land District – Wagga Wagga; L.G.A. – Junee*

Lot 10 in DP 1144475 at Harefield.

File No.: WA02 H 177.

Note: On closing, the land within Lot 10 in DP 1144475 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Parishes – Umbango and Oberne; County – Wynyard;
Land District – Tumbarumba; L.G.A. – Wagga Wagga*

Lot 5 in DP 1161210 at Oberne Creek.

File No.: WA05 H 208.

Note: On closing, the land within Lot 5 in DP 1161210 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Parish – Umbango; County – Wynyard;
Land District – Tumbarumba; L.G.A. – Wagga Wagga*

Lots 1 and 2 in DP 1161210 at Humula.

File No.: WA05 H 208.

Note: On closing, the land within Lots 1 and 2 in DP 1161210 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

Description

*Parish – Umbango; County – Wynyard;
Land District – Tumbarumba; L.G.A. – Wagga Wagga*

Lots 3 and 4 in DP 1161210 at Humula.

File No.: WA05 H 208.

Note: On closing, the land within Lots 3 and 4 in DP 1161210 remains vested in the State of New South Wales as Crown Land.

REVOCATION OF RESERVATION OF CROWN LAND

PURSUANT to section 90 of the Crown Lands Act 1989, the reservation of Crown Land specified in Column 1 of the Schedule hereunder, is revoked to the extent specified opposite thereto in Column 2 of the Schedule.

TONY KELLY, M.L.C.,
Minister for Lands.

SCHEDULE

<i>Column 1</i>	<i>Column 2</i>
<p>Land District: Albury. Local Government Area: Albury City Council. Locality: Big Budginigi Hill. Reserve No.: 69868. Public Purpose: Travelling stock and camping. Notified: 21 February 1941. File No.: WA95 H 161.</p>	<p>The whole being Lot 7005, DP No. 1117573#, Parish Yambla, County Goulburn, of an area of 2.023 hectares.</p>

Disclaimer: Please note that the above Lot numbers marked # are for LPMA use only.

Roads and Traffic Authority

ROAD TRANSPORT (GENERAL) ACT 2005

Notice under Clause 20 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005

WINGECARRIBEE SHIRE COUNCIL, in pursuance of Division 4 of Part 2 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading, Access) Regulation 2005, by this Notice, specify the routes and areas on or in which 19 metre B-Doubles may be used subject to any requirements or conditions set out in the Schedule.

Dated: 10 March 2011.

JASON R. GORDON,
General Manager,
Wingecarribee Shire Council
(by delegation from the Minister for Roads)

SCHEDULE

1. Citation

This Notice may be cited as Wingecarribee Shire Council 19 Metre B-Double Route Notice No. 1/2011.

2. Commencement

This Notice takes effect on the date of gazettal.

3. Effect

This Notice remains in force until 30 September 2015 unless it is amended or repealed earlier.

4. Application

This Notice applies to those 19 metre B-Double vehicles where gross weight exceeds 50 tonnes which comply with Schedule 1 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005 and Schedule 2 of the Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2007.

5. Routes

<i>Type</i>	<i>Road Name</i>	<i>Starting Point</i>	<i>Finishing Point</i>	<i>Conditions</i>
19m	Arthur Street, Moss Vale	HW25 Illawarra Highway	Throsby Street	Travel permitted southbound only
19m	Throsby Street, Moss Vale	Arthur Street	Yarrowa Road	Travel permitted southbound only
19m	Yarrowa Road, Moss Vale	Throsby Street	Nowra Road	Travel permitted eastbound only
19m	Nowra Road, Moss Vale	Yarrowa Road	HW25 Illawarra Highway	Travel permitted northbound only
19m	Mt Broughton Road, Moss Vale	Yarrowa Road	Greenhills Road	
19m	Greenhills Road, Moss Vale	Mt Broughton Road	Garbutts Road, Meryla State Forest	
19m	Belanglo Road, Belanglo State Forest	HW2 Hume Highway	Belanglo Firebreak Road	Hume Highway access left in and left out only. All drivers are required to hold a current Forest Operators License and follow Contractor Haulage Operations Plans.
19m	Penrose Forest Way, Penrose	Penrose Forestry Road	Kareela Road	

ROAD TRANSPORT (GENERAL) ACT 2005

Notice under Clause 20 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005

WINGECARRIBEE SHIRE COUNCIL, in pursuance of Division 4 of Part 2 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading, Access) Regulation 2005, by this Notice, specify the routes and areas on or in which 19 metre B-Doubles may be used subject to any requirements or conditions set out in the Schedule.

Dated: 10 March 2011.

JASON R. GORDON,
General Manager,
Wingecarribee Shire Council
(by delegation from the Minister for Roads)

SCHEDULE**1. Citation**

This Notice may be cited as Wingecarribee Shire Council 19 Metre B-Double Route Notice No. 2/2011.

2. Commencement

This Notice takes effect on the date of gazettal.

3. Effect

This Notice remains in force until 30th September 2015 unless it is amended or repealed earlier.

4. Application

This Notice applies to those 19 metre B-Double vehicles where gross weight exceeds 50 tonnes which comply with Schedule 1 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005 and Schedule 2 of the Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2007.

5. Routes

<i>Type</i>	<i>Road No.</i>	<i>Road Name</i>	<i>Starting Point</i>	<i>Finishing Point</i>
19m		Murrimba Road, Penrose	HW2 Hume Highway	Sydney Street
19m		Sydney Street, Wingello	Murrimba Road	Railway Crossing
19m		Railway Crossing, Wingello	Sydney Street	MR7636 Railway Parade
19m	7636	Railway Parade, Wingello	Camden Street	Forest Road
19m		Forest Road, Wingello	Railway Parade	Caoura Road, Wingello State Forest
19m	7636	Penrose Road, Wingello	Camden Street	Penrose Overbridge
19m		Railway Overbridge, Penrose	MR7636 Penrose Road	Kareela Road
19m		Kareela Road, Wingello	Penrose Overbridge	Penrose Forestry Road

ROAD TRANSPORT (GENERAL) ACT 2005

Notice under the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005

CAMDEN COUNCIL, in pursuance of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading, Access) Regulation 2005, makes the amendment in the Schedule to the routes and areas previously specified on or in which 25 metre B-Double vehicles may be used.

Date: 1 December 2010.

GREG WRIGHT,
General Manager,
Camden Council
(by delegation from the Minister for Roads)

SCHEDULE**1. Citation**

This Notice may be cited as the Camden Council 25metre B-Double Repeal Notice No. 01/2011.

2. Commencement

This Notice takes effect on the date of gazettal.

3. Amendment

The General B Double Permit Notice 2005 is amended by omitting the following from appendix 2 of that Notice:

<i>Type</i>	<i>Road</i>	<i>Start-Finish Point</i>
25	Smeaton Grange Industrial Estate, Smeaton Grange	Area bound by Narellan Road, Hartley Road, Anzac Avenue, Anderson Road and Camden Valley Way

ROAD TRANSPORT (GENERAL) ACT 2005

Notice under Clause 20 the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005

CAMDEN COUNCIL, in pursuance of Division 4 of Part 2 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading, Access) Regulation 2005, by this Notice, specify the routes and areas on or in which 25 metre B-Doubles may be used subject to any requirements or conditions set out in the Schedule.

Date: 1 December 2010.

GREG WRIGHT,
General Manager,
Camden Council
(by delegation from the Minister for Roads)

SCHEDULE**1. Citation**

This Notice may be cited as Camden Council 25 Metre B-Double route Notice No. 02/2011.

2. Commencement

This Notice takes effect on the date of gazettal.

3. Effect

This Notice remains in force until 1 September 2015 unless it is amended or repealed earlier.

4. Application

This Notice applies to those 25 metre B-Double vehicles which comply with Schedule 1 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005 and Schedule 2 of the Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2007.

5. Routes

<i>Type</i>	<i>Road Name</i>	<i>Start-Finish Point</i>	<i>Conditions</i>
25	Smeaton Grange Industrial Estate, Smeaton Grange	Area bound by Smeaton Grange Road, Hartley Road, Anzac Avenue, Bluett Drive, Waler Crescent, Anderson Road and Camden Valley Way	Travel on Hartley Road between Narellan Road and 80 Hartley Road between 0700-2200hrs only

ROAD TRANSPORT (GENERAL) ACT 2005

Notice under Clause 20 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005

GLEN INNES SHIRE COUNCIL, in pursuance of Division 4 of Part 2 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading, Access) Regulation 2005, by this Notice, specify the routes and areas on or in which 4.6 metre High Vehicles may be used subject to any requirements or conditions set out in the Schedule.

Dated: 3 March 2011.

HEIN BASSON,
General Manager,
Glen Innes Severn Council
(by delegation from the Minister for Roads)

SCHEDULE**1. Citation**

This Notice may be cited as Glen Innes Severn Council 4.6 Metre High Vehicle Route Notice No. 01/2011.

2. Commencement

This Notice takes effect on the date of gazettal.

3. Effect

This Notice remains in force until 31st December 2013 unless it is amended or repealed earlier.

4. Application

This Notice applies to those 4.6 metre high vehicles which comply with Schedule 1 of the Road Transport (Mass, Loading and Access) Regulation 2005 and Schedule 2 of the Road Transport (Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2007.

5. Routes

<i>Type</i>	<i>Road No.</i>	<i>Road Name</i>	<i>Starting Point</i>	<i>Finishing Point</i>
4.6	450	Rangers Valley Road	New England Highway	1414 Rangers Valley Road, Rangers Valley (Rangers Valley Feedlot Heavy Vehicle Entrance)

ROADS ACT 1993**LAND ACQUISITION (JUST TERMS
COMPENSATION) ACT 1991**

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition and Dedication as
Public Road of land at Aarons Pass in the Mid-Western
Regional Council area

THE Roads and Traffic Authority of New South Wales
by its delegate declares, with the approval of Her
Excellency the Governor, that the land described in the
schedule below is acquired by compulsory process
under the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just
Terms Compensation) Act 1991 for the purposes of the
Roads Act 1993 and further dedicates the land as public
road under Section 10 of the Roads Act 1993.

T D Craig
Manager, Compulsory Acquisition & Road Dedication
Roads and Traffic Authority of New South Wales

SCHEDULE

ALL those pieces or parcels of Crown land situated in
the Mid-Western Regional Council area, Parish of
Tabrabucca and County of Roxburgh, shown as Lots 43
and 45 Deposited Plan 1157172, being parts of the land
in Certificate of Title 7001/1023718.

The land is said to be in the possession of the Crown,
Central North Livestock Health and Pest Authority and
Guy Parsons (Grazing Permit holder).

(RTA Papers: 10M4174; RO 18/308.1189)

Office of Water

WATER ACT 1912

APPLICATIONS for an approval under section 167 (1) of Part 8 of the Water Act 1912, being within a proclaimed (declared) local area under section 5 (4) of the said Act has been received as follows:

Murray River Valley

EDGAR LEWIS PICKLES for a levee (existing) on the Wakool River on Lot 46, DP 751156, Parish Porthole, County Cadell, for the prevention of inundation of land by floodwaters (ref: 50CW805715). (In lieu of previous notice appearing in *NSW Government Gazette* No. 15 dated 18 February 2011).

RONALD EDWARD and CAROLE JOY PAYNE for three levees (existing) on the Wakool River and Unnamed Watercourse on Lot 371, DP 1012863, Parish Mia Mia, County Wakool, for the prevention of inundation of land by floodwaters (ref: 50CW805723).

Any inquiries should be directed to (03) 5898 3900.

Written objections, from any local occupier or statutory authority, specifying grounds and how their interests are affected, must be lodged with the NSW Office of Water, PO Box 205, Deniliquin NSW 2710, within 28 days of the date of this publication. GA819473

LINDSAY HOLDEN,
Senior Licensing Officer

WATER ACT 1912

AN application for an approval under section 167 (1) of Part 8 of the Water Act 1912, being within a proclaimed (declared) local area under section 5 (4) of the said Act has been received as follows:

Murray River Valley

ALAN GEOFFREY and ZELMA LILLIAN BOYD for a levee (existing) on the Niemur River on Lots 38, 63, 64 and 65, DP 756590 and Lot 1, DP 1141322, all Parish Wandaradget, County Wakool, for the prevention of inundation of land by floodwaters (ref: 50CW805717).

Any enquiries should be directed to (03) 5898 3900.

Written objections, from any local occupier or statutory authority, specifying grounds and how their interests are affected, must be lodged with the NSW Office of Water, PO Box 205, Deniliquin NSW 2710, within 28 days of the date of this publication. GA1819476

LINDSAY HOLDEN,
Senior Licensing Officer

WATER ACT 1912

APPLICATIONS under Part 8 of the Water Act 1912, being within a proclaimed (declared) local area under section 5 (4) of the Act.

Two applications for approvals under section 167 (1) of Part 8 of the Water Act 1912, have been received as follows:

Murray River Valley

ROBERT LEWIS and CORALIE ANN BOULTON for earthen access road (existing) on Native Dog Creek on Lots

6 and 89, DP 736348 and Lot 106, DP 1081021, all Parish Wonnue, County Townsend, for the prevention of inundation of land by floodwaters. (Reference: 50CW805716).

COLIN KENNETH MCGILLIVRAY and LEANNE CAHILL for two earthen access roads (existing) on an unnamed watercourse (Blind Creek) on Lot 2, DP 524011, Parish Yathong South, County Urana, for the prevention of inundation of land by floodwaters. (Reference: 50CW805722).

Any enquiries regarding the above should be directed to the undersigned (03) 5898 3900.

Written objections from any local occupier or statutory authority, specifying grounds and how their interests are affected, must be lodged with the NSW Office of Water, PO Box 205, Deniliquin NSW 2710, within 28 days of the date of this publication. (GA1819475).

LINDSAY HOLDEN,
Senior Licensing Officer

WATER ACT 1912

APPLICATIONS under Part 8 of the Water Act 1912, being within a proclaimed (declared) local area under section 5 (4) of the Act.

Two applications for approvals under section 167 (1) of Part 8 of the Water Act 1912, have been received as follows:

Murray River Valley

JEFFREY ROBERT and RAE FREE for a levee (existing) on Speewa Creek on Lot 30, DP756577, Parish Puah, County Wakool, for the prevention of inundation of land by floodwaters. (Reference: 50CW805718).

RUSSELL EDWARD MARTIN for a levee (existing) on Waddy Creek on Lot 42, DP 16554, Parish Willakool, County Wakool, for the prevention of inundation of land by floodwaters. (Reference: 50CW805721).

Any enquiries regarding the above should be directed to the undersigned (03) 5898 3900.

Written objections from any local occupier or statutory authority, specifying grounds and how their interests are affected, must be lodged with the NSW Office of Water, PO Box 205, Deniliquin NSW 2710, within 28 days of the date of this publication. (GA1819477).

LINDSAY HOLDEN,
Senior Licensing Officer

WATER ACT 1912

AN application for a licence, under the section 10 of Part 2 of the Water Act 1912, as amended, has been received as follows:

STEPHEN and ANNETTE MARY BERNADETTE VELLA for a pump on the Hawkesbury River on Part Lot 201, DP 1064646, Parish of Wilberforce, County of Cook, for the irrigation of 10.0 hectares (turf) (part replacement licence and permanent transfer of 65.0 megalitres from 10SL055521) (no increase in annual water entitlement) (not subject to the 2003 Hawkesbury/Nepean Embargo) (Ref:10SL056992).

Any inquiries should be directed to (02) 4729 8122.

Written objections, from any local occupier or statutory authority, specifying grounds and how their interests are affected, must be lodged with the NSW Office of Water, PO 323, Penrith NSW 2751, within 28 days of this publication. GA1819473

JOHN GALEA,
Licensing Officer

WATER ACT 1912

AN application for a licence, under the section 10 of Part 2 of the Water Act 1912, as amended, has been received as follows:

ANDREW JOHN and JULIE ANN KIRK for a pump on Brogo River being Lot 40, DP 844625, Parish of Mumbulla, County of Auckland for water supply for domestic purposes. New license. Partly replacing 10SL055527 due to the permanent transfer of 1.0 megalitre. (exempt from the 2007 South Coast Rivers embargo). Ref: 10SL056991.

Any inquiries should be directed to (02) 4429 4442. Written objections, from any local occupier or statutory authority, specifying grounds and how their interests are affected, must be lodged with the NSW Office of Water, PO Box 309, Nowra NSW 2541, within 28 days of the date of this publication. GA1819472

WAYNE RYAN,
Licensing Officer

Other Notices

APPRENTICESHIP AND TRAINEESHIP ACT 2001

NOTICE is given that the Commissioner for Vocational Training has made Vocational Training Orders for the recognised traineeship vocations of:

- Automotive Administration
- Automotive Aftermarket Manufacturing (Accessory Fitting)
- Automotive Bicycles
- Automotive Marine
- Automotive Mechanical
- Automotive Motorsport
- Automotive Outdoor Power Equipment
- Automotive Retail, Service and Repair
- Automotive Sales
- Automotive Specialist
- Automotive Vehicle Body
- Automotive Vehicle Servicing
- Automotive Warehousing/Distribution Operations,

under section 6 of the Apprenticeship and Traineeship Act 2001.

The Orders specify a number of matters relating to the required training for these vocations, including the term/s of traineeship, probationary period/s, competency outcome/s and course/s of study to be undertaken.

The Orders will take effect from the date of publication in the *NSW Government Gazette*.

A copy of the Orders may be inspected at any State Training Services Regional Office of the Department of Education and Training or on the Internet at https://www.training.nsw.gov.au/cib_vto/cibs/cib_498.html

ASSOCIATIONS INCORPORATION ACT 2009

Cancellation of Incorporation Pursuant to Section 76

TAKE notice that the incorporation of the following associations is cancelled by this notice pursuant to section 76 of the Associations Incorporation Act 2009.

Cancellation is effective as at the date of gazettal.

The Academy of Hermetic Astrology Incorporated – Y2959923

Arising Ministries Incorporated – Inc9887145

The Australian Language Translation and Research Association Incorporated – Inc9876441

The Australian Kuwaiti Friendship Association Incorporated – Inc9875934

The Australian Damara Producers Association Incorporated – Inc9876272

The Australian Arthrogyrosis Group (TAAG) Inc – Y1465227

The Ark, Colo Incorporated – Y1021226

The Ain Ebel Charitable Association Incorporated – Y2581220

Alectown Swimming Pool Association Incorporated – Y2122310

Australian-Asian Cultural Center of the Mission of Tao Incorporated – Y2057925

Australian Youth Clubs Associated Ballroom Dancers Incorporated – Inc9876213

Ashrafal Madaaris Incorporated – Y2859732

Albury-Wodonga Business Enterprise Centre Inc – Y1199806

The Aviation Society Inc – Y1076632

The Australian Turkish Journalists Society Incorporated – Inc9875863

Baulkham Hills Brumbies J.R.L.F.C. Incorporated – Y2936744

Barham Land Care Group Incorporated – Y1902823

Bexley Ethnic Arabic School Incorporated – Y2433435

Bungendore Community Shed Incorporated – Inc9891008

The Bundeena Maianbar Lions Club Incorporated – Y0669848

The Brogo Rivercare Group Incorporated – Y2518325

The Bastable Street Drama Society Incorporated – Inc9875805

B.S.A. Motor Cycle Club Newcastle Incorporated – Y2536421

Banoon Sport and Progress Association Inc – Y1744223

Central Coast Natural Therapists' Association Inc – Inc9874565

The Central Coast Revival Fellowship Incorporated – Inc9874875

Cessna Pilots' Association of Australia Incorporated – Inc9876459

Charlotte Pass Ski Association Incorporated – Y1602642

Citywest Incorporated – Inc9876070

Come Mission Australia Inc – Inc9875968

Corowa Combined Hockey Club Inc – Y1203708

Camden Valley Aeroclub Incorporated – Y2175134

The Clay House Inc – Inc9874202

The Charity Revue Incorporated – Y3038140

The Canopy Foundation Incorporated – Inc9874376

Cootes Advisory Tenants Service Incorporated – Inc9885570

Cessnock Clay Target Club Inc – Y0338437

Chinese Australian Sports Federation Incorporated – Inc9874129

Church of Life Incorporated – Inc9875768

Club Audi Australia Incorporated – Y2964542

Club Laverda NSW Incorporated – Y2050946

Club Nova Cardiff Cricket Club Incorporated – Y2679538

Communal Committee for Distribution of Funds for Needy Jewish Survivors of the Shoah In Australia Inc – Y2966732

Compressed Air Pipe Installers Association Incorporated – Inc9874313

Cooma B M X Club Incorporated – Y2863011

- Cootamundra Turf Club Inc – Y1369416
 Coraki Pool Committee Incorporated – Y2797139
 Corowa Contemporaries Incorporated – Inc9876754
 Cowra & District Junior Rugby League Inc – Y1507436
 Cradle City Country Music Club (Parramatta) Inc – Y1323744
 Croatian Australian Drama Society "Sydney" Incorporated – Inc9875847
 Crookwell Gymnastics Club Inc – Y0428240
 Crookwell Rugby League Football Club Incorporated – Inc9876066
 Croydon Park Christian Life Centre Incorporated – Inc9876683
 Curlewis Golf Club Incorporated – Y2136637
 C.P.G. Media Inc – Inc9875922
 Central West Invitation Pigeon Federation Incorporated – Y2669542
 Central Coast Tenpin Bowling Association Incorporated – Y2698239
 Central Coast Speedway Kart Club Incorporated – Y2817705
 Central Coast Showjumping Club Incorporated – Y2566507
 Central Coast Business Forum Incorporated – Y2722231
 Ccbarc Incorporated – Inc9875659
 Catholic Indonesian Community (C.I.C.) Incorporated – Y2469307
 Castle Hill Physical Culture Club Incorporated – Y2206742
 Canley Heights Chamber of Commerce Incorporated – Y2895238
 Campbelltown Macarthur Soccer Association Incorporated – Inc9874235
 Duval Hockey Club Inc – Y0073745
 Durras Soccer Club Incorporated – Inc9877418
 Dunedoo & District Landcare Group Incorporated – Y2217000
 Dubbo CBD Marketing Group Incorporated – Y2711826
 Drummoyne Foreshores Committee Incorporated – Inc9874666
 Dragon Festival Incorporated – Inc9875799
 Dora Creek Workers Cricket Club Incorporated – Y2911718
 Destiny Southern Suburbs Fertility Awareness Group Incorporated – Inc3413699
 Fairfield Community Arts Network Inc – Y0808816
 Familink Identity Search Service (NSW) Incorporated – Y2978526
 Far South Coast Bass Stocking Association Incorporated – Y2637903
 Federation of International Sports Aerobics and Fitness Incorporated – Y2909502
 Fiji Sikh Association of Australia Incorporated – Inc9875102
 Finley Waterski Club Incorporated – Y2211410
 Fishing for Sick Kids Incorporated – Inc9875865
 Flobamora of New South Wales Incorporated – Inc9874906
 Fluff 'N' Stuff Incorporated – Y2832418
 Flying Forties Incorporated – Inc3441065
 Food Relief & Community Aid Inc. – Y1821921
 Forbes Jazz Festival Incorporated – Inc9874572
 Forbes Kart Club Inc – Y0556817
 Forbes Regional Shooting Complex Incorporated – Inc9874188
 Forbes Town and Country Association Inc – Y0912139
 Free Vietnam Alliance Incorporated – Inc9874750
 Friends of Bonnyrigg Heights P.S. Incorporated – Y1719220
 Friends of Googong Incorporated – Y2824122
 Friends of Horton House Inc – Y1728513
 Friends of Lucas School Association Incorporated – Y1579941
 Friends of Mona Vale Basin Incorporated – Inc9875900
 Friends of Newtown High School of Performing Arts Incorporated – Inc9875833
 Friends of Port Macquarie's Archaeological Heritage Incorporated – Inc9876092
 Friends of Wolli Creek Incorporated – Y2120316
 Frontside Skate Incorporated – Inc9876641
 The Festival of the Valley Incorporated – Inc9874161
 Gospel Economics Inc – Y0076246
 Gospel for the Unreached Incorporated – Inc9874291
 Guildford Raiders Sports Club Inc – Inc9876985
 Hang Seng Friendship Association (Australia) Incorporated – Y2982148
 High Country Community Media Association Incorporated – Inc3435140
 Homeland Environmental Action Team Incorporated – Inc9876169
 Hunter Billy Cart Club Incorporated – Inc9876900
 Ikabema Australian Maluku Community Association Incorporated – Inc3459398
 Illawarra Flame Baseball Club Incorporated – Y2005314
 Indo Muslim Association of Sydney Incorporated – Inc3490537
 Inner Wheel Club of Huskisson Inc – Y0317644
 The International Institute of Psychosomatic Medicine Incorporated – Inc9874728
 International Pro-Tae Kwon Do of New South Wales Association Incorporated – Inc9876318
 Irish Australian Cultural Foundation Incorporated – Inc9875670
 Ju Sarang Church Incorporated – Inc9876786
 King Tomislav Fishing Club Inc – Inc9876353
 Lake Albert Indians Baseball Club Incorporated – Y2782403
 Lions Club of Helensburgh Inc. – Y0875748
 Liverpool Oztog Association Incorporated – Inc9875908
 The Living Water Tabernacle Incorporated – Y2285027
 Loco and Truckies Fishing Club Inc – Y0720935
 Lower Gwydir River Landcare Group Incorporated – Y2520639

Macquarie Hotel Rugby League Football Club Incorporated – Y2671023
 Mal De Mer Longriders Club Inc – Y1597302
 Men's Netball N.S.W. Incorporated – Y2466610
 Methul Rannock Landcare Group Incorporated – Y1536819
 Mowadat Cultural Incorporated – Inc5913801
 Nambucca/Bellingen Cricket Club Inc – Y0461539
 Nambucca River Rugby Club Incorporated – Inc9874221
 Newcastle All Blacks Rugby League Sport and Recreation Club Incorporated – Inc9874146
 Newcastle & Hunter Region German Shepherd Dog Club N.S.W. Incorporated – Y1154004
 New England Merino Sire Evaluation Association Incorporated – Inc9875892
 Newtown Entertainment Precinct Incorporated – Inc9874581
 Northern District Regional Shooting Complex Incorporated – Inc9874915
 Northwest Church Incorporated – Y3038924
 O Bom Pastor Incorporated – Inc9874917
 Pakistani Christian Association of Australia Incorporated – Inc9874726
 Peak Hill Squash Club Inc – Y3017200
 Philippine – Australian Sports & Culture Incorporated – Y1293427
 Polish Group Incorporated – Inc9876091
 Port Macquarie Magpies Cricket Club Inc – Inc9874301
 Racing Training New South Wales Incorporated – Y2719214
 Radical Transmission (Syndicate) Incorporated – Y3049917
 Restoration Christian Fellowship Incorporated – Inc9876118
 Rotary Club of Cardiff Inc – Y1270248
 Rotary Club of Macarthur Sunrise Incorporated – Y2389108
 Rotary Club of Ourimbah Incorporated – Y2675942
 Staff Surveyors' Association of NSW Incorporated – Y2259321
 Woy Woy Sailing Club Inc – Y0826814

Dated 16th day of March 2011.

KERRI GRANT,
 Manager, Legal,
 Registry of Co-operatives & Associations,
 Office of Fair Trading,
 Department of Services, Technology & Administration

ASSOCIATIONS INCORPORATION ACT 2009

Cancellation of Incorporation Pursuant to Section 76

TAKE notice that the incorporation of the following associations is cancelled by this notice pursuant to section 76 of the Associations Incorporation Act 2009.

Cancellation is effective as at the date of gazettal.

St Phillip's Occasional Care Centre Incorporated – Y2367318

Orana Skills Centre Association Incorporated – Inc3496386
 North Lakes Community Centre Incorporated – Inc9876711
 Northern Regions Drug Awareness Centre Inc – Y0173446
 Migrants Welfare Association of Australia Incorporated – Inc9874152
 Compassion For All Welfare Association Incorporated – Inc3491533
 Links FM Incorporated – Inc9876629
 Sydney S.P.I.N. Incorporated – Inc3506183
 Wellington Junior Cricket Association Inc – Y1161646

Dated 14th day of March 2011.

KERRI GRANT,
 Manager, Legal,
 Registry of Co-operatives & Associations,
 Office of Fair Trading,
 Department of Services, Technology & Administration

ASSOCIATIONS INCORPORATION ACT 2009

Cancellation of Incorporation Pursuant to Section 72

TAKE notice that the incorporation of the following associations is cancelled by this notice pursuant to section 72 of the Associations Incorporation Act 2009.

Cancellation is effective as at the date of gazettal.

Tweed Area Computer Tuition Inc – Inc9887644
 Wollongong Sight Impaired Friends Incorporated – Inc9881062
 Campbelltown City Show Society Inc – Y0044509
 Australian Passionfruit Industry Association Incorporated – Y1464720
 Meditation in the Shire Incorporated – Inc9892284
 The Umbrella Foundation Incorporated – Inc9890051
 The Friends of Helios Healthcare Centre Incorporated – Inc9885303
 The Australian and New Zealand Association of Dream Analysts Incorporated – Y2048534

Dated: 11th day of March 2011.

ROBYNE LUNNEY,
 A/Manager, Financial Analysis Branch,
 Registry of Co-operatives & Associations,
 Office of Fair Trading,
 Department of Services, Technology & Administration

ASSOCIATIONS INCORPORATION ACT 2009

Cancellation of Incorporation Pursuant to Section 76

TAKE notice that the incorporation of the following associations is cancelled by this notice pursuant to section 76 of the Associations Incorporation Act 2009.

Cancellation is effective as at the date of gazettal.

Islamic Malay Australian Association of NSW Incorporated – Inc9889020
 Whipcrackin Country Music Club Incorporated – Inc9892448

The Arab Australia League Incorporated –
Inc9881943
Banana Coast Bodyboard Club Incorporated –
Inc9881531
Redeemed Christian Church of God Victory Temple
Sydney Incorporated – Inc9881639
Vietnamese Buddhist Youth Association of NSW
Incorporated – Inc9881647
Proud of Congo Incorporated – Inc9881718
Polish Cultural Events-Kultura Incorporated –
Inc9881831
Qantas Netball Club Incorporated – Inc9881857
Oz Chinese Community Association Incorporated –
Inc9886743
Shellharbour Suns Football Club Incorporated –
Y0586315
Silverdale Progress Association Incorporated –
Y2359904
Grafton District Old People's Welfare Council
Incorporated – Inc9876601
Australian Hoof Care Association Incorporated –
Inc9884070

Dated: 11th day of March 2011.

ROBYNE LUNNEY,
A/Manager, Financial Analysis Branch,
Registry of Co-operatives & Associations,
Office of Fair Trading,
Department of Services, Technology & Administration

ASSOCIATIONS INCORPORATION ACT 2009

Cancellation of Registration pursuant to Section 80

TAKE Notice that JOB SUPPORT INCORPORATED became registered under the Corporations Act 2001, as a company limited by guarantee on 9 March 2011 and accordingly its registration under the Associations Incorporation Act 2009, is cancelled as of that date.

Dated: 15 March 2011.

EMMA-JANE DAY,
NSW Fair Trading

CO-OPERATIVES ACT 1992

Notice Under Section 601AA of the Corporations Act 2001 as Applied by Section 325 of the Co-Operatives Act 1992

NOTICE is hereby given that the Co-operative mentioned below will be deregistered when two months have passed since the publication of this notice:

THE OPTOMETRISTS CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED

Dated this tenth day of March 2011.

R. LUNNEY,
Delegate of the Registrar of Co-Operatives

DISTRICT COURT ACT 1973

District Court of New South Wales

Direction

PURSUANT to section 32 of the District Court Act 1973, I direct that the District Court shall sit in its civil jurisdiction at the place and time shown as follows:

Parramatta, 10:00 a.m., 8 August 2011 (3 weeks),
in lieu of 18 July 2011 (6 weeks).

Parramatta, 10:00 a.m., 26 September 2011 (4 weeks),
sittings cancelled.

Parramatta, 10:00 a.m., 24 October 2011 (5 weeks),
in lieu of 7 November 2011 (3 weeks).

Penrith, 10:00 a.m., 24 October 2011 (2 weeks),
sittings cancelled.

Dated this 9th day of March 2011.

R. O. BLANCH,
Chief Judge

DISTRICT COURT ACT 1973

District Court of New South Wales

Direction

PURSUANT to section 173 of the District Court Act 1973, I direct that the District Court shall sit in its criminal jurisdiction at the place and time shown as follows:

Dubbo, 10:00 a.m., 28 March 2011 (1 week),
in lieu of 28 March 2011 (2 weeks).

Dated this 9th day of March 2011.

R. O. BLANCH,
Chief Judge

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY ACT 1995

Invitation to Comment

Application for Electricity Retail Supplier Licence

THE Tribunal has received an application for an electricity retail supplier's licence under the Electricity Supply Act 1995, from WINenergy Pty Ltd (ACN 112 175 710), to operate in New South Wales.

The Tribunal seeks public submissions on this application. Submissions should address the assessment criteria contained in the Electricity Supply Act.

A copy of this application can be viewed and downloaded from the Tribunal's website at www.ipart.nsw.gov.au.

All submissions should reach the Tribunal by COB 27 April 2011. Please direct all enquiries to Mr Gary Drysdale on (02) 9290 8477. Reference No. 11/57.

Dated: 16 March 2011.

JIM COX, PSM,
Chief Executive Officer
and Full Time Member

Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal,
PO Box Q290, QVB Post Office NSW 1230.

GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES ACT 1966

Notice of Amendment of Address Locality Boundaries in the Wingecarribee Local Government Area

PURSUANT to the provisions of section 10 of the Geographical Names Act 1966, the Geographical Names Board hereby notifies that it has this day amended address locality boundaries in the Wingecarribee Local Government Area to enable the creation of the address locality called Manchester Square as shown on map GNB3728-1.

The position and extent of these features are shown in the Geographical Names Register of New South Wales which can be viewed on the Geographical Names Board's internet site at www.gnb@nsw.gov.au.

WARWICK WATKINS, AM,
Chairperson

Geographical Names Board,
PO Box 143, Bathurst NSW 2795.

NATIONAL PARKS AND WILDLIFE ACT 1974

Lord Howe Island Permanent Park Preserve
Kooraban National Park
Julian Rocks Nature Reserve
Cook Island Nature Reserve
Plans of Management

A plan of management for Lord Howe Island Permanent Park Preserve was adopted by the Minister for Climate Change and the Environment on 17 November 2010. Plans for Kooraban National Park and Julian Rocks Nature Reserve were adopted on 11 January 2011, and a plan for Cook Island Nature Reserve was adopted on 15 February 2011.

Copies of the Lord Howe Island plan may be obtained from the Lord Howe Island Board Administration Building, Bowker Avenue, Lord Howe island (phone 6563 2066). Copies of the Kooraban plan may be obtained from the NPWS office at the corner of Merimbula and Sapphire Coast Drive, Merimbula (phone 6495 5001). Copies of the Julain Rocks and Cook Island plans may be obtained from the NPWS office at 75 Main Street, Alstonville (phone 6627 0200). The plans are also on the website: www.environment.nsw.gov.au.

POISONS AND THERAPEUTIC GOODS ACT 1966

Order under Clause 175 (1)
Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Regulation 2008
Restoration of Drug Authority

IN accordance with the provisions of Clause 175 (1) of the Poisons and Therapeutic Goods Regulation 2008, a direction has been issued that the Order that took effect on and from 2 January 2009, for the withdrawal of authority of Chiara D'ANNUNZIO, (NMW0000001191887) of 22 Errica Street, Greenfield Park NSW 2176, to be in possession of or supply drugs of addiction as authorised by Clauses 101 and 103 of the Regulation shall cease to operate from 11 March 2011.

Dated at Sydney, 7 March 2011.

Professor DEBORA PICONE, AM,
Director-General,
Department of Health, New South Wales

RURAL FIRES ACT 1997

Local Bush Fire Danger Period Variation

PURSUANT to section 82 of the Rural Fires Act 1997 as amended, the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service, following consultation with the local stakeholders, declares the following Local Bush Fire Danger Period Variation:

Area of Variation:

Mid Murray Zone incorporating:

Conargo Shire Council
Deniliquin Council
Jerilderie Shire Council
Murray Shire Council
The Council of the Shire of Wakool

The Local Bush Fire Danger Period has been revoked for the period 13 March until 31 March 2011.

During this period permits pursuant to section 87 of the Rural Fires Act 1997 as amended will not be required for the lighting of fire for the purposes of land clearance or fire breaks.

ROB ROGERS, A.F.S.M.,
Assistant Commissioner,
Director, Operational Services
Delegate

RURAL FIRES ACT 1997

Local Bush Fire Danger Period Variation

PURSUANT to section 82 of the Rural Fires Act 1997 as amended, the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service, following consultation with the local stakeholders, declares the following Local Bush Fire Danger Period Variation:

Area of Variation:

Riverina Zone incorporating:

Coolamon Shire Council
Junee Shire Council
Lockhart Shire Council
Urana Shire Council
Wagga Wagga Shire Council

The Local Bush Fire Danger Period has been revoked for the period 13 March until 31 March 2011.

During this period permits pursuant to section 87 of the Rural Fires Act 1997 as amended will not be required for the lighting of fire for the purposes of land clearance or fire breaks.

ROB ROGERS, A.F.S.M.,
Assistant Commissioner,
Director, Operational Services
Delegate

**STATUTORY AND OTHER OFFICES
REMUNERATION ACT 1975**

Report and Determination Pursuant to Section 14 of the Act in Respect of the Privacy Commissioner

Report:

- On 15 February 2011, the Minister for Public Sector Reform, the Hon. Paul Lynch, M.P., directed the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Tribunal (the Tribunal), pursuant to section 14 (1) of the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975 (SOOR Act), to

- make a determination concerning the remuneration to be paid to the Privacy Commissioner.
2. For remuneration purposes the office of Privacy Commissioner is listed in Schedule 1 of the SOOR Act. This position is not new but was previously scheduled in the SOOR Act as "Full Time Privacy Commissioner". Because a full time appointment had never been made a SOORT determination was not required. The office is now scheduled as Privacy Commissioner which allows the Governor to make either a full time or part time appointment.
 3. The office of Privacy Commissioner is constituted under the Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 (the Act). Various functions are conferred on the Privacy Commissioner, most notably, overseeing government agencies' functions under the Act.
 4. The Privacy Commissioner's principal role is to ensure the privacy of individuals is protected and that personal information is properly and accurately used and stored by agencies.
 5. In many respects the role and responsibilities of the Privacy Commissioner mirror those of the Information Commissioner eg both are required to oversee agency functions under their respective legislation.
 6. The Privacy Commissioner, like the Information Commissioner will have robust investigative powers including the inquiry powers of a Royal Commission. The Privacy Commissioner will, like the Information Commissioner, report annually to Parliament and may make reports and recommendations at any time for legislative and administrative changes to further the objects of the GIPA Act.
 7. The functions of the Privacy Commissioner like the Information Commissioner are overseen by a Parliamentary Committee and both Commissioners are required to produce annual reports. The Office of the Privacy Commissioner is co-located with the Office of the Information Commissioner in the Information and Privacy Commission.
 8. In September 2009, the Tribunal determined the remuneration of the newly created Information Commissioner at \$275,000. As a result of the 2010 SOORT annual review the remuneration for this office has increased to \$286,000 pa. It is proposed, given the similarity of functions by both Commissioners that a similar level of remuneration would be appropriate. In setting the remuneration for this office the Tribunal has had regard to the fact that the Information Commissioner has overall responsibility for the management of the Information and Privacy Commission.
 9. Having regard to the above, and having considered the views of the Assessors, the Tribunal is of the view that the Privacy Commissioner should receive an annual salary of \$276,000 and so determines.

Determination:

Pursuant to section 14 of the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975 the Tribunal determines that the office of Privacy Commissioner shall receive \$276,000 per annum with effect from the date of this determination.

Dated: 25 February 2011.

ALEX SMITH,
Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Tribunal

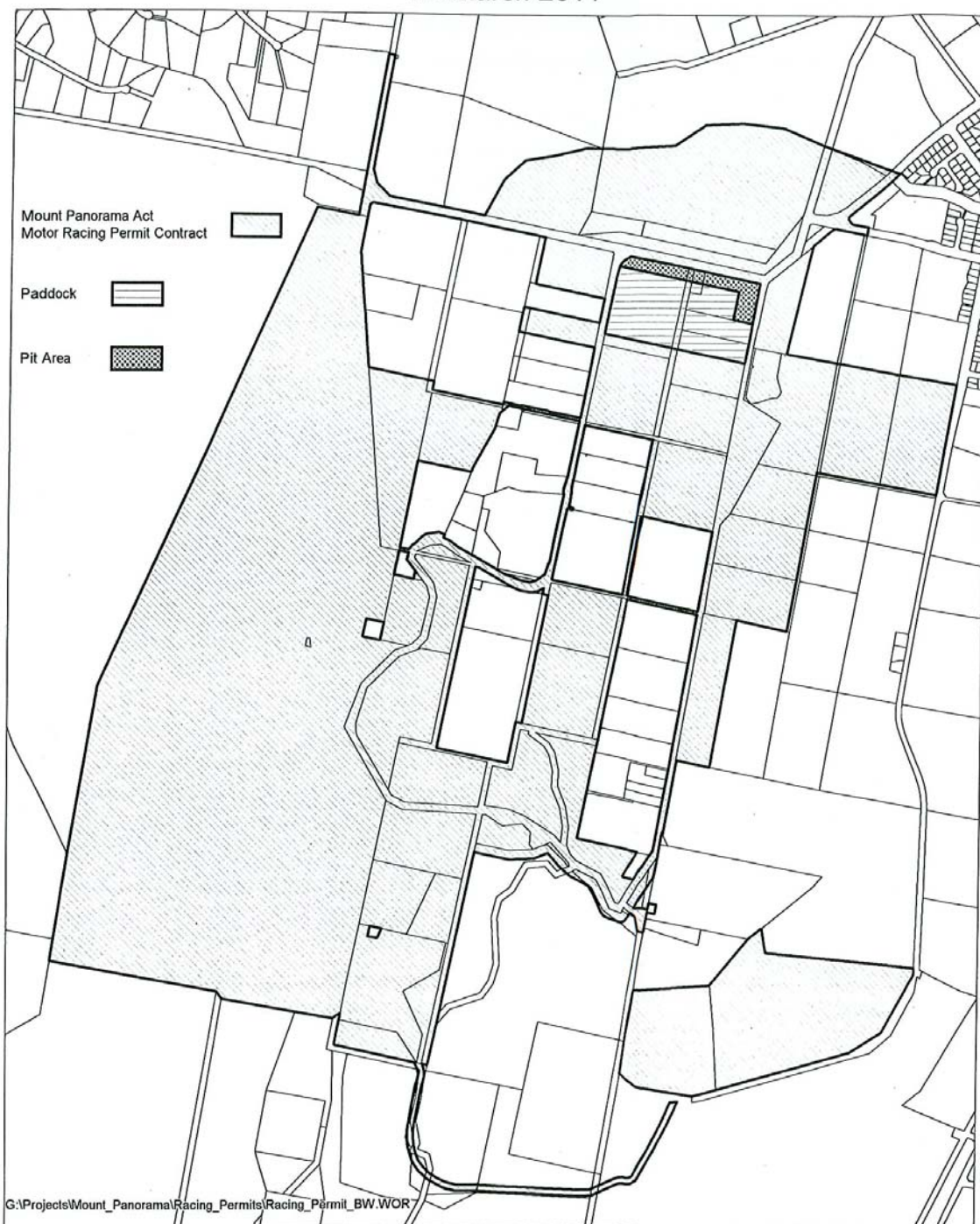
MOUNT PANORAMA MOTOR RACING ACT 1989

Conduct of Motor Racing and Associated Events
Mount Panorama

IN pursuance of the provisions of section 4 of the Mount Panorama Motor Racing Act 1989, I declare that the lands, as shown by hatching on the diagram hereunder, shall constitute the Mount Panorama Circuit for the purpose of motor racing, practice and associated events on Tuesday, 22 March 2011.

DARRYL CLOUT,
General Manager,
NSW Sport and Recreation

BATHURST REGIONAL COUNCIL
Mt Panorama Circuit
Vodafone Driver Swap
22 March 2011



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Bathurst Regional Council expressly disclaims all liability for errors or omissions of any kind whatsoever, or any loss, damage or other consequence which may arise from any person relying on information in this Plan.

Date 17/02/2011

Note: The colours on this Plan do not indicate zones under the Bathurst Local Environmental Plan 1997.

Department of Lands

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS

COUNCIL NOTICES

BALLINA SHIRE COUNCIL

Roads Act 1993, Section 162

Naming of Public Roads

NOTICE is hereby given that Ballina Shire Council in accordance with the Roads Act 1993 and by resolutions dated 23 September 2010 and 16 December 2010 has approved the road names of the following new and renamed roads for gazettal:

<i>Road Location</i>	<i>New Road Name</i>
Road south from the Pacific Highway – North Creek Road intersection and adjacent to ‘Ferngrove Estate’ at Ballina.	Ferngrove Drive.
Road north from Ross Street past Lake Ainsworth and Camp Drewe at Lennox Head.	Camp Drewe Road.
Old Pacific Highway north from Kerr Street, Ballina, through the Cumbalum interchange to the Ross Lane interchange at Tintenbar.	Tamarind Drive.
Road south from Robb Street at Alstonville and Wollongbar (also known as the rural part of Kays Lane).	Norman Jones Lane.
Extension of River Street west from Fishery Creek Bridge to Teven Road interchange at West Ballina.	River Street.
Old Pacific Highway south from Cumbalum interchange (west) linking to Cumbalum Road, at Cumbalum.	Roseville Lane.
Road adjacent to Waverley Park at West Ballina (commonly referred to as part of Smith Drive).	Waverley Place.
Property access road (Koellner) west from old Pacific Highway to Emigrant Creek central at West Ballina and Cumbalum.	Flathead Lane.
Property access road (Sheather) east from old Pacific Highway at Cumbalum.	Albert Sheather Lane.
Property access road south from Albert Sheather Lane at Cumbalum.	Mitchell Close.
Property access road and Pacific Highway southbound exit ramp at Ross Lane interchange east of Pacific Highway at Tintenbar.	Kinvara Ridge Road.
Property access road north from Ross Lane interchange and west of Pacific Highway at Tintenbar.	Saddle Road.
Road linking Rifle Range Road and Sneaths Road at Wollongbar.	Plateau Drive.

P. HICKEY, General Manager, Ballina Shire Council, PO Box 450, Ballina NSW 2478. [5762]

GOLDENFIELDS WATER COUNTY COUNCIL

Local Government Act 1993

Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition of Land

GOLDENFIELDS WATER COUNTY COUNCIL declares with the approval of Her Excellency the Governor, that the land and easements described in Schedule 1 below, excluding the interests described in Schedule 2 below and excluding any mines or deposits of minerals in the land, are acquired by compulsory process in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991, for water supply purposes. P. WEARNE, General Manager, Goldenfields Water County Council, PO Box 220, Temora NSW 2666.

SCHEDULE 1

Lot 7, DP 1160192.

Easement shown as “Z”, in DP 1160192 for access and pipeline 10.08 wide.

Easement shown as “E” in DP 1160192 for electricity purposes 20 wide.

SCHEDULE 2

Easement shown as “F” in DP 1160192 for access and to drain water 5 wide and variable width (2520m) vide DP 879091, 6745156.

Proposed easement shown as “G” in DP 1160192 for access and pipeline 36.985 wide vide DP 614134.

Easement shown as “J” in DP 1160192 for overhead electricity cables 3 wide (75.2m) vide DP 879091, 6745156.

Easement shown as “K” in DP 1160192 for overhead electricity cables 3 wide (48.9m) vide DP 879091, 6745156.

Easement shown as “L” in DP 1160192 5 wide for pipeline (2846m) vide DP 614134, T515333.

Proposed easement shown as “M” in DP 1160192 for pipeline 5 wide vide DP 866919.

Easement shown as “T” in DP 1160192 for access 10 wide and variable vide DP 614134, T515333.

Easement shown as “V” in DP 1160192 for pipeline 5 wide vide DP 614134 and T515333.

Easement shown as “W” in DP 1160192 for access and pipeline 10 wide vide DP 614134 and T515333.

Easement shown as “X” in DP 1160192 for access and pipeline 12 wide vide DP 614134 and T515333.

Easement shown as “Y” in DP 1160192 for access and pipeline 12 wide vide DP 614134 and T515333. [5763]

HURSTVILLE CITY COUNCIL

Notification of Dedication as a Public Road

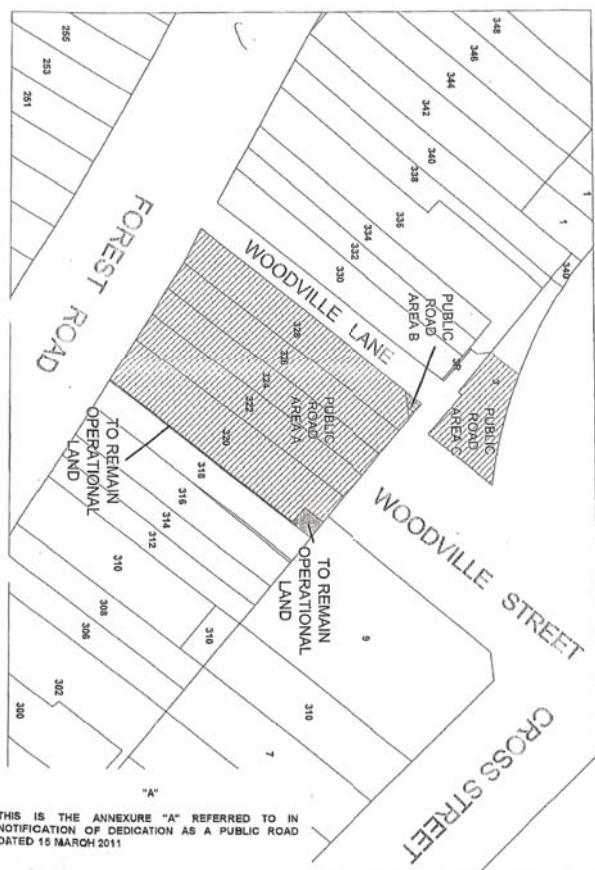
ON 2 March 2011, Hurstville Council resolved to dedicate the land as a public road in accordance with section 16 of the Roads Act 1993.

Descriptions

1. Lot A1 in Deposited Plan 414310 known as 322 Forest Road, Hurstville, being part of Public Road Area A as shown on the attached plan marked "A".
2. Lot 1 in Deposited Plan 318381 known as 324 Forest Road, Hurstville, being part of Public Road Area A as shown on the attached plan marked "A".
3. Lot B in Deposited Plan 318300 known as 326 Forest Road, Hurstville, being part of Public Road Area A as shown on the attached plan marked "A".
4. Lot 7 in Deposited Plan 1098868 known as Lot 328 Forest Road, Hurstville, being part of Public Road Area A as shown on the attached plan marked "A".
5. Part Lot B1 in Deposited Plan 414310 known as 320 Forest Road, Hurstville, being part of Public Road Area A as shown on the attached plan marked "A" (excluding the parts identified as "To Remain Operational Land" on the attached plan marked "A").
6. Part Lot 2 in Deposited Plan 817894 known as 3 Barratt Street, Hurstville, being Public Road Area C as shown on the attached Plan marked "A".

Note: On dedication, title for the land will remain vested in Hurstville City Council as public road.

Dated: 15 March 2011. VICTOR LAMPE, General Manager, Hurstville City Council, PO Box 205, Hurstville BC NSW 1481. [5764]

**KEMPSEY SHIRE COUNCIL**

Local Government Act 1993

Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition of Land

KEMPSEY SHIRE COUNCIL declares with the approval of Her Excellency the Governor that the easement described in Schedule 1 below, excluding the interests described in Schedule 2 below and excluding any mines or deposits of minerals in the land, is acquired by compulsory process in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 for a distribution main for a recycled water treatment plant. Dated at Kempsey this 17th day of March 2011. DAVID RAWLINGS, General Manager, Kempsey Shire Council, 22 Tozer Street, West Kempsey NSW 2440.

SCHEDULE 1

Easement for services 5 wide and variable shown as "G" in DP 1149750.

SCHEDULE 2

Easement for access 10 wide vide DP 709042 shown as "B" in DP 1149750. [5765]

LAKE MACQUARIE CITY COUNCIL

Roads Act 1993, Section 10

Dedication of Land as Public Road

IN accordance with section 10 of the Roads Act 1993, Council dedicates the land held by it and described in the Schedule below as public road. BRIAN BELL, General Manager, Lake Macquarie City Council, Administration Building, Main Road, Speers Point NSW 2284.

SCHEDULE

Lot 101 in Deposited Plan 1131669. [5766]

LIVERPOOL CITY COUNCIL

Naming of Roads

NOTICE is hereby given that Liverpool City Council, in pursuance of section 162 of the Roads Act 1993, has named roads within the Suburb of Carnes Hill:

Landholde	Claim
Dawson	Jeffery
Reibey	Ruse
Savery	Squire
Wild	Crossley
St Luke	Baragal
Kerr	Samuel
Greystanes	Alchemist
Bayhorse	Mary Wade

FAROOQ PORTELLI, General Manager, Liverpool City Council, Locked Bag 7064, Liverpool BC 1871. [5767]

LIVERPOOL PLAINS SHIRE COUNCIL

Local Government Act 1993

Notice of Proposal to Sell Land for Overdue Rates and Charges

NOTICE is hereby given to the persons named hereunder that the Liverpool Plains Shire Council has resolved in pursuance of section 713 of the Local Government Act 1993, to sell the land described hereunder (of which the persons named hereunder appear to be the owners or in which they appear to have an interest) and on which the amount of rates and charges stated in each case as at 9 March 2011, is due:

No.	<i>Owners or persons having interest in land</i>	<i>Description of land, lot and DP</i>	<i>Amount of Rates (including extra charges) overdue for more than five (5) years</i>	<i>Amount of all other rates (including extra charges) due and in arrears</i>	<i>TOTAL (including interest calculated to 9 March 2011)</i>
	A	B	C	D	E
1.	C. E. YOUNG, D. M. JOHNSON and ABORIGINAL & TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER COMMISSION.	Lot 7, DP 705054, Parish Coeypolly, County Buckland.	\$1,248.70	\$9,521.16	\$10,769.86
2.	Est. Late V. D. SAMPSON.	Lot 19, DP 5838, Parish Coeypolly, County Buckland.	\$982.21	\$15,052.70	\$16,034.91
3.	G. W. WHITE, G. E. RILEY and INDIGENOUS BUSINESS AUSTRALIA.	Lot 3, DP 338369, Parish Quirindi, County Buckland.	\$1,889.61	\$12,722.71	\$14,612.32
4.	R. S. BLOMELEY.	Lot 3, section 9, DP 758027, Parish Temi, County Buckland.	\$374.68	\$4,263.26	\$4,637.94
5.	L. L. SCHUBERT and F. M. WHITTEN.	Lot 1, DP 5797, Parish Quirindi, County Buckland.	\$1,012.75	\$8,396.57	\$9,409.32
6.	R. G. RUMBLE and COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA.	Lots 8 and 9, section 30, DP 758863, Parish Quirindi, County Buckland.	\$4,301.48	\$7,592.25	\$11,893.73

In default of payment to Liverpool Plains Shire Council of the amount stated in Column E above and any other rates (including extra charges) becoming due and payable after publication of this notice or an arrangement satisfactory to the Council for payment of all such rates being entered into by the rateable person, before the time fixed for the sale, the said land will be offered for sale by Public Auction by Davidson Cameron Pty Ltd of Quirindi at the Council Chambers situated at 60 Station Street, Quirindi, on Saturday, 9 July 2011, at 10:00 a.m.

Any personal information submitted to Liverpool Plains Shire Council will be dealt with according to the Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998, the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009 and the Local Government Act 1993.

Payments made to Council must be by way of legal tender and made such that the funds are irrevocably cleared to the Liverpool Plains Shire Council by the time and date set for the auction.

Dated: 9 March 2011. ROBERT HUNT, General Manager, Liverpool Plains Shire Council, PO Box 152, Quirindi NSW 2343, tel.: (02) 6746 1755. [5768]

WALGETT SHIRE COUNCIL

Local Government Act 1993

Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991

Notice of Compulsory Acquisition of Land

WALGETT SHIRE COUNCIL declares, with the approval of Her Excellency the Governor, that the land described in Schedule 1 below, excluding the interests described in Schedule 2 below and excluding any mines or deposits of minerals in the land, is acquired by compulsory process in accordance with the provisions of the Land Acquisition (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991 for the provision of community health services and a dementia day care and frail aged care facility.

Dated at Walgett this 3rd day of March 2011. DONALD RAMSLAND, General Manager, Walgett Shire Council, PO Box 31, Walgett NSW 2832.

SCHEDULE 1

Lot 3, DP 1100315.

SCHEDULE 2

Easement for drainage 10 metres wide and variable affecting Lot 3, DP 1100315. [5769]

ESTATE NOTICES

NOTICE of intended distribution of estate. – Any person having any claim upon the estate of BESSIE PEGLER HAY, late of West Ryde, in the State of New South Wales, who died on 4 November 2010, must send particulars of the claim to the legal representative for the estate, c.o. Fordham Lawyers, Solicitors, Highbury, 12 Station Street, West Ryde NSW 2114, not more than 30 days after publication of this notice. After that time the legal representative intends to distribute the property in the estate unless an application or notice of intended application for a family provision order is received by the legal representative. Estate of Bessie Pegler Hay, New South Wales grant made 24 February 2011. FORDHAM LAWYERS, Solicitors, Highbury, 12 Station Street, West Ryde NSW 2114 (PO Box 107, West Ryde NSW 1685) (DX 27551, West Ryde), tel.: (02) 9858 1533. [5770]

NOTICE of intended distribution of estate. – Any person having any claim upon the estate of PETER JOHN EVANS, late of 8 Kanimbla Valley Road, Mount Victoria 2786 in the State of New South Wales, retired public servant, who died on 23 October 2010, must send particulars of his claim to the executors, Barry George Wells and Fay Patricia Wells, c.o. Steve Masselos & Co., Solicitors, PO Box A988, Sydney South NSW 1235, within one (1) calendar month from the publication of this notice. After that time the executors may distribute the assets of the estate having regard only to the claims of which at the time of distribution they have notice. Probate was granted in New South Wales on 22 February 2011, as number 2011/46618. STEVE MASSELOS & CO., Solicitors, 2nd Floor, 114-120 Castlereagh Street, Sydney NSW 2000 (PO Box A988, Sydney South 1235), (DX 305, Sydney), tel.: (02) 8268 3200. [5771]

NOTICE of intended distribution of estate. – Any person having any claim upon the estate of PHILLIP GEORGE EVATT, late of 6/48 Rosemont Avenue, Kelso 2795 in the State of New South Wales, retired judge, who died on 20 March 2010, must send particulars of his claim to the executrices, Anthea Bourne and Philippa Green, c.o. Steve Masselos & Co., Solicitors, PO Box A988, Sydney South NSW 1235, within one (1) calendar month from the publication of this notice. After that time the executrices may distribute the assets of the estate having regard only to the claims of which at the time of distribution they have notice. Probate was granted in New South Wales on 9 December 2010, as number 2010/394247. STEVE MASSELOS & CO., Solicitors, 2nd Floor, 114-120 Castlereagh Street, Sydney NSW 2000 (PO Box A988, Sydney South 1235), (DX 305, Sydney), tel.: (02) 8268 3200. [5772]

NOTICE of intended distribution of estate. – Any person having any claim upon the estate of ALFRED BOYD KENNETH LEWIS, late of Dee Why, retired, who died on 29 October 2010 must send particulars of the claim to the executor, care of HPL Lawyers, within one calendar month from publication of this notice. After that time the executor may distribute the assets of the estate having regard only to the claims of which at the time of distribution she has notice. Probate was granted in New South Wales to Nicola Dorothy Watts on 1 February 2011. HPL LAWYERS, PO Box 705, Freshwater NSW 2096. [5773]

COMPANY NOTICES

NOTICE of intended distribution of trust assets. – Any person having any claim upon the assets of THE KARRATHA PROPERTY TRUST must send particulars of his claim to David Rowland (Company Secretary, The MAC Services Group Pty Limited) at Level 3, 5-13 Rosebery Avenue, Rosebery NSW 2018 within one calendar month from publication of this notice. After that time MSL Nominees (Karratha) Pty Limited (as trustee of The Karratha Property Trust) may distribute the assets of that trust having regard only to the claims of which at the time of distribution it has notice.

NOTICE of intended distribution of trust assets. – Any person having any claim upon the assets of THE NARRABRI PROPERTY TRUST must send particulars of his claim to David Rowland (Company Secretary, The MAC Services Group Pty Limited) at Level 3, 5-13 Rosebery Avenue, Rosebery NSW 2018 within one calendar month from publication of this notice. After that time MSL Nominees (Narrabri) Pty Limited (as trustee of The Narrabri Property Trust) may distribute the assets of that trust having regard only to the claims of which at the time of distribution it has notice.

NOTICE of intended distribution of trust assets. – Any person having any claim upon the assets of:
THE MAC MIDDLEMOUNT PROPERTY TRUST,
THE MAC MUSWELLBROOK PROPERTY TRUST
 (previously **THE MACKAY PROPERTY TRUST AND THE MOUNT ISA PROPERTY TRUST**),
THE WANDOAN PROPERTY TRUST,
THE MAC MIDDLEMOUNT LEISURE CENTRE TRUST
 must send particulars of his claim to David Rowland (Company Secretary, The MAC Services Group Pty Limited) at Level 3, 5-13 Rosebery Avenue, Rosebery NSW 2018

within one calendar month from publication of this notice. After that time MSL Nominees Pty Limited (as trustee of each of the above trusts) may distribute the assets of that trust having regard only to the claims of which at the time of distribution it has notice.

DAVID ROWLAND, Company Secretary, The MAC Services Group Pty Limited, Level 3, 5-13 Rosebery Avenue, Rosebery NSW 2018. [5774]

NOTICE of final meeting of members. – In the matter of the Corporations Act 2001 and in the matter of IMTARVIS PTY LTD (in liquidation), ACN 002 411 243. – Notice is hereby given pursuant to section 509 of the Corporations Act 2001, that the final meeting of the members of the abovenamed company will be held on 18 April 2011, 9:00 a.m., at the office of Crosbie Warren Sinclair, cnr Pacific Highway and Warabrook Boulevard, Warabrook NSW 2304, for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the company disposed of and hearing any explanation that may be given by the liquidator. Dated: 14 March 2011. RENAE KORSMAN, Liquidator, c.o. Crosbie Warren Sinclair, Box 29, Hunter Region Mail Centre NSW 2310, tel.: (02) 4923 4000. [5775]

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